

ENGLISH FILE

Elementary Workbook with key



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OXFORD

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STUDY LINK iChecker

Audio: When you see this symbol fchecker, go to the iChecker disc in the back of this Workbook. Load the disc in your computer.



Type your name and press 'ENTER'.





Click on the exercise for the File. Then use the media player to listen.

You can transfer the audio to a mobile device, e.g. your iPod, from the 'audio' folder on the disc.

File test: At the end of every File, there is a test. To do the test, load the iChecker and select 'Tests'. Select the test for the File you have just finished.



There is also more practice available online at the English File website: www.oup.com/elt/englishfile

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My name's Hannah, not Anna

1 GRAMMAR verb be ±, subject pronouns

a Complete column 1 with the words in the box. Then write the contractions in column 2.

1 Full form	2 Contraction
I am	1I'm
you ²	3
he ⁴	6
6 is	2
it *	9
we 10	11
you 12	13
14 are	15

b Complete the sentences with be. Use a contraction.







students.







2 six, eight, ten, ___

1 ARSAYDUT

2 NYAUDS 3 HRDYTUSA 4 ODNYMA 5 DFARYI 6 DSYFFAWND 7 EUASDTY b Continue the series.



3 twenty, nineteen, _____,

2 VOCABULARY days of the week, numbers 0-20, greetings

a Put the letters in order to make days of the week. Remember to start with a CAPITAL LETTER.

Saturday

1 five, six, seven, eight , nine , ten .

in room 2.



Thursday.



in a taxi.



tourists.



in room 317.



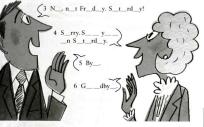
8 Hello in my class

c Complete the dialogues.

- 1 A Hi. Emily. This is Daniel.
 - B Hello, Daniel. _______to _____you.
- 2 A Hi, I'm Pepe. ______'s your _____
 - A ___?
 - B Louisel
 - 3 A Hi, Karl. _____ are you?
 - B I'm fine, thanks. And ______ A Very well, thank you.
 - 4 A What's your phone ____
- **B** It's 07700 900123.
- d Complete the words with a, e, i, o, or u.



2 S__ y__ _n Fr_d_y.



3 PRONUNCIATION vowel sounds, word stress

a Write the words in the chart

in thanks day twelve very

meet fine six man ten eight three well nice

fish tree cat egg train bike

 iChecker Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

- c Underline the stressed syllable in these words.
 - 1 sandwich
 - 2 tennis
 - 3 eighteen
 - 4 thirteen
 - 5 basketball
 - 6 goodbye
 - 7 elmail
- / email
- 8 in ter net
- 9 compulter
- 10 holtel
- iChecker Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

4 LISTENING

iChecker Listen to three conversations.

Choose a, b, or c.

- 1 Sarah's phone number is...
- a 161 469 524.
 - b 116 496 542.
 - c 161 496 542.
- 2 The class on Thursday is in...
 - a room two.
 - b room three. c room five.
- 3 A ham sandwich and a coffee cost...
- a five dollars twenty.
- b four dollars twenty.
- c five dollars ten

USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

Learn these words and phrases.

bye /bai/

fine /fam/

goodbye /god'bai/

hello /həˈləu/

sorry /'spri/

thank you /'θæŋk ju:/

thanks /0ænks/

thanks /0æŋks/

very well /'veri wel/ How are you? /hao q: 'ju/

Nice to meet you. /'nais to 'mist ju/

5

B All over the world

T.	GRAMMAR	verb be 🖆 and 🕒	

a	C	Complete B's sentences.						
	1	A Prague is in Hungary. B It isn't in Hungary, it's in the Czech Repu	ublic.					
	2	A Lady Gaga is British. B	America					
	3	A He's German. B	Swiss					
	4	A Istanbul and Ankara are in Greece. B	Turke					
	5	A We're in room 219.	room 309					
	6	A Parmesan is from France. B	Ital					
	7	A You're Brazilian. B	_Argentinia					
	8	A Enrique Iglesias is American. B	Spanish					
ь	0	order the words to make questions.						
		your 's name What What's your name						
	2	she / Where / 's / from						
	3	America / from / they / South / Are						
	4	4 five / room / we / in / Are						
	5	5 holiday / you / Are / on						
	6	6 from / he / Poland / Is						
c	M	fatch these answers to the questions in b .						
		Yes, he is.						
		No, I'm not.						
		She's from Italy.						
	d	No, we aren't.						

2 VOCABULARY the world, numbers 21-100

a	Complete the sentences with a	a country or a nationality.
	1 Ivana is from Russia. She's _	Russian .

- 2 Bratwurst is German. It's from Germany .
- 3 Aki is from Japan. He's _____.
- 4 My friends are Hungarian. They're from
- 5 Maria is from Mexico. She's
- 6 Fiat cars are Italian. They're from ______.
 7 Paella is from Spain. It's _____.
- 8 We're Egyptian. We're from ______.
- b Complete the dialogues with a continent.

1	A	Where's	Spain?

- B It's in _____
- 2 A Where's Japan? B It's in
- 3 A Where's Brazil? B It's in____
- 4 A Where's Canada? B It's in ____
- 5 A Where's Egypt? B It's in
- c Complete the compass.
- d Write the numbers in words.
 - 1 27 __twenty-seven_
 - 3 40 4 48
 - 5 56 ______ 6 62 _____
 - 7 74 8 85
 - 9 99
 - 10 100

e Yes, they are. f Michael.

3 PRONUNCIATION /a/, /tf/, /f/, /dz/

- a Circle the syllable with /ə/ in these words.
- 1 Africa
 - 2 Chi|na
 - 3 Gerlmalny
 - 4 Irelland
 - 5 Europe
 - 6 Poland
 - 7 Itally
- b | Checker Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.
- c Circle the word with a different sound.

S	1 Polish Egyptian Swiss	
shower		
chess	2 Czech English French	
Shower	3 Turkish Russian Chinese	
d3,	4 Spanish Japanese Argentin	nia

d iChecker Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

5 LISTENING

(Checker Listen and complete the dialogues.

1	A Are you	?
	B No, I'm Polish. I'm fi	rom Kraków.
2	A Where are you from	n?
	B We're	We're from
		We're on holiday in Europe.
3	A Where's he from? I	s he?
	B No, he isn't. He's _	
4	A Mmmm, delicious.	ls it?
	D 81- 16116 161-	

USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

Learn these words and phrases.

flag /flæg/

language /'længwidʒ/

Excuse me... /tk'skju:z mi:/

I'm from... /'aim from/
All over the world. /ɔːl 'əoyə ðə 'wɜːld/

I'm not sure. /aim not fo:/

Where are you from? /weə(r) a: ju 'from/

4 READING

Read about three people: Yin, Moira, and Fadil. Write T (true) or F (false).

- 1 Moira is a teacher.
 2 Fadil is a student.
- 3 Moira is twenty-eight.4 Yin is a teacher.
- 5 Yin is from Asia.6 Fadil is nineteen.
- 7 Yin is twenty-eight.
- 8 Moira is British.
- ght. he Ch



This is Yin. He's 19 and he's a student. Yin is Chinese. He's from Shanghai, a big city in the East of China.



This is Moira. She's an English teacher and she's 28. Moira is Irish. She's from Galway, a city in the West of Ireland.



This is Fadil. He's Egyptian. He's from Alexandria, an important city in the North of Egypt. Fadil is 25 and he's a receptionist in a hotel.

Open your books, please

- 1 GRAMMAR possessive adjectives: my, vour, etc.
- a Complete the chart.

Subject pronouns	Possessive adjectives
I	1
2	your
he	3
4	her
5	its
we	6
you	7
8	their

- b Complete the sentences with a possessive adjective.
 - Her name's Teresa.
 - name's Edward.
 - 3 We're students. teacher's name is Matt.
 - 4 I'm Irish. ______ family are from Dublin.
 - 5 It's a Chinese restaurant. ______ name is Merry City.
 - 6 A What's _____ phone number?
 - B My mobile number? It's 07700 900156.
- 7 They're Scottish. _____ surname's MacLeod.
- c Order the words to make questions.
 - 1 first / her / What's / name A What's her first name ?
 - B Sandra.
- 2 teacher / Where / from / your / 's
 - B The United States.
 - 3 he / student / ls / a

 - B. No, he isn't.
 - 4 you / old / How / are
 - 5 surname / spell / do / How / you / your
 - B C-O-O-M-B-S.

2 INSTRUCTIONS IN YOUR BOOK

Match the words to the pictures.

- a complete
 - b underline
 - c match d circle
- e ask your partner
- f cross
 - g cover the text
 - h number
 - j cross out





















3 VOCABULARY classroom language

- a Complete the sentences.
 - 1 Close the door.
 - and repeat.
 - 30 __your books, please.
 - 4 W in pairs. 5 A
 - the question. off your mobile.
 - 7 L at the board.
 - 8 G to page 94.
- b Order the words to make sentences.
 - 1 don't / I / know
 - I don't know.
 - 2 do / How / it / you / spell
 - 3 don't / I / understand
 - 4 you / that, / can / please / repeat / Sorry,
 - 5 in / English / Excuse / what's / me, / 'vacaciones'
 - 6 remember / I / can't
- 4 PRONUNCIATION /au/, /u:/, /a:/;

the alphabet

a Circle the word with a different vowel sound.

phone	know	don't	North
boot	two	South	you
Car	Asia	France	answer
phone	go	cl o se	do

iChecker Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

c Circle the letter with a different vowel sound.

eI train	TI tree	boot	egg	aI
н	С	Q	F	E
J	P	U ,	A	1
G	S	0	M	Y

iChecker Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the letters.

5 LISTENING

iChecker Listen to the dialogue at a hotel reception desk. Complete the form.

First name	1.	Erik
Surname	2	
Country	3	
City	4	Perth
Address	5	Atkinson Road
Postcode	6	
Email address	7	
Phone number	8	61
Mobile number	9	61

USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

Learn these words and phrases.

address /a'dres/

age /eid3/

postcode /'paostkaod/ receptionist /ri'sep[ənist/

student /'stju:dnt/

surname /'sameim/

first name /'fa:st neim/

mobile phone /'mpobail foon/

phone number /'faon namba/

How old are you? /hao 'pold a: ju/

I'm 22. /aim twenti 'tu:/



Practical English Arriving in London

1 VOCABULARY in a hotel

Complete the words.







5	6

1	the iji		**
2	a s	room	5
3	a d	room	6

1	5	r	
n	6	the ar	á

2 CHECKING IN

Complete the conversation with the phrases in the box.

Just a second... Thank you That's right

- A Good evening, sir.
- B Hello. 1 I have a reservation . My name's Carl Zimmerman.
- A Can you spell that, please?
- B Z-I-M-M-E-R-M-A-N.
- A Thank you. For three nights?
- A Can I have your passport, please?
- Here you are.
- Thank you. Here's your key. It's room 403, on the fourth floor. The lift is over there. Enjoy your stay, Mr Zimmerman.

3 SOCIAL ENGLISH

Complete the missing words in the dialogue.

- 1 A Who is it?
 - B This is David Barnsley.
- 2 A Where are you from? B I'm from Boston, What a
- 3 A Sorry.
- B No pr
- 4 A Hello? B Is th
- 5 A Are you on holiday?
- B No. I'm here on b.
- 6 A Is 10.30 OK for you?
- B That's p
- 7 A Would you like another drink? B No thanks. It's t for bed.

4 READING

- a Match the hotels to the people. Write the numbers in the boxes.
 - Antonia and James want to have a relaxing weekend.
 - 2 Mr Edwards wants to have a two-day meeting with managers from other European offices.
 - 3 The Scott family want to go to London and visit



Bath Road Haves UB3 5BP

Conference centre Restaurants and bar Wi-fi connection 2 km from Heathrow Airport



Chandler's Cross Hertfordshire WD3 4TG

Room service Golf course Television 29 km from Central London

At-Home Bed and Breakfast

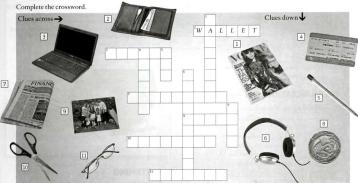
20 Denbigh Road Ealing London W13 80B

- 2 triple rooms, 2 double rooms, and I single room
- Garden ■ Wi-fi connection
- Television ■ Free parking
 - Close to central London
- b <u>Underline</u> five words or phrases you don't know. Use your dictionary to look up their meaning and

pronunciation.

2A A writer's room

1 VOCABULARY things



- 2 GRAMMAR a / an, plurals; this / that / these / those
- a Write It's + a | an or They're.
 - 1 <u>It's a</u> purse.
 - 2 <u>They're</u> pens. 3 <u>diary.</u>
 - 3 ______diary.
 4 _____umbrella.
 5 _____stamps.
 - 6 keys.
 7 identity card.
 - 8 _____pencil.
- b Write each word in its plural form in the correct column.

pencil city coin ticket diary watch window address sandwich country class dictionary

-S	-es	-ies	
coins	addresses	cities	

c Complete the sentences with this, that, these, or those.



1 That's a French newspaper.



2 _____ watch is Swiss.



3 _____ are my headphones!



4 ______book is good.



5 _____ are your keys.

d Complete the chart.

Singular	Plural
man	
	women
person	
	children

- $e \quad \text{Complete the sentences with a word from the chart in } \boldsymbol{d}.$
 - Her mother is a very nice <u>person</u>.

 My English teacher is a _____. His name's William.

 I have two ____. My first _____ is si
 - years old.
 4 Many British drink tea.
 - 5 Not those toilets, Mr Davis! They're for

3 PRONUNCIATION final -s and -es; th

a Circle the word which ends in /1z/.

	1	coins	wallets	purses
	2	classes	files	scissors
	3	stamps	books	addresses
	4	photos	watches	headphones
	5	tissues	pens	sandwiches

- 6 magazines glasses newspapers
 b fichecker Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.
- c Circle the word with a different sound.

ð mother	1 that they thanks
ethumb	2 thing thirty these
ð mother	3 three this the
ethumb	4 Thursday those thirteen

d iChecker Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

4 READING

Read the text and label the pictures.

The **top five** things in people's bags

Keys are at the top of the list. They can be house keys, car keys, or office keys. Next are pens, to write down names, numbers, and email addresses. Number three on the list is a packet of tissues. These can be white or different colours, like pink or yellow. Next is medicine, for example paracetamol for a bad head. Receipts are number five on the list. These are small pieces of paper from shops.



5 LISTENING

iChecker Listen to four people talking about things they have in their bags. Which person...?

- 1 has a book in his / her bag which helps him / her speak to people
- 2 has something to listen to music
- 3 changes bags every day
- 4 has a computer in his / her bag

USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

Learn these words and phrases.

lamp /læmp/ room /ru:m/ tidy /'taɪdi/

untidy /\n'taidi/

What's this in English? /wots dis in 'inglish'

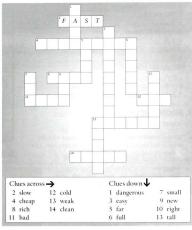
Stars and stripes

1 GRAMMAR adjectives

- a (Circle) the correct words.
 - 1 They're jeans blue | blue jeans.
 - 2 It's a nice day / day nice.
 - 3 My sisters are very tall / very talls.
 - 4 That's a car fast / fast car.

 - 5 These are goods photos | good photos.
 - 6 Those boots are quite cheap / quite cheaps.
 - 7 It's a big house / house big.
 - 8 Her children aren't very olds / very old.
- b Order the words to make sentences.
 - 1 blue / This / is / a / pen This is a blue pen
 - 2 expensive | an | That's | watch
 - 3 quite / My / long / hair / is
 - 4 rich / very / is / woman / That
 - 5 boots / really / Your / dirty / are
 - 6 city / This / a / dangerous / is
 - 7 very / book / good / That / isn't / a
 - 8 near / house / quite / is / His
- 2 VOCABULARY colours adjectives, modifiers: quite / very / really
- a Write the colours.
- 1 blue + yellow = __green
 - 2 black + white =
 - 3 red + yellow =
 - 4 white + red
- 5 red + green

b Complete the crossword. Write the opposite adjectives.



c Match the pictures to the sentences. Write the letter in the box.



- 1 She's thin, with long hair. 2 He's tall, with short hair.
- 3 He's quite old, and good-looking.
- 4 She's young, with blonde hair.
 - 5 He's short, with dark hair. 6 She's quite fat, and she's beautiful.

d Look at the information and write sentences with quite or very.

	Rob	Neil	Jim
Age	15	65	85
Height	2 metres	1 metre 60	1 metre 80
Weight	150 kilos	90 kilos	55 kilos

Age (old / young)

- 1 Rob is quite young .
- 2 Neil is quite
- 3 Jim is

Height (tall / short)

- 4 Rob
- 5 Neil
- 6 lim
- Weight (fat / thin)
- 7 Rob
- 8 Neil_
- 9 lim
- 3 PRONUNCIATION long and short

vowel sounds

a Make phrases with an adjective and a noun with the same vowel sound. Write the phrases in the chart. Use a | an with singular nouns.

Adjectives blue clean dark fat good long big small Nouns book city door car jeans man shoes song

I fish	1a big city	Ď clock	5
1X tree	2)I horse	6
æ	3	bull	7
QI car	4	boot	8

 General Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

4 READING

Read the text and write T (true) or F (false).

- 1 The Walk of Fame is in the UK.
- 2 It's a short street.
- 3 Every year there are more stars.
- 4 The stars are for famous actors.
- 5 Michael Jackson has more than one star.
- 6 Only real people can have a star.

THEHOLLYWOOD WALK OF FAME

Hollywood is a district of Los Angeles in California, USA. The Walk of Fame is in the centre of the district on Hollywood Boulevard and Vine Street. It is over two kilometres long, and has more than 2.400 stars. There are more than 20 new stars every year.

The stars are in five different types: film, TV, music, radio, and theatre. Some famous people have more than one star, for example Michael packson. He has two stars: one as a solo artist, and one as a member of the Jackson Five. But the Walk of Fame isn't only for real people. Mickey Mouse has a star and more recently, Shrek.

5 LISTENING

iChecker Listen to five speakers describing celebrities with Hollywood stars. Which speaker describes...?

- A a short singer with blonde or brown hair
- B a quite old American actor with dark eyes
- C a tall, good-looking man with brown eyes
 D an actor and musician with blue eyes
- E a British woman with green eyes

USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

Learn these words and phrases.

actor /ˈæktə/ actress /ˈæktrəs/

eyes /aiz/

hair /heə/

musician /mjuˈzɪʃn/ politician /poləˈtɪʃn/

sportsman //spo:tsman/

sportswoman /sportswoman/

singer /'siŋə/ about (50) /ə'baot/ famous /'feiməs/

What colour is it? (wpt 'kalə(r) ız ıt/

2C After 300 metres, turn left

1 GRAMMAR imperatives, let's

a Complete the sentences with a verb in the box. Use a # or a = imperative.

be close come drink park slow speak turn worry

1 The city is dangerous at night. Please <u>be</u> careful.

2 It's cold in here. Please ______ the window.

3 It isn't a problem. Please ______ about it.

4 This is an English class. Please _____ Spanish.

5 Their house is quite near. Please down.

6 _____ on! We're late!

7 This is a bus stop. Please ______ here.
8 that water - it's dirty.

9 This music is terrible. Please it off.

b Match the sentences to the pictures.

A Let's park here.
B Let's go home.
C Let's eat lunch there.

D Let's cross the road here.
E Let's go to a hotel.
F Let's turn on the air conditioning.













2 VOCABULARY feelings

Write a sentence from the box.

Fm-angry: I'm bored. I'm cold. I'm happy. I'm hot. I'm hungry. I'm sad. I'm stressed. I'm tired. I'm thirsty. I'm worried.

1 My friend is late. <u>I'm angry.</u>
2 It's 3°C.
3 It's my birthday!

4 My mother is in hospital.

5 It's time for dinner. ____

6 I don't know what to 7 It's 42°C.

8 It's very late.

9 My boyfriend is very far away.

10 I want a drink.

11 I have a lot of work.

3 PRONUNCIATION understanding

connected speech

a Practise saying the sentences.

Look at those children.
 Turn off the TV.

2 Turn off the 1

3 Let's ask that man.

4 Don't open the window. 5 Let's eat at home.

6 Six an abia abaix

6 Sit on this chair.

b GChecker Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the sentences. c Complete the chart with the words in the box.

angry fat happy have hungry matter Monday one sad ugly worried young



d iChecker Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

4 READING

 Read the article about tips for a long car journey. Match the headings to the paragraphs.

Have fun! Is your car ready? Plan your journey Make sure everything is in the car Keep awake!

A Plan your journey

Look at a map before you go. Think about the time you need to arrive at your destination, and places where perhaps there is a lot of traffic.

1

Accidents sometime happen because cars are in bad condition. Check the engine, the lights, and the wheels. Take the car to the garage if necessary.

. .

Put your bags and everything you want to take with you in the hall the night before. Don't forget essential documents like passports or identity cards, and of course your driving licence.

• D

Being tired is very dangerous for drivers. If you are tired, stop at a service station. Have a coffee, or sleep for 15 minutes. In the car, open the windows and turn the radio on.

• F

Children are often difficult during long journeys. Take games, for example computer games or word games, and iPods to listen to music. And don't forget things to eat and drink.

 Underline five words you don't know. Use your dictionary to look up their meaning and pronunciation in a dictionary.

5 LISTENING

iChecker Listen to the dialogues and choose a, b, or c.

- 1 Where are they?
- a at an airport
- b at home
- c in a restaurant
- 2 Where are they?
- a in a hotel
 - b in a car
 - c in a restaurant
- 3 Where are they?
 - a in a plane b in a hotel
 - c in a car
- 4 Where are they?
- a in a restaurant
- b at home
- c in a car
- 5 Where are they?
- a in a hotel
- b at an airport
- c at home
- c at home

USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

Learn these words and phrases.

jacket /'dzækit/

sign /sam/

skirt /skæt/

trousers /'trauzəz/

uniform /'ju:nifo:m/

great (opposite terrible) /qreit/

left (opposite right) /left/

park (verb) /pa:k

smoke /smaok/

stop /stop/

with /wi0/

Be quiet! /bi: 'kwaiət/

Don't worry. doont 'wari/

Slow down. /sloo 'daon/

turn on (opposite turn off) /'ta:n on/

iChecker (TESTS) FILE 2

Things I love about Britain

1 VOCABULARY verb phrases

Complete the verb phrases.

	dinner economics exercise German a new car a newspaper sorry an umbrel
1 cook	dinner
2 study	
3 speak	
4 read	
5 say	
6 wear	
7 do	
8 like	

2 GRAMMAR present simple ± and -

a Circle the correct words.

9 want

10 take

- 1 A lot of British people (drink) drinks tea.
- 2 It don't rain | doesn't rain a lot in my country.
- 3 You live / lives in a beautiful house.
- 4 The weather change | changes quickly in Britain.
- 5 My father don't cook / doesn't cook.
- 6 My boyfriend don't wear / doesn't wear glasses.
- 7 People don't have | doesn't have ID cards in Britain.
- 8 We need / needs a new computer.
- 9 My English friend make / makes good coffee. 10 I don't do / doesn't do exercise.
- b Look at the chart and complete the sentences.

	Ryan	Kim	
eat fast food	1	×	
wear jeans	×	1	
drink mineral water	1	1	
do housework	1	X	
play the guitar	×	X	

1	Ryan	eats	fact	food.
	Kyan_	ears	_ last	roou.

2 Ryan	jeans.

- 3 Ryan and Kim mineral water. 4 Kim housework.
- 5 Ryan and Kim_
 - the guitar.

- fast food.
- 8 Ryan _____

c Complete the sentences.

1 I don't play (not play) tennis.

They	(not go) to the cinema.
She	(have) two children.

- 4 Her father __ (not work) in an office.
- 5 It (rain) a lot.
- 6 We ___ (live) in a big flat. 7 My girlfriend ___ (not speak) English.
- 8 My friends (study) at York University.
- 9 You (not do) your homework.

3 PRONUNCIATION vowel sounds:

third person -s

- a Say the words. Is the vowel sound the same or different? Write S (the same) or D (different).
 - take 1 sav 2 do go 3 drink live
 - 4 want have 5 give drive
 - 6 call walk 7 read
 - 8 feel wear 9 play watch
 - like 10 buy
- iChecker Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

c (Circle) the word which ends in /1z/.

1	likes	works	(dances)
2	lives	drinks	watches
3	drives	finishes	plays
4	uses	takes	speaks
5	studies	listens	kisses

iChecker Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

4 READING

- a Read the text. Match the headings (A-D) to the paragraphs.
 - A A nice cheap place to spend a morning
 - B. Have a nice meal and make new friends
 - C Yes we can!
 - D Shopping is so easy



Things I love about the US

Sarah Araf is British but she lives in Ohio, in the US. Here are some things she loves about living there.

In the US, the customer is really important. When you walk into a store, the staff greet you with a smile and ask 'How are you?'. The customer is always right too. If you have a problem with something, you take it back and they solve the problem quickly. You don't need to complain. You don't even need to have the receipt.

I love real American coffee shops. Not chains like Costa and Starbucks, but those old-fashioned places where the waitresses come to your table and call you 'honey'. You pay a dollar for coffee, and you can drink as much as you like. You can also stay as long as you like. You can sit there all day and read a book for the price of a cup of coffee.

Eating out here isn't as expensive as in the UK, so we go out quite a lot. People are very friendly here too. When you go to a bar or a restaurant, you often have a conversation with the people at the next table. It's really nice.

Everyone is so optimistic here! They believe that everything is possible if you work hard. If you say 'We can't do that', they say, 'Why not?'!

b Guess the meaning of the highlighted verbs. Check in your dictionary.

5 LISTENING

iChecker Listen to the three speakers talking about Britain. Answer the questions with H (Hannah), A (Anna), or R (Roberta).







Roberta, Italy

Who ...?

- 1 doesn't like the food
- 2 likes eating food from many different countries
- 3 likes the atmosphere at work
- 4 likes the parks
- 5 thinks the traffic is terrible
- 6 thinks that people are nice to foreigners

USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

Learn these words and phrases.

love /lav/

rain /rein/

buy (opposite sell) /bai/

call /ko:l/ change /tfeind3/

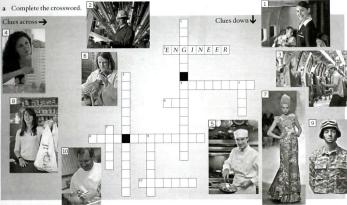
feel /fi:1/

need /ni:d/ prefer /pri'fa:/

pay /pei/

Work and play

1 VOCABULARY jobs



Complete the job descriptions with a verb from the box

	omplete the job descriptions with a vero from the box.	c mile cross on
٧	work earn speak drive have work travel wear	1 footballer 2 manag
1	'13_work_ inside and outside during the day or at night. 12a car and sometimes I walk along the street. 1 don't 3a lot of money. I 4a uniform:	3 administrat d Complete the sentence the box.
2	Twork in an office with a computer, or outside with other people. French and Spanish and I sometimes to different countries. I don't wear a uniform. for a newspaper.'	a an at for in re 1 He studies economic 2 My brother is 3 We work
3	'I wear a uniform and I work with other people. I * special qualifications, but I don't * a lot of money. I work during the day or at night, but I don't work outside.	company. 4 I don't have a job. I'm 5 Paola is

Match the descriptions to a job.

a	journalist	a nurse	a policeman	

c \	Vrite -er or -or.

1	rootban <i>er</i>	4	wan	
2	manag	5	doct	
3	administrat	6	build	

He st						unemploy	
	udie	sec	ono	mics	al	univers	sity.
My bi	roth	er is				eng	gineer
						an Ame	rican
I don'	t ha	ve a	job.	I'm_			
Paola	is_					reception	nist.
	We w comp I don' Paola	We work company I don't ha Paola is _	We work company. I don't have a Paola is	We work company. I don't have a job. Paola is	We work company. I don't have a job. I'm _ Paola is	We work company. I don't have a job. I'm Paola is	We work an Ame

e Complete the words.







1 jacket

2 sh









5

2 GRAMMAR present simple ?

- a Complete the questions with Do or Does.
- 1 __Do__ you work in an office?
 - your parents speak foreign languages?
 - your sister drive?
 - you have special qualifications?
 - your mother work? 5
 - James travel a lot?
 - vour father earn a lot of money?
 - they wear a uniform?
 - Ann walk to work?
- you work at weekends?

the questions to the answers.

- b Complete the questions with does, do, is, or are. Then match
 - 1 What does she do? c a He's an actor.

 - 2 What __ they do? b In a restaurant – she's a waitress.
 - 3 _____ he a builder? c She's a doctor.

 - 4 What you do? d No, they're lawyers.
 - 5 they policemen? e. I'm a hairdresser.
 - 6 Where she work? f No, he's an engineer.
 - she a student?
 - g They're pilots.
 - 8 What he do? h No. she's a teacher.

3 PRONUNCIATION word stress: /a:/

- Underline the stressed syllable.
 - 1 administrator 6 moldel

 - 2 architect 7 mulsilcian
 - 3 denitist 8 pilot
 - 4 footballer 9 policelman
 - 5 hairldressler 10 soldier
 - Checker Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

c	Circle five more words with /3:/ and write them
	in the chart.

doctor (earn) engineer far hairdresser nurse journalist service short sure thirsty tired worker worried

-2°	earn	
		Discount of the last of the la
bird		

ichecker Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

LISTENING

iChecker Listen to a contestant on a quiz show and circle his job.

> administrator dentist flight attendant lawyer nurse receptionist vet

Checker Complete the questions with the verbs in the box. Then listen again and check.

earn	have	make	speak	travel	wear	work
1	Оо уои	make	things?			
2				spec	cial qua	lification
3				fore	ign lan	guages?
4				a un	iform	
5				for	your w	ork?
6				a lo	of mo	ney?
7				with	other	people?

USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

Learn these words and phrases.

jacket /'daækit/

qualifications /kwplifi'ker[nz/

skirt /ska:t/ trousers /'traozaz/

comfortable /'kamftəbl/

foreign (languages) /'forən/

earn money /3:n 'mAni/ It depends. /it di'pendz/

Love online

GRAMMAR word order in questions

- Order the words to make questions.
- 1 heavy / like / you / metal / Do
- Do you like heavy metal
- 2 the / do / at / do / What / weekend / you
- 3 kind / What / do / books / read / you / of
- 4 drink / want / another / you / Do
- 5 a / Are / flight / you / attendant
- 6 live / Where / do / Bristol / you / in
- 7 is / favourite / Who / writer / your
- 8 old / How / you / are
- 9 iPad/have/you/an/Do 10 your / nice / Is / salad
- b Martin and Beth are new friends. They go for a drink. Complete the questions.
 - M So, Beth, 1 where do you live ? B In North London, In a big flat. with your parents? B No, I live with my sister. 3 brothers and sisters? M I have a sister, She's 23.
- B 4 a student?
 - M No. she works. She's a shop assistant. B What about you? 5
 - M In a hotel.
 - __your job?
 - M Yes, I do, I love it!

2 VOCABULARY question words

How How many What What kind When

Where Which Who Why

Complete the questions with the question words in the box.

1 A How do you go to work? B By car. car do you drive? B A Mini. do you work? B In a factory. do you go to the gym? B On Tuesdays and Thursdays. do you prefer, the cinema or the theatre?

- B The theatre, I think. of music do you like?
- B Rock.
- _CDs do you have? B About a hundred.
- is your favourite singer? B Rihanna.
- do you like her? B Because she has a great voice.
- 3 PRONUNCIATION guestion words; sentence stress
- a Match the question words 1-7 to the words with the same sounds a-g.

1 why a you 2 which b hot 3 who c there 4 what d my 5 how e ten

6 when f rich 7 where g now

b iChecker Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

- c Underline the stressed words.
 - 1 A What do you do?
 - 2 B I'm a doctor.
 - 3 A Where do you work?
 - 4 B I work in a hospital.
- d JChecker Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the sentences.

4 READING

a Read the article. Is Facebook good for your love life?



Love on Facebook

Is Facebook good for your love life? Read on to find the answer.

1 C

You don't want to see your ex-boyfriend when your relationship finishes. And you really don't want to know about his new girlfriend. But Facebook tells you everything, including how happy he is with his new girlfriend.

2

Your boyfriend doesn't write on your 'wall' one day. You're worried. Does it mean he doesn't like you? Another day, he sends you ten messages. You feel stressed. Does he like you too much?

3

Your friends know you have a new boyfriend because you change your status from 'single' to 'in a relationship'. The problem is they know when it finishes too, because you change it back to 'single' again.

4

You get a lot of messages from boys but this isn't good for your relationship. When your boyfriend sees you writing to so many other boys, he feels worried. And that can mean the beginning of the end.

- b Read the article again. Match the headings A-D to the paragraphs 1-4.
 - A No secrets on Facebook
 - B Popularity is dangerous
 - C Too much information
 - D What does he really feel?
 - D What does he really reen

5 LISTENING

a iChecker Max and Jessica meet in a restaurant for dinner. Listen to the conversation. Are they a good match?



b GChecker Listen again and write T (true) or F (false).

T

- Max and Jessica meet in a Japanese restaurant.
- 2 They have the same job.
- 3 They work for the same airline.
- 4 They like the same films.
- 5 Jessica lives near the cinema.
- 6 Max wants to go to the cinema next Sunday.

USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

Learn these words and phrases.

films /filmz/

TV programmes /ti:vi: 'prəogramz/ Me too. /mi: 'tu:/

meet a partner /mi:t ə 'pu:tnə

Really? /ˈrɪəli/ Who's your favourite (actor)? /hu:z jo: 'feɪvərɪt/ How interesting! /hao 'intrəstin/

What about you? /wot əbaut 'ju:/

iChecker TESTS FILE 3

Practical English Coffee to take away

1 VOCABULARY telling the time

Write the times.

























5 ___ 6 ___ 7 ___ 8 __

2 BUYING A COFFEE

Order the dialogue.

- A Can I help you?
 - B No thanks. How much is that?
 A Anything else?
 - A Anything else
 - B Thanks.

 A £3.65. Thank you. And your change.
 - B Sorry, how much?
 - A Regular or large?
 - B Yes. Can I have a latte, please?
 A That's £3.65, please.
 - B To take away.
 - A To have here or take away?
 - B Large, please.

3 SOCIAL ENGLISH PHRASES

Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

a seat first time to drink to you we are

- 1 Here <u>we are</u>. This is the office.
- 2 Is this your _____ in the UK?
 3 Would you like something
- 4 Talk later
- 5 Take

4 READING

- a Read about some coffee bars in Edinburgh. In which bar can you...?
 - 1 find a lot of sweet food
 - 2 sit in the same place as a famous person
 - 3 have a coffee in the evening
 - 4 take your coffee to your office
 - 5 find somewhere for small children to sit

A URBAN ANGEL 121 Hanover Street

Urban Angel is open every day for breakfast and brunth, coffee and cake, lunch and dinner. If you don't want to sit down and eat, you can pay less and take your food out. The food is healthy and there are tables inside and outside.

B THE ELEPHANT HOUSE 21 George IV Bridge

This coffee bar is popular with tourists because J K Rowling started writing the Harry Potter books here. It serves excellent coffee, and you can see the collection of big and small elephants while you are there. There is also a selection of snacks.

C TWO THIN LADDIES 103 High Riggs

A very friendly family runs this café and the homemade food is delicious. It's a very calm and relaxing place, and it's also very private. Vegetarian food is available, and there are high chairs for children.

D CHOCO-LATTE 33-39 South Clerk Street

This is actually a sweet shop with a small area at the back for customers to drink coffee. They sell amazing sweets and cakes, and there's chocolate everywhere. It's ideal for birthdays and everything is quite cheap.

E KILIMANJARO COFFEE 104 Nicolson Street

This coffee bar serves some of the best coffee in Edinburgh. It opens later than most other cafés, and it's always busy. There's a comfortable couch and a lot of tables and chairs. The food is also fantastic.

Guess the meaning of the highlighted food words.
 Check the meaning and pronunciation in your dictionary.

Fred Allen, American comedian

Is she his wife or his sister?

1 VOCABULARY family

Complete the chart.



1 grandmother	grandfather		
mother	, 2,		
3	uncle		
wife	4		
5	brother		
daughter	6		
7	nephew		
cousin	8		

100		W. 100 100 000	
b	Com	plete th	ne sentences.

- 1 My father's brother is my __uncle__.
- 2 My sister's daughter is my ___
- 3 My mother's sister is my
- 4 My father's mother is my_
- 5 My aunt's daughter is my_
- 6 My brother's son is my

2 GRAMMAR Whose...?, possessive 's

- a Order the words to make sentences.
 - 1 in / work / father's / my / shop / I I work in my father's shop
 - 2 German / boyfriend's / My / car / is
 - 3 girlfriend's / is / His / Polish / mum
 - 4 Sandra's / Do / know / you / brother
 - 5 live / wife's / with / parents / my / We
 - 6 of | money | earns | friend | son's | a | Their | lot
 - 7 dangerous / Is / job / Adam's
 - 8 uniform / very / Susan's / ugly / is

b Add an apostrophe (') in the correct place in these sentences

- Martha is my brother's girlfriend.
- 2 That is my parents car.
- 3 I think this is that womans pen.
- 4 They drink tea in the Teachers Room.
- 5 Do you know Barbaras sister?
- 6 My grandparents house is in Ireland.
- 7 James wife is Russian.

c Look at the 's in these sentences. Write a letter in the box: A = possessive, B = is.

- 1 Kate's sister is a lawyer.
- 5 Their uncle's a pilot. 2 His mother's very short.
- 3 My cousin's flat is very big.
- 6 Jim's children wear glasses. 7 My brother's wife plays the piano.
- 4 Our grandfather's 70 today. 8 Her name's Christina.

d Complete the sentences with whose or who's.

- Whose is that bag?
- Who's the woman in the red dress?
- umbrella is this? her boyfriend?
- the man with the sunglasses? are those keys?
 - your English teacher?
- headphones are those?

3 PRONUNCIATION the letter o: 's

a Match the sentences 1-4 to the sounds a-d.

1	Those mobile phones are old.	a A up
2 1	Who do you choose?	b phone
3	Their son comes every Monday.	c D
4	That blonde model is a doctor.	d UI boot

- b iChecker Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.
- c iChecker Listen to the sentences. Then listen again and repeat.
- 1 S. That's Mark's niece. They're Kate's parents.
- 2 He's Sandra's husband. She's Andy's cousin.
- 3 /IZ/ I'm Grace's boyfriend. Are you Charles's wife?

5 LISTENING

iChecker Listen to Jessie showing photos to her friend. How many photos does she show? Then listen again. Write T (true) or F (false).

- Jessie's sister has a son.
 Jessie's sister is short.
 Jessie's sister plays basketball.
 The beach in the photo is in Germany.
 Sessie went to a music festival with her sister.
- 6 Rosie has blonde hair.
 7 Rosie sees her boyfriend all the time.
- 8 Pete is Jessie's boss.

USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

Learn these words and phrases.
boyfriend //boyfrend/

celebrity /səˈlebrəti/ ex-husband /eks ˈhʌzbənd/ girlfriend /ˈgɜːlfrend/ royalty /ˈrɔɪəlti/

royalty /'rəiəlti/ be interested in /bi 'intrestid in/ private life /'praivət laif/ the other (person) /ði 'aða/

4 READING

Read the article and complete the sentence.

Liam Neeson is Vanessa Redgrave's

Together they have a daughter, Daisy.

An acting family

The Redgrave family is one of the most famous acting families in the UK. Vanessa Redgrave is probably the most famous of them. Vanessa's parents, Michael and Rachel, were both actors and her grandparents, Roy and Daisy, were actors, too. Vanessa's first husband was the actor forny Richardson and they had two daughters, Natasha and Joely. Vanessa and Tony were divorced, altaer Vanessa married again. Vanessa's second husband was the Italian actor, Franco Nero, and together they had a son called Carlo. Vanessa's first daughter, Natasha, married actor Liam Neeson in 1994. Together they had two sons Michael and Daniel. Unfortunately, Natasha died in a skiing accident in 2009. Annessa's Sother daughter, Deck, married film producer Tim Bevan.

Michael = 1

| Vanessa | (divorced) | 2
| Joely | = 5
| Michael | 6 | Glossary marred = past of marry died = past of die was = past of ie

were = past of are had = past of have

b Read the article again and complete the names in the family tree.

4B What a life!

- **1 GRAMMAR** prepositions of time (at, in, on) and place (at, in, to)
- a Write the words in the correct column.

March 6th-December 6.30 the winter Monday night the afternoon the weekend Saturday evening 1984 Christmas 21st August

in	on	at
March	6th December	6.30
	_	
	_	

- b Circle the correct preposition.
 - 1 I have a shower (in) / on / at the morning.
 - 2 They go on holiday in / on / at August.
 - 3 My sister studies economics at / in / to university.
 - 4 My brother goes to bed in / on / at midnight.
 - 5 Do you work at / in / to a hospital?
 - 6 We have English classes in / on / at Tuesdays and Thursdays.
 - 7 The children have lunch at / in / to school.
 - 8 Tina works in / on / at the weekend.
 - 9 Jack goes at / in / to the gym after work.
- 10 It's very hot in / on / at the summer.
- c Complete the text with the correct prepositions.



go on holiday.

My name is Francesco Mancini and I work an office in the centre of Rome. During the week, I get up an I gas tisk. I go work by train, but Fridays I drive my car so I can visit my mother

	A s	_ the afternoon. I s	
6	quarter to nine an	d I have lunch 7	wor
8	the summer I wor	k different hours be	ecause
9	15th June we char	ige to the summer	timetab
It's v	very hot in Rome 10	August, so mo:	st peopl

2 VOCABULARY everyday activities

- a Circle the action which you usually do first.
 - 1 get up/wake up
 - 2 get dressed / have a shower
 - 3 have lunch / have breakfast
 - 4 go to work / start work
 - 5 go home / get home
 - 6 make the dinner / go shopping
- b Complete the text with have, go, or get.

A STUDENT'S LIFE IS EASY – OR IS IT?

Many people think that students have a very easy life.
We ask two, Helen and Rupert, about their typical day.
HELEN EDWARDS from Durbam in porth-east England.

I don't live at h	niversity in Bristol, so nome. Every day, I ²	
up at 7.30 and	13 a shower.	100
I don't have tir	ne for breakfast, but I	M Ly
4cof	fee in a café before clas	ses
start. I 5	lunch at university	
and then I 6	to my afternoon	classes. I 7
shopping on m	y way home, so I 8	home late.
I do some hous	sework and study in the	evening and then
19to	bed at 11.30. I'm very tir	red at night!'
		The second secon

RUPERT CAVE	NDISH is from Exeter in south-	west England
۱ ¹⁰ t	o Exeter University, so I	5 25N
live at home. N	My mum wakes me up every ve "	
breakfast tog	ether. Then, I 12	
dressed. I 13	to university by bus.	1
l 14 to	classes in the morning and	
then I 15	home for lunch. My mum is a	good cook
and we 16	lunch together. In the after	rnoon, I stud
for an hour or	two and then I watch TV. I 17	a batl
after dinner, I'	m quite relaxed when I 18	to bed."

Match the words to make phrases. 1 have	b Scheese Listen again. Number the activities in the order Mark does them. Mark starts work at 7 p.m. He goes to bed. He goes to the gym. He he see home. He has a hamburger or a pizza. He watches TV or checks his emails. He gets up. He has breakfast. He sleeps for eight hours.
2 I have a shower. 3 We check emails. 4 He dose exercise.	He has dinner. He finishes work. He has a shower.
6 They have lunch at work. 6 They have lunch at work. 6 They have lunch at work. 6 The George Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the sentences. Try to connect words. 6 The George Listen and underline the stressed words. Copy the rhythm. 1 I wake up at six. 2 I have a coffee. 3 I go to work by bus. 4 I do the housework. 5 I have a pizza for dinner. 6 I go to bed at midnight. 6 George Listen again and repeat the sentences. Copy the rhythm.	USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES Learn these words and phrases. customers "kastamaz/ everyone "evriwan/ everything "evriling/ menu /menjus/ busy "buzi/ ready "redi/ a couple of (hours) /3 "kapl av/ go back "qao "back/ prepare food /pripea "fuxd/ enjoy /urdqau/
LISTENING (Charder Listen to an interview with Mark. Answer the questions. 1 What does he do?	

2 Does he like his job?
3 When does he work?

4C Live forever

- GRAMMAR position of adverbs and expressions of frequency
- a Complete the You column in the chart. Then complete the sentences with a verb and an adverb of frequency.

always usually often sometimes hardly ever	3	風	
never -	Matt	Becky	You
sleep for eight hours	1111	11	
be relaxed	11111	111	
do sport or exercise	11	-	
eat healthy food	111	1	
be ill	-	JJJJJ	

- 1 Matt
 usually sleeps
 for eight hours.

 2 He
 relaxed.

 3 He
 sport or exercise.

 4 He
 healthy food.

 5 He
 ill.

 6 Becky
 for eight hours.

 7 She
 relaxed.
- 7 She
 relaxed.

 8 She
 sport or exercise.

 9 She
 healthy food.

 10 She
 ill.

 11 I
 for eight hours.

relaxed.

sport or exercise.

- 14 1 healthy food.
 15 1 ill.

 b Write the adverb of frequency in the correct place in
 - the sentence.

 1 Pilots sleep in hotels. (often)
 - Pilots often sleep in hotels
 2 The children walk to school. (every day)

 - 4 My girlfriend is late. (never)

13 I

- 5 I see my grandparents. (every weekend)
- 6 Ellie drinks coffee. (three times a day)
- 7 I'm hungry. (always)
- 8 We study English. (twice a week)

2 VOCABULARY adverbs and expressions of frequency

a Answer the questions.

THE TIME QUIZ

- 1 How many minutes in an hour?
- 2 How many months in a year?
- 3 How many days in a week?
- 4 How many seconds in a minute?
 - How many wooks in a month?
- 5 How many weeks in a month?
- 6 How many hours in a day?
 7 How many days in June?
- 8 How many weeks in a year?
- b Complete the sentences with one or two words.

 - 2 Jon usually has a holiday in the summer and winter.
 Jon usually has a holiday _______a year.
 - 3 We usually see one new film a month.

 We go to the cinema _____ a month.
 - 4 Adele doesn't do any homework at all.

 Adele does homework.
 - 5 They have English classes on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays.
 - and Fridays.
 They have English classes ______a w
 - 6 My mother goes to the hairdresser once a week, on a Friday.

 My mother goes to the hairdresser Friday.
 - 7 Eve walks to work once a year.

 Eve ______ever walks to work.
 - 8 I always buy a new pair of sunglasses in the summer.
 I buy a new pair of sunglasses ______ summer.

3 PRONUNCIATION the letter h

- a Match the words to their pronunciation. In which word is the h not pronounced?
- fChecker Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

4 READING

a Read the interview. What is surprising about Esther Armstrong?



Interview with Esther Armstrong, 94

Interviewer How do you spend your day, Esther?

Esther My day is very normal, really. I get up, I get dressed. I have breakfast. Then I go to work.

Interviewer What do you do?

Esther I'm an accountant.

Interviewer Why do you still work, Esther?

Esther To have an interest. Also, my job is quite exciting.

Interviewer What time do you start work?

Esther I start between 9 and 10 every day and I finish at 4 o'clock. It isn't very stressful, really.

Interviewer What do you usually do after work, Esther?

Esther I go out for dinner with friends two or three times a week, and we go to the cinema or the

times a week, and we go to the cinema or the theatre, or to the ballet.

Interviewer Do you live alone?

Yes, I do. I have quite a big apartment and someone helps me with the housework for four

hours a week. I do everything else myself.

Interviewer Do you have children, Esther?

Esther Yes. I do. Both of my daughte

Yes, I do. Both of my daughters live here in New York. One daughter works very near, and she comes and has lunch with me. And I work with the other daughter, so we eat together two or three times a week, too. I'm very, very happy with my life.

Glossary

an accountant = a person whose job it is to make lists of all the money that people or businesses receive and pay

- b Read the interview again. Write T (true) or F (false).
 - 1 Esther thinks her day is normal. E
 2 She doesn't like her job.
 - 3 She sometimes starts work at 10 o'clock.
 4 She thinks her job is difficult.
 - 5 She often sees friends after work.
 - 6 She lives with one of her children.
 - 7 She never does housework.
 - 8 She has two children.
 - c <u>Underline</u> five words you don't know. Use your dictionary to look up their meaning and pronunciation.

5 LISTENING

- a fChecker Listen to a radio programme about being healthy. Who does the doctor say is healthy: Marge, Robbie, or Marge and Robbie?
- b iChecker Listen again. Write T (true) or F (false).
 - 1 Robbie doesn't think he's healthy.
 - Marge hardly ever eats fast food.
 - Marge always has breakfast.

 Marge often goes to the gym.
 - 5 Marge goes to bed late.
 - 6 Robbie sometimes has breakfast.
 - 7 Robbie plays football three times a week.
 - 8 Robbie sleeps for six hours every night.

USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

Learn these words and phrases.

hours /auaz/ minutes /minits/ seconds /'sekandz/

teenager /'ti:neid5ə/

healthy (opposite unhealthy) / hel0i/ normally //normali/

relax /riˈlæks/

be in a hurry /bi: in a 'hari/

social life //soofl laif/ spend time //spend 'taim/

- Postantia - Postantia

iChecker TESTS FILE 4

Do you have the X factor?

GRAMMAR can / can't

Write a sentence for each picture with can | can't.



They can't sina









Write a question with you for each picture. Then write your answer: Yes, I can. or No, I can't.

					rour answer
1	Can	you	sing	?	
2		you		?	
3		you		?	
4		you		?	
5		you		?	

- c Match sentences 1-6 to a-f.
 - 1 Can you help me with my homework? I
 - 2 Can you give me my glasses? I
 - 3 Can you call my mum? I 4 Can you speak more slowly? I
 - 5 Can you make dinner for 8.30? I

 - 6 Can you tell me your name again? I
 - a can't come before then.
 - b can't see. c can't do it
 - d can't find my mobile.
 - e can't understand you.
 - f can't remember it.
- d Write a sentence with can or can't for each picture.







1 You can cross now.

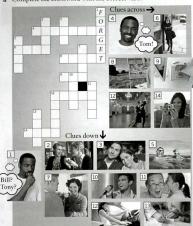


3 Dr Atkins you now.

4 We here!

2 VOCABULARY verb phrases

a Complete the crossword with the correct verb.



b Complete the sentences with the verbs in the box.

buy find hear help look for play run talk

5 I want to _____ in the London Marathon this year.
6 Hi, this is Paul, Can you ____ me?

7 Idon't understand this. I need to _______ to the teacher.
8 Where are my keys? Can you ______ them?

3 PRONUNCIATION sentence stress

- a iChecker Listen and repeat the sentences. Stress the bold words.
 - 1 A Can you speak German?
 - B Yes Lean
 - 2 I can't find the keys.
 - 3 She can sing.
 - 4 Where can I buy a newspaper?
 - 5 A Can your father cook? B No. he can't.
 - . .
 - 6 My sister can't swim.

b Write the words in the chart.

æ _bad	bad bath have stan	can can't class danc np start	e fat
	æ	bad	

c iChecker Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

4 LISTENING

iChecker Listen to the dialogues and choose a, b, or c.

- 1 When can they go to the swimming pool?
 - a On Saturday morning.
- b On Saturday afternoon.
- c On Sunday afternoon.
- 2 Where can the man park?
 - a Outside the hospital.
 - b Outside the restaurant.
 - c Outside the cinema.
- 3 When can she help her brother?
- when can she help her ord
- a This morning.
- b This afternoon.
- c This evening.
- 4 Why can't they send the postcard?
 - a They don't have a pen.
- b They don't have the address.c They don't have a stamp.
- 5 Why can't they go in?
 - a She can't open the door.
 - b She can hear her parents.
 - c She can't find her keys.

USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

Learn these words and phrases.

audience /ˈɔːdiəns/ concerts /ˈkɒnsəts/

entrance /'entrans/ judges /'dʒʌdʒɪz/

late (opposite early) /leit/

nervous /'na:vəs/

a hit record /o hit 'rekoid/ car park /'ku: puik/

Good luck! /god 'lak/

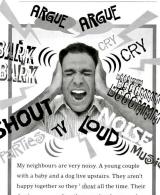
It's your turn now. /its 'jo: ta:n nao/

5B Love your neighbours

1 VOCABULARY verb phrases

Complete the text with these verbs in the present simple.

argue shout bark cry talk have have play play



with a baby and a dog live upstairs. They aren't happy together so they ' shout all the time. Their dog ' when they aren't at home, and their baby ' when they aren't at home, and their baby ' when they are. An old couple live downstairs. They can't hear so they always ' the TV on very loud. They ' loudy because the TV is loud, and they ' a lot about which programmes to watch. Some students live next door. They all ' musical instruments and they aren't very good! Every night, they ' noisy parties and ' very loud music. I want a new flat or some new neighbours!

2 GRAMMAR present continuous

- a Order the words to make sentences.
 - 1 sister's | My | exams | for | studying | her. My sister's studying for her exams
 - 2 with / staying / week / her / friends / this / are / Sarah's
 - 3 tonight / party / We / a / aren't / having
 - 4 I'm / cup / coffee / drinking / a / the / of / kitchen / in
 - 5 for / looking / job / is / a / George / Why
 - 6 because / aren't / They / jogging / today / cold / it's / too
 - 7 computer / Are / using / you / the
- 8 football | Is | park | Adam | playing | in | the
- b Complete the dialogue.
- A What 1 are you doing , (you / do) Andy?
 - 3 2 ______ (I / make) the coffee. Why?
 - I can hear a noise. It's people's voices.
 - B I know. That's the couple upstairs.
- b TKHOW. That's the couple upstairs.
- A 3 ______ (they / argue)?
- B No, 4 (they / not shout). It's the TV. They're very old, so they can't hear it. 5 (they / watch) a film.
- A Oh. What's that music? Is it a party?
- It's the boy next door. 6 (he / not have) a party!
- 7 _____ (he / listen) to music. He likes heavy metal.
 A Your flat is very noisy, Andy.
- B I know. 9 (I / look for) a new one!
- c Look at the picture on page 33. What are the people doing? Complete 1–8 with a verb or verb phrase in the present continuous.
 - 1 The woman's talking on her mobile.
 - 2 The couple ____
 - 3 The children _
 - 4 The woman
 - 5 The baby _
 - 6 The dog_
 - 7 The boy
 - 8 The girl



PRONUNCIATION /ŋ/

iChecker Listen and repeat the words.



arguing barking crying having playing shouting studying talking

Circle the word with /ŋ/ in each pair.

1 sing	dance	
2 pink	brown	
3 thin	long	
4 aunt	uncle	
5 drink	find	
6 France	Hungary	
7 young	blonde	
8 think	want	

iChecker Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

4 LISTENING

iChecker Listen to four speakers talking about problems with their neighbours. Match the speakers to the ed to use.

problems. Th	ere are t	wo problems you don't ne
Speaker 1	A	They argue a lot.
Speaker 2	В	Their dogs bark.

Speaker 3 C They have noisy parties. Speaker 4

D They have the TV on very loud.

E Their baby cries.

F They play musical instruments.

USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

Learn these words and phrases.

furniture /fs:nitfa neighbours /'neibaz/ noise /noiz/

noisy /'noizi/

strict /strikt/ upstairs (opposite downstairs) /Apisteaz/

now /nau

complain /kəmˈpleɪn/ block of flats /blok av 'flats'

washing machine //wofin mofilm

5C Sun and the City

- 1 GRAMMAR present simple or present continuous?
- a Circle the correct form.
 - 1 A What are you doing here?
 - B I'm on holiday. I sightsee / (I'm sightseeing)
 - 2 A Can you talk?
 - B No. I have dinner / I'm having dinner at the moment.
 - 3 A Where do they usually go / are they usually going on holiday?
 - B To Ibiza.
 - 4 A How often does your boyfriend go abroad?
 B He travels / He's travelling to Asia four times a year.
 - 5 A What does your girlfriend do / is your girlfriend doing?
 B She's a travel guide.

 - 6 A Do you work / Are you working this week?
 B No. I'm on holiday.
 - B No. I'm on holiday.
 - 7 A What time does the museum close?
 - B It closes / It's closing at 6 p.m., I think.
 - 8 A Does it rain / Is it raining today?
 - B No. It's hot and sunny.
- Complete the sentences. Use the present simple or present continuous.
- 1 My parents <u>don't like</u> (not like) their hotel.
 - 2 They _____ (argue) about money all the time.
 - 3 I'm 18 now so 1 _____ (learn) to drive. My father ____ (teach) me.
 - 4 When ______ you usually _____ (go) to the gym?
- 5 My brother _____ (go out) nearly every night.
- 6 The sun _____ (not shine) today. It's quite cold.
 7 _____ (use) your computer at the
- moment? I _____ (want) to check something on the internet.
- My sister _____ (love) ice skating but she _____

 (not do) it very often.

2 VOCABULARY the weather and seasons

- Write the seasons in the correct order.
- b Complete the sentences with words in the box. What's the weather like?

cloudy cold foggy het raining snowing sunny windy





1 It's hot

winter .



3 It's







5 It's







7 It's

8 It's

3 PRONUNCIATION places in London

- a Underline the stressed syllable.
 - 1 Buckling ham Pallace
 - West|min|ster A|bbey
 Ox|ford Street
 - 4 St Paul's Calthedral
 - 5 Pilccaldilly Cirlcus
 - 6 Leilcester Square
 - 7 Houses of Parlia ment
 - 8 Trafalgar Square
- iChecker Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

4 READING

Read the guidebook extract about things to do in Edinburgh. Write T (true) or F (false).

- 1 Edinburgh Castle is outside the city.
- 2 You can see some important things from Scotland's past in the castle.
- 3 You can't see the city from the castle.
- 4 Arthur's Seat is outside Edinburgh.
- 5 You don't need to be fit to walk to the top of Arthur's Seat.
- 6 You can see the city very well from the top.
- 7 Scottish people have a special name for New Year.
- 8 You can't buy things to eat at the street party.
- 9 Every year, people sing a different song at New Year.

5 LISTENING

iChecker Listen to the audio guide on a tour bus in Dublin and write the number of the stop.

At which bus stop do you need to get off if you want to...?

A see some famous paintings

- B learn about a famous drink
- C read a letter from a famous writer
- D see a lot of books
- E relax and listen to music
- F visit an important historical building
 - G learn about life in a prison
- H see some animals

What to do in EDINBURGH...

1 WHEN IT'S RAINING Go to Edinburgh Castle

Edinburgh Castle is a very old building, high on a hill in the centre of Edinburgh, You can take a tour of the castle or walk around on your own. You can see many interesting exhibitions, including the Scottish Kings and Queens of the past, and the National War Museum. If the sun comes out, you have a fantastic view of the shops and buildings on Edinburgh's Famous street, the Royal Mille.



2 WHEN THE SUN IS SHINING Go to Arthur's Seat

Arthur's Seat is a high hill in the centre of Edinburgh with excellent views of the city. You can choose an easy walk or a difficult walk to the top, depending on how fit you are. From the top you can see all of Edinburgh's famous mornuments including the Castle, the Royal Mile, and Holyrood Palace. It's the perfect place to take some great photos of the city.



3 WHEN IT'S COLD Go to Princes Street at New Year

New Year has a different name in Scotland: Hogmanay – and the Hogmanay Party in Princes Street is famous all over the world. Over four days, thousands of people join in the fun in the street, and you can buy hot food and drinks all night. At midnight, everyone sings a traditional New Year's song called Aud Lang Syne, and then they watch some fantastic fireworks from Edinburgh Castle.



USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

Learn these words and phrases.

building /'bildin/

guidebook /ˈgaɪdbok/ monument /ˈmɒniumənt/

parks /po:ks/

statue //stætʃu:/

enormous /t'no:mos/ fascinating /fassineitin

wonderful /wandəf]/

including /in'klu:din/ open-air swimming pool /oopen ee 'swimin pu:l

Practical English In a clothes shop

1 VOCABULARY clothes

Write the words

Wille the	WOLGS.		
1 _a jack	et	5	
2		6	
3		7	
4		8	
	2	3	
5	6	7	8

2 BUYING CLOTHES

Complete the missing words in the dialogue.

A	Can I h you?	
В	Yes. What 2s	is this T-shirt?
A	It's a medium. Wha	t size do you need
R	Ineed a 31	

A Here you ⁴a____.

B Thanks. Where can I try it on?

A The ⁵c rooms are over there.

B ⁶Th you.

B It's fine. How 7 m_

A It's £15.99.

SOCIAL ENGLISH

** **********

March the words to make Social English phrases.

N	latch the wo	rds to m	iake	Social E
1	It's so	d	a	way!
2	Right		b	wrong?
3	Don't		c	be silly!
4	Wait		d	cool!
5	I have to		e	fun!
6	Have		f	now.
7	What's		g	go.
8	No		h	a minute

4 READING

Read the article. Match the questions A-D to paragraphs 1-4.

	au tile	articic	. Iviacen the	questi
1	What	can you	do there?	1

B How do you get there?

C Where can you eat?





Shopping in the UK

One of the best places to shop in the UK these days is at the Westfield Stratford City shopping centre in London – the biggest and newest of its kind in Europe.

Customers at Westfield can buy fashion, food, home, and beauty products from more than 300 different stores. There are two huge department stores and a large supermarket. It has a 14-screen cinema and a bowling alley, and there are also two hotels and a casino.

Inside the shopping centre, there are 72 different restaurants and food bars. There are takeaways and sit-down restaurants, including Halal and vegetarian cake shops and salad bars. Many of the bars and restaurants stay open after the shops close.

Most of the stores in the shopping centre open from 10 a.m. to 9 p.m. during the week, and from 9 a.m. to 9 p.m. on Saturday. The opening hours on Sunday are from 11 a.m. to 9 p.m. The restaurants close at around midnight and the cinema closes at 1 a.m., except on Saturdays when it closes at 2 a.m.

Westfield has 5.000 parking spaces and it is very easy to get to on public transport. Two underground lines connect the shopping centre to Central London, and there are many buses. Westfield is only eight minutes from Liverpool Street station by train.

b Guess the meaning of the highlighted words. Check the meaning and pronunciation in your dictionary.

6A Reading in English

1 GRAMMAR object pronouns

a Complete the chart.

Subject pronouns	Object pronouns
1	¹me
2	you
he	3
she	4
5	it
we	6
7	you
they	8

- b Complete the sentences with object pronouns.
- 1 My sister has a new boyfriend. She's on holiday
 - with <u>him</u> at the moment.

 2 Can you hear _____, or do I need to shout?
 - 3 This book is very exciting. I'm really enjoying
 - 4 He works near his wife's office. He has lunch with
 - _____ every day.
 - 5 Are you at home? Can I call ______ later?
 6 Harry doesn't live with his parents, but he speaks to ______ once a week.
 - 7 Excuse me, we have a problem. Can you help
 - 8 I can't find my bag. Can you see _____?
 - 9 These shoes are new. Do you like ____?
 - 10 Where's Charlie? I want to talk to _____

complete the text with these words.								
he	her	her	him	him	she	them	thev	

Lily is worried abo	ut her boyf	riend, Jan	nie. She calls
him_ every da	ay, but he d	oesn't cal	2
When she wants to	o talķ to Jan	nie 3	always says
he's busy. She wait	s for 4	after	work, but he's
often with some fr	iends. Jami	e's friends	don't like Lily,
and she doesn't lil	ke ⁵	Lily say	rs hello, but
6don't le	ook at her. I	Now she k	nows that Jamie
doesn't love '	But s	he's happ	y because she
knows that *	can fin	d a new b	ovfriend.

2 VOCABULARY phone language

Complete the dialogues with the words in the box.

answer It's message Press there this wrong

- 1 A Hello. Is Millie <u>there</u>?

 B No, I'm sorry. She isn't.
- 2 A What number is that?
 - **B** ______07723 9832.
- 3 A The phone's ringing.
 B Can you
 - B Can you _____ it, please?
- 4 A Hello, is that Sophie?
 - B No, I'm sorry, ______ is Grace.
- 5 A How do I finish this call?
 - B the red button.
 - B _____the red button
- 6 A This is 0454 93822.
- B I'm very sorry. It's the _____ number.
- 7 A I'm sorry, the manager is in a meeting.
- B Oh. Can you give him a _____?

3 PRONUNCIATION sentence stress;

/aɪ/, /ɪ/, and /i:/

- iChecker Listen and repeat the sentences. Stress the bold words.
 - 1 Call me tonight.
 - 2 Can you help us?
 - 3 Don't listen to her.
 - 4 See you later.
 - 5 I don't like them.
 - 6 Don't think about it.
 - 7 Give it to him.

I fish	1 him live nice	4 these his ring
11 tree	2 she this meet	5 we leave it
aI bike	3 me I my	al 6 smile niece buy

(Checker) Listen and check. Then listen and repeat the words

4 READING

Read some more of Sally's Phone and answer the questions.

- 1 Who's Katharine?
- 2 What does Louise suggest to Sally?
- 3 Why doesn't Paul know his phone number?
- 4 Who tells him what his number is?

Sally's Phone

Sally talks to Claire and Louise. 'I've got a message for Paul - but who's Paul? Do you

know a Paul, Claire?' she asks.

'No. What's the message?' Claire asks.

'It's his sister Katharine's birthday, and she's having a party tonight. Do you think it's a wrong number?'

'Yes, I think it is,' Claire says,

'Hey, Sally!' Louise says. 'Put on your red skirt and go to the party. Forget Andrew!'

Paul talks to a friend at work.

'This is Sally's phone - and Sally's got my phone.'

- 'But who is Sally?'
- 'I don't know,' says Paul.
- 'Why don't you phone her?'
- 'What's my number?' Paul asks. 'I don't know my number.'
- 'Why not?'
- 'Because I never call my number!'

Paul phones his mother.

- 'Mum, what's the number of my phone?' 'Why do you want your phone number, Paul?'
- 'Because Sally's got my phone.'
- 'Who's Sally?' his mother asks.
- 'I don't know, but she's got my phone, and I've got her phone.' 'I don't understand.'
- 'I know,' says Paul. 'It doesn't matter. Have you got my number?

'Here it is, 0781 644834.' 'Thanks, Mum.'

Glossary I've qot = I haveShe's aot = She has 5 LISTENING

(Checker Listen to the phone conversation. Choose a or b.

- 1 Who does Holly want to talk to?
- b Emily
- 2 Where is Emily?
- a at home b out
- 3 Where is Holly's bag?
- a in Emily's car b in Emily's house
- 4 What is Holly's phone number? a 60674 923 b 60674823
- 5 What does Beth give Emily?
 - a the message b the phone
- 6 Which kevs are in Holly's bag?
- a her car keys b her flat keys
- 7 Who is Holly with? a a neighbour
- b a friend 8 Where do Holly and Emily meet?
- a at Holly's house b in a café

USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

Learn these words and phrases.

voice /vois/

fall /fo:1/ happening /hæpənɪŋ/

ring /rm/

smile /smail/

give a message (to somebody) /giv ə 'mesid3/

pick up /'pik Ap/

press the button /pres do 'batn/

put down /'pot daon/

It's the wrong number. /its ðə ron 'nambə(r)/



Extract from Oxford Bookworms Library Starter: Sally's Phone by Christine Lindop © Oxford University Press 2008. Reproduced by Permission. ISBN 978-0-19-423426-9

6B Times we love

1 GRAMMAR like (+ verb + -ing)

a Write the verb + -ing form of the verbs in the box in the correct column.

buy come draw find get have give run stop swim take wait

e +-ing	double consonant +-ing
-	
	e +-ing

b Look at the chart and complete the sentences.

0	= love
	○ = like
	= don't mind
	⊗ = don't like
(2)	🙁 = hate



	William	Amanda
dance at parties	88	00
do housework	⊜	88
drive at night	0	8
sit in cafés	(2)	0
swim in the sea	00	8
watch football	8	00

1		hates dancing at parties.	
	Amanda		_at parties.
2	William_		housework
	Amanda		housework
3	William		at night.
	Amanda		at night.
4	William		in cafés.
	Amanda		in cafés.
5	William		in the sea.
	Amanda		in the sea.
6	William		football.
	Amanda		football.

2 VOCABULARY the date; ordinal numbers

- a Continue the series.
 - 1 September, October, November . December
 - 2 May, June,
 - 3 January, February, ______
 - 4 spring, summer,
 - 5 first, second,
 - 6 sixth, seventh,
 - 7 eighteenth, nineteenth,
- b Complete the chart.

1/1 14/2 4/7 31/10 25/12

_25/12	the twenty-fifth of December
-	

3 PRONUNCIATION consonant clusters; saying the date

a Underline the stressed syllable.

1 January 7 July

2 February 8 August

3 March 9 September

4 April 10 October 5 May 11 November

6 June 12 December

 iChecker Listen and check. Then listen and repeat the words.

C	iChecker	Listen and repeat the date		
	1 3/4	6 14/6		
	2 26 / 12	7 1/2		

2 26/12 / 1/2 3 11/5 8 7/11 4 5/1 9 22/10 5 18/3 10 12/7

4 READING

Read the article about important dates in the UK and find the answers to the questions. Write A, B, C, or D.

On which day or days...?

- 1 do some people watch football
- 2 do people remember a moment in history
- 3 do people celebrate a change in the weather
- 4 do people go to work
- 5 do people hear stories which aren't true
- 6 do some people wear special clothes



to remember

- A April Fool's Day is on 1st April. It isn't a public holiday, but it's a day when people play jokes on friends and family. Some good jokes are in the newspapers or on TV for example, one year on the BBC there was a programme about spaghetti trees in Switzerland. Many people believed it was true!
- **B** In most countries, **May Day** is on 1st May, but in the UK the holiday is always the first Monday of May. A traditional May Day activity is maypole dancing, when people in colourful clothes dance around a tree or a pole to celebrate the end of winter and the start of sunny weather.
- C Boxing Day is a holiday on 26th December. If this is a weekend, then the holiday is the following Monday. The name comes from the custom of giving servants a small box with a present or money on this day. Some families meet to watch sport, while others prefer to go shopping on the first day of the sales.
- D Bonfire Night isn't a holiday but it is a national celebration. On 5th November, people remember Guy Fawkes' plan to destroy the English Parliament in 1605. The plan was not a success, and every year since then towns and villages have huge bonfires and fantastic firework displays. They also burn a model of the man responsible for the plans: Guy Fawkes.

5 LISTENING

a	(Checker Listen to four speakers talk about their
	favourite times of year. Match the speakers to
	the seasons

Speaker 1 spring Speaker 2 autumn Speaker 3 winter Speaker 4 summer

b iChecker Listen again. Match the speakers to the activities they enjoy doing at that time of year.

Speaker 1 Speaker 2 Speaker 3 Speaker 4 speake

- a walking b planning
- c taking photos
- d travelling

USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

Learn these words and phrases.

Easter /'i:stə/ asleep /ə'sli:p/

depressing /dr'presin/

outside (opposite inside) /aut'said/

hate /hert/

in a good mood /in a good 'muid/

When's your birthday? /wenz jo: 'ba:θdet/

6C Music changes lives

1 GRAMMAR revision: be or do?

- a Complete the sentences with the correct form of be or do.
 - 1 What _are_ you listening to?
 2 Which instrument ____ you play?
 3 The singer ____ Spanish. She's Argentinian.
 4 1 _____ buy CDs. All my music is on my iPod.
 5 We _____ watching a film. We're
 - watching the news.

 6 ______ your boyfriend like reggae?

 7 Which song ______ your brother
 - downloading?

 8 He ______ sing in a group. He's a solo artist.
 - 9 They _____ go to concerts because it's too expensive.
 - 10 ______you a member of a fan club?
- b Rewrite the sentences as questions.
 - 1 They listen to music online.

 Do they listen to music online

 2 Adam sings karaoke.
 - 3 She's singing in the shower.
 - 4 That guitar's expensive.5 They go to a lot of musicals.
 - 6 I'm waiting in the right place.

7 Kathy likes reggae.

- 8 You go dancing at the weekend.
- 9 He listens to classical music when he's stressed.
- 10 They're in an orchestra.

2 VOCABULARY music

a Complete the words.





















- Rihanna is an R&B singer from Barbados.
- 2 Kings of Leon are an American r band.
 3 Black Eyed Peas are a famous h
- h group.

 4 Iron Maiden are an English h
- m_____band.
- 5 John Lee Hooker is famous for b

 6 Bach and Beethoven are two German composers of
- c_____m___.
 7 Jennifer Lopez is a popular singer of L
- 8 Many r musicians are from Jamaica.
- 9 Jamie Cullum plays modern j

b Complete the sentences with the words in

concert go-dancing download fan club karaoke lyrics music channels online

1 My friends and I often <u>go dancing</u> on a

- Saturday night.
- 2 My sister loves Green Day and she's a member of their _____.
- 3 I _____ new music onto my MP3 player nearly every day.
- MP3 player nearly every day.

 4 My children love watching ____
- especially MTV.

 5 When she's using her laptop, she often listens
- to music ______.
- 6 I like the song, but I don't understand the
- 7 Many Japanese people love singing
- 8 Would you like to come to a _____ tonight? I have two tickets for Leonard Cohen.

3 PRONUNCIATION /i/

a Circle the word which doesn't have /j/.



b iChecker Listen and check. Then listen and repeat the words.

4 LISTENING

iChecker Listen to the dialogues and choose a, b, or c.

- 1 Oliver thinks reggae is...
 - a loud.
 - b slow.
 - c great.
- $2~{\rm The~people~who~sing~on~the~woman's~favourite~CD~are...}$
 - a a classical choir.
 - b a rock band.
 - c actors.
- 3 Wendy usually listens to music...
- a online.
 - b on CDs.
 - c on the radio.
- 4 The second man really likes...
 - a Rihanna.
 - b Beyoncé.
 - c Justin Bieber.
- John...the song. a likes
- a nacs
- b doesn't mind
- c hates

USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

Learn these words and phrases.

a band /ə bænd/

conductor /kənˈdʌktə/

karaoke /kæriˈəoki/

orchestra /ˈɔːkɪstrə/ soundtrack /ˈsaʊndtræk/

awful /ˈɔːfl/

fantastic /fæn'tæstik/

be a fan (of...) /bi ə 'fæn

Be a member (of...) /bi ə 'membə/

download music /'daonlood 'mju:zɪk/

go dancing /gəo ˈdɑ:nsɪŋ/

iChecker TESTS FILE 6

At the National Portrait Gallery

1 GRAMMAR past simple of be: was / were

Complete the sentences with was, were, wasn't, or weren't.





7 Bono / born / Ireland? /



					2
AB	Who's that? It's Jane Austen.				- 0
	Why was she famous?		8	Amy Winehouse / singer? ✓	
A					?
В	She ² a writer.				
A	3 she Scottish?		0	JRR Tolkien and CS Lewis / painters? x	
В	No, she ⁴		9	JRR Tolkien and C.S Lewis / painters: A	5
	She 5 born				-5
	in a small village in the South of England.				-
A	And *she married?		10	Michael Jackson / born / Britain? x	
В	No, she ⁸				?
W	/rite questions and answers.			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
1	Alexander Graham Bell / sportsman? x		c C	omplete the dialogues with present or past forms of	w.
	Was Alexander Graham Bell a sportsman	?	1	A What day is it today?	
	No. he wasn't .		18	B Monday. Yesterday was Sunday.	
2	Richard Burton and Elizabeth Taylor / actors?				
-		2	2	A Hi your sister at home?	
	Were Richard Burton and Elizabeth Taylor actors	:	13	B No, she She	
	Yes, they were .		150	here this morning, but now she	
3	Charles Dickens / novelist? ✓		100	at work.	
		?	3	A I can't find my keys. Where they?	
			9	B I don't know. They on your desk	
4	The Beatles / from the USA? x		20	this morning.	
		?	100		
			4	A Whereyour new boyfriend from?	
-	Management of the Control of the Con		0.0	B Heborn in England, but his	
3	Lord Byron / politician? x		50	parentsborn in Singapore.	
	2.1		5	A Whyyour boss angry yesterday?	
6	Isaac Newton / composer? x	-		B Because I very late for work.	

2 VOCABULARY word formation

a Make professions from these words. Use a or an.

1 invent an inventor

2 write 3 police

4 compose 5 music

6 paint 7 business __

8 act

9 science 10 sail

b Underline the stressed syllables, e.g. an inventor.

- c Practise saying the words in a.
- d Complete the sentences with was | were and a noun from a.

1 Francis Drake was a sailor .

2 Beethoven and Mozart were composers .

3 Iames Dean

4 Galileo 5 Freddie Mercury

6 The Wright brothers __

7 Agatha Christie _ 8 Howard Hughes

9 Degas and Toulouse-Lautrec

3 PRONUNCIATION sentence stress

The ker Listen and repeat the conversation.

A Who was Benjamin Britten?

B He was a composer.

A Was he American?

B No, he wasn't. He was English.

A When was he born? B He was born in 1913.

A Were his parents English?

B Yes, they were.



4 LISTENING

iChecker Listen to a radio programme about the greatest Britons of all time. Number the people in the order they come on the list.

The **Greatest Britons** of All Time







b (Checker Listen again. Write T (true) or F (false).

 We don't know when Shakespeare was born. 2 Charles Darwin was born on 20th February, 1809.

3. He was 63 when he died.

Isambard Kingdom Brunel

4 Diana was born on 1st July, 1961.

5 She wasn't married when she died.

6 Isambard Kingdom Brunel was a writer.

7 He was 53 when he died.

8 The greatest Briton of all time was a painter.

USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

Learn these words and phrases.

the (16th) century /ða 'sent[ari/ divorced /dr'vo:st/

between (1816 and 1820) /bi'twi:n/ be against (something) /bi ageinst/ be in love (with someone) /bi in 'lav/

at

7B Chelsea girls

1 GRAMMAR past simple: regular verbs

a Complete the sentences with a regular verb in the past simple, first in the positive and then in the negative.

L	ook download listen miss play study watch work
1	Yesterday Imissed my bus, but Ididn't miss my train.
2	Weto the news, but we
	to the weather.
3	My parents French at school, but
	they Spanish or Italian.
4	My sister the film with me, but
	she the football match.
5	The secretary a table for lunch, but
	shea taxi.
6	Isome music onto my laptop, but
	I any films.
	The shop assistantlast Saturday,
	but she on Sunday. My boyfriend rugby at school, but
8	My boyfriend rugby at school, but
	hebasketball.
o	rder the words to make questions.
	you did night TV What on last watch?
•	A _What did you watch on TV last night
	B I watched the news.
2	did / match / the / time / finish / What
	**
	B At six o'clock.
3	your / presents / birthday / like / you / Did
	A
	B Yes, I did. They were great!
4	did / university / your / at / brother / What / study
	A
	B Modern Languages.
5	parents / your / arrive / late / Did
	A
	B No. they didn't. They were early.
	B No, they didn't. They were early.
	Germany / your / in / friends / did / Where / live
	Germany / your / in / friends / did / Where / live A
6	Germany / your / in / friends / did / Where / live A B Hamburg.
6	Germany / your / in / friends / did / Where / live A

	t ten o'					
Comp	lete the	e quest	ions ar	nd ansv	wers.	
1990	1994	1997	2001	2004	2007	2009
Als						
X7	71	0	n	4	ic	1
1000	State of the last					
it	h	ลา	n	76	n	5
		٠.,	1			
	en / the					
	en did t pened			innel of	en	
. wh	en / Mid	chael Ja	ickson	/ die		
	died i		ickson.	/ die		
He		n		/ die		
He s wh	died i	n		/ die		
He wh	died in	n cebook in				
He wh	died in	n cebook in ncess D				
He s who It s	died in en / Fac tarted en / Pri	n cebook in ncess C	/ start	die	into spa	ace
He s who It s	died in en / Fac tarted en / Pri e died en / the	n cebook in ncess C in e first to	/ start Diana / ourist /	die travel	into spa	
He s wh It s wh She Th	died in en / Fac tarted en / Pri e died en / the	n	/ start Diana / ourist /	die travel		
He s who sho sho who s	died in en / Fac tarted en / Pri e died en / the	in ncess C in e first to tourist nones /	/ start / start / ourist / travell first ap	die travel		

He created it in

2 VOCABULARY past time expressions

Circle the correct answer.

- 1 I chatted to my friends for an hour (ast night) yesterday night.
- 2 My girlfriend finished university ago two years / two years ago.
- 3 They travelled abroad last month / the last month.
- 4 Did you call me last morning / yesterday morning?
- 5 It stopped raining two hours ago / two ago hours.
 6 My brother worked in Greece last July / the last July.
- 7 We watched that film before two weeks / two weeks ago.
- 8 David booked the tickets yesterday afternoon / last afternoon.
- 9 Steve was born in 1990 / on 1990.
- 10 I played golf the day yesterday before / the day before yesterday.

3 PRONUNCIATION -ed endings

a Checker Listen to the words. Underline the word

		promouneed		
1	booked	checked	wanted	walked
2	painted	arrived	finished	travelled
3	asked	waited	looked	stopped
4	called	played	chatted	listened
5	missed	watched	cooked)	started
6	followed	decided	lived	relaxed

b siChecker Listen again and repeat the words.

5 LISTENING

a		Listen to four speakers describing bad How did they travel (e.g. by car, etc.)?
	1	3

b	iChecker	Listen again and match the speakers 1	-4
	to the ser	tences A_D	

to the sei	ntences A
Speaker 1	
Speaker 2	
Speaker 3	
Speaker 4	

- A A stranger helped me.
- B Someone in my family helped me.
- C I started my journey twice.
- D I didn't arrive at my destination.

USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

Learn these words and phrases.

satnav //sætnæv/ surprised /sö/praizd/ arrive /o/raiv/ cry /krai/ miss /mis/ text /tckst/ travel //trævl/

country house /kʌntri 'haʊs/

4 READING

- a Read the article and choose the best title.
 - 1 The wrong match
 - 2 The wrong destination
 - 3 The wrong player
- b Read the article again and answer the questions.
 - 1 How old was Bojana when the incident happened?
 - 2 Where was the tennis tournament?
 - 3 How did she travel to Carlsbad?
 - 4 Where did Bojana travel to first?
 - 5 When did she arrive at the tournament?
 - 6 Who did she play in her first match?
 - 7 Did she win?

erbian tennis player Bojana Jovanovski was only 19 when she played in the San Diego Open. However, she very nearly missed the tournament. Her first match was in Carlsbad, California, so her agent booked a seat for her and gave her the ticket to Carlsbad. It was a long journey because Bojana needed to take three different planes.

When she finally arrived in Carlsbad, she was surprised to find that the airport was empty. She waited for 15 minutes and then called Tournament Transport. The problem was that Bojana was

in Carlsbad, New Mexico and the transport service was in Carlsbad, California where the tournament was. So, Boiana stayed in New Mexico for

the night and then travelled to Carlsbad, California the next morning. She arrived only 30 minutes before the start of her match with the Italian player Roberta Vinci. Unfortunately, the day finished badly for Bojana because she lost the match 3-6, 6-4, 6-1. After that, she just wanted to go home!

A night to remember

1 GRAMMAR past simple: irregular verbs

- a Change the sentences from the present to the past.
 - 1 We meet in a café. (last night) We met in a café last night.
 - 2 Max sees his friends after work. (last night)
 - 3 Emily loses her keys. (yesterday)
 - 4 We don't have dinner at home. (last night)
 - 5 They leave work at 5.30. (yesterday)
 - 6 Alex doesn't get up early. (vesterday morning)
 - 7 My girlfriend feels ill. (yesterday)
 - 8 Helen doesn't go out during the week. (last week)
 - 9 I don't wear glasses. (vesterday)
 - 10 Lucy can't come to my party. (last year)
- b Complete the questions in the dialogue.
 - A Where 1 __did you go __last night? I went to that new sushi bar in town.
 - good?
 - Yes, it was great.

 - I went with my girlfriend.

 - I wore jeans and my new black shirt. home? What time 5
 - We got home at about midnight.
 - a taxi home?
 - Yes. We didn't want to drive. a good time?
 - Yes, we had a great time. The food was delicious!
 - _it expensive?
 - Yes, a bit.

2 VOCABULARY go, have, get

- a Cross out the incorrect expression.
 - to the beach out to a restaurant a bus 2 HAVE lunch a sandwich for a walk a drink
 - dressed a good time up an email
 - to bed a car away on holiday 4 GO
 - 5 HAVE breakfast a bike a shower
 - 6 GET shopping home a newspaper a taxi
- b Complete the text with went, had, or got.



t was my girlfriend's birthday last Saturday, so we ' went away for the weekend. I booked a hotel on the internet, and on Friday we 2 _____ the train to the coast. It was quite late when we arrived, so we just a sandwich and 4 The next day, we 5 _____ up early and breakfast in the hotel. It was a beautiful day, so we 7 ______ to the beach. We s a swim in the morning, and in the afternoon we 9 _____ for a walk. In the evening, we 10 _____ dinner in an expensive French restaurant. The food was delicious! The next day was Sunday, so we " _____ back home again. The weekend was very short, but WP 12 a great time.

3 PRONUNCIATION irregular verbs;

sentence stress

a Look at the pairs of irregular verbs. Do they have the same vowel sound? Write S (the same) or D (different).

1	came	had	D	
2	did	felt		
3	taught	wore		
4	could	spoke		
5	met	went		
6	knew	saw		
7	heard	left		
8	got	lost		

- b iChecker Listen and check. Then listen and repeat the irregular verbs.
- c iChecker Listen and repeat the sentences. Copy the rhythm.
 - A What did you do last night?
 - B I went to the cinema.
 - A Who did you go with?
 - B I went with a friend.
 - A Where did you go after the film?
 - B We went to a restaurant.
 We didn't have an expensive meal.
 We didn't get home late.

4 LISTENING

a iChecker Listen to an interview about a memorable night. What did Helen do?



- **b** iChecker Listen again and answer the questions.
 - 1 When was it?
 - 2 Who was Helen with?
 - 3 Where were they?
 - 4 When did she arrive in the city?
 - 5 Where did they have a drink?
 - 6 Did they have a good time? Why (not)?
 - 7 What did they have for dinner?
 - 8 What time did they get home?

USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

Learn these words and phrases.

goal /goul/

moon / mu:n/

scarf /skg:f/ screen /skri:n/

embarrassed /m'bærəst/

memorable /'memərəbl/ decide /dı'saɪd/

have a swim /hæv ə 'swim/

know (somebody) a little /nao a 'litl/

iChecker TESTS FILE 7

Practical English Getting lost

1	VOCABULARY	Y directions	4	
	Complete the words	5.	1	2
	1 turn left		-	a 11
	2 go str	_ 0	2	48
	3 turn r	_		-
	4 go p	the station		200
	5 on the c		5	6
	6 o		-	
	7 a b			0 0
	9 at that	1	-	_ D = D

2 ASKING FOR DIRECTIONS

Complete the dialogue with the words in the box.

е	exactly Excuse miss	near :	say	Sorry	tell	way	Where's
A	1 Excuse me, ple	ase. 2_				th	ne station
В	3	, I don't	t live	e here.			
A	Excuse me. Is the sta	tion 4_				h	ere?
C	The station? It's near	here, b			know		
A	Excuse me. Can you 6				n	ne the	
	7	to the	sta	tion, pl	ease	?	
D	Yes, of course. Go pa					left a	t the

D Yes Go past the hotel, then turn left at the traffic lights.

and it's at the end of the street. You can't

that again, please?

3 SOCIAL ENGLISH

Thank you.

Sorry, could you 8_

Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

C	ould	course	meet	nice	Maybe	there	What	would
1	W	hat a	view!					
2	Wha	at			you like	to visit	?	
3	Wha	at is			to see	?		

- 4 We _____ go to the Houses of Parliament.
 5 Would you like to _____ for lunch?
- 6 That's really ______ of you.
 7 another time.
- 8 Yes of

4 READING

a Read the information about getting around the UK.



Getting around the UK

By bus and coach

In the UK, long-distance express buses are called coaches. These are always <u>economical</u>, but they can be very slow. The biggest company is National Express, which has fregulent services between big cities. They're usually cheaper if you buy your ticket early and travel at quiet times. In many towns, there are separate bus and coach stations, so passengers need to make sure they go to the right place to get their coach.

ву саг

Car travel in the UK is expensive, and there is often a lot of traffic. However, travelinp by car means that you can be independent and flexible, and a car carrying three or more passengers can be cheaper than public transport. Motorways take diverse quickly from one city to the next. but small roads are often more segrilic and fun. Parking in the centre of big cites can be difficult and very expensive. So an atternative is to use a Park & Ride. This is a system where drivers pay less to park their cars outside the city and take but so the centre.

By train

Tains are generally faster and more comfortable than coaches for longdistance travel. but they can be a low more expensive, bobut 20 different companies operate train services in the UK, so the system can be quite confissing. However, passengers can get information on interables and fares from the National Rail Enquiries website, which also has a way to buy tickets. There are two types of tocket: first and standard, and tickets are much cheaper if you buy them early.

b	Read t	he in	formation	again.	Write T	(true	or F	(false	:)
---	--------	-------	-----------	--------	---------	-------	------	--------	----

1	Taking a coach is a slow way to travel.	1
2	The best time to travel by coach is at quiet times.	
3	There isn't much traffic in the UK.	
4	In a Park & Ride system you take a train.	
5	You can buy tickets from National Rail Enquiries.	

c Match the highlighted adjectives to their meanings.

2	difficult to understand	
3	quite cheap	
4	normal	

6 happening often

5 easy to change something

1 beautiful

8A A murder story

1 GRAMMAR past simple: regular and irregular

 Read this police report. Complete the sentences with the past simple form of the verbs in brackets.

POLICE REPORT

Bank robbery

We 1arrived (arr	ive) at the bank at
9.36 in the evening,	and we 2
(park) our police ca	r outside. The bank
3(be) closed and all the
lights 4	(be) off, but we
6(loc	ok) through the
window. We 6	
person inside the ba	nk. At first we
⁷ (no	t can) see who it
was, but then he 8_	(open)
the door and came o	out – it was Steven
Potter. He 9	(not run)
away – he just walk	ed slowly to his car,
and then drove away	y. The next morning,
we 10	(go) to his house
at 6.00 a.m. We 11	(find)
him in bed. He 12	(not
want) to speak to us	s, but we 13
(take) him to the po	lice station.

b Complete the questions with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.



	LOTOK	evening? (b	e)	o yesterday
STE	VEN POTTER		cinema. The film 2sta	arted
1	What film ³	at 9.00. (sta	? (see)	
SP	I can't remen	nher It wasn'		
1	Hmm. Very in			to the
	cinema with			
SP	With my girlf	riend.		
1	5	the	film? (like)	
SP	Yes, she tho	ught it was v	ery good.	
1	What time 6_		the film	?
	(finish)			
SP	At about 10.	30.		
1	And what 7_	ES10 45	after you left the	cinema? (do)
SP	We went to a	restaurant -	- La Dolce Vita on the H	igh Street.
1	La Dolce Vita	? I know it. V	ery good spaghetti. Wh	at time
	8	the	restaurant? (leave)	
SP	At about 12.	30.		
1	That's very la	ate. 9	home after	that? (go)
SP	No, we went	to a nightclu	b - Flanagan's. Then we	went home.
1	How? 10		_ a taxi? (get)	
SP	No, we got a	bus.		
1	And what tin	ne 11	to bed? (go)	15 W 2 '
SP	At about 4.0	0 a.m. Can I g	o home now? I'm tired.	
SP	At about 4.0	a.m. Can I g	o home now? I'm tired.	

No, I'd like to ask you some more questions.

2 VOCABULARY irregular verbs

a Complete the infinitive and past forms of these irregular verbs with a.e. i. o. or u.

Infinitive	Past		
1 begin	beg <u>a</u> n		
2 c_me	cme		
3 dr_nk	drnk		
4 dr_ve	drve		
5 g_ve	gve		
6 kn_w	knw		
7 p_t	p_t		
8 s_t	s_t		
9 sw_m	swm		
10 w_ke [up]	w_ke [up]		
11 w_n	w_n		
12 wr_te	wr_te		

b Complete the sentences with the past simple form of the verbs in the box.

-	buy	find	break	hear	make	take	can	lose	meet	think
1	La	st nig	ht we_	heard	_ a no	ise do	wnsta	irs.		
2	Th	iey			_ the r	nan's c	laugh	ter wa	s the m	urderer.
3	Th	e poli	iceman	17			the m	oney	in an o	ld bag.
4	Th	iey_			the	ir frier	ids ou	itside	the rest	aurant
5	1			a	detect	ive sto	ry in	the bo	okshor).

- 5 I _____ a detective story in the bookshop.
 6 My girlfriend _____ her mobile phone last night.
 7 The man _____ a window and went into the house.
- 8 Somebody _____ my laptop when I was out of the room.
- 9 We were worried because we ______ see a police car outside our house.
- 10 I was thirsty so I ______ a cup of tea.

3 PRONUNCIATION past simple verbs

a Match the verbs with the same vowel sound.

drove could	made	said	learnt	bought	had	lost
1 came	made					
2 left						
3 got						
4 ran						
5 saw						
6 spoke _						
7 took						
8 heard						

b iChecker Listen and check. Then listen and repeat.

4 LISTENING

a fichecker Listen to a radio interview with a detective. What does he like most about his job?

b iChecker Listen again and choose a, b, or c.

- Jeremy Downs decided he
 wanted to be a detective...
 - a when he was a child.
 - b when he left school.
 - c when he finished
- university.

 2 His first job in the police was as...
- a an inspector.
- b a police officer.
- c a detective.
- 3 Jeremy took the ... Exam to become a detective.
 - a National Inspectors
 - b National Detectives
 - c National Investigators
- 4 Jeremy usually works...
 - a outside.
 - b in an office.
 - c at the police station.
- 5 He sometimes feels...when he is at work.
 - a bored
 - b stressed
 - c worried

USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

Learn these words and phrases.

library /ˈlaɪbri/ murder /ˈmɜːdə/

nobody /'nəobədi/

secretary /'sekratri/

kill /kil/

marry /'mæri/

business partner / biznas pattna/

8B A house with a history

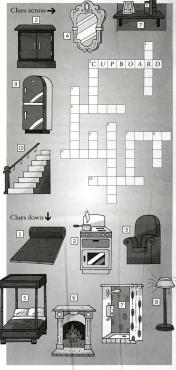
- 1 GRAMMAR there is / there are, some / any + plural nouns
- a Complete the dialogue with the correct form of there is | there are and, if necessary, a, some, or any.
 - A Hello, I'm interested in the flat to rent.
 - B Oh, OK Let me tell you about it. ¹ <u>There's a</u> large living room and ² <u>small kitchen.</u>
 - A 3 table in the kitchen?

 B No. 4 But 5
 - No, 4 ______. But 5 _____ very nice dining room with a table and some chairs.
 - A That's fine. What about the bedrooms? How many bedrooms 6 _____?
 - B 7 _____ three bedrooms and a bathroom.
 - A ⁸ shower in the bathroom?

 B Yes. ⁹
 - A Good. 10 bookshelves in the
 - living room?
 - B No, I'm sorry. But 11 ______ cupboards.
 - A That's OK. I think it's perfect for us. How much is it?
- **b** Write the sentences in the plural using *some* or *any*.
 - There's an armchair in the living room.
 There are some armchairs in the living room
 - 2 Is there a carpet downstairs?
 - 3 There's a CD on the shelf.
 - 4 Is there a glass in the cupboard?
 - 5 There isn't a file in the study.
- c Circle the correct form.
 - "(t's) / There's a nice flat and "it isn't / there isn't very expensive." There are | They are two rooms but 'there aren't / they aren't very big. "There's | It is a small kitchen and a bathroom. "There isn't | It isn't a bath in the bathroom, but "it's | there's | a new shower. The flat is on the 10th floor, so "there's | it is a fantastic view of the city. And "there's | it's a very large balcony with a lot of flowers." They are / There are beautiful in the summer!

2 VOCABULARY the house

a Complete the crossword.



Write the room.	4 LISTENING
You usually take off your coat in the hall You usually have a shower in the b You usually have dinner in the d r	a Theose: Listen to Mrs Goodings showing her house to Bradley and Joanna, a couple who are interested in renting it. Tick \(\set\) the three rooms Mrs Goodings shows them?
4 You usually use a computer in the st 5 You usually park your car in the g 6 You usually make lunch in the k 7 You usually watch television in the l r 8 You usually sleep in the b 9 You usually sit outside in the g	1 bathroom
PRONUNCIATION /1ə/ and /eə/; word stress Circle the word with a different sound.	b (Ichecker Listen again and write T (true) or F (false). 1 Mrs Goodings always eats in the kitchen. 2 Joanna doesn't like the kitchen.
they're there dear	There isn't a washing machine in the kitchen. There's a hole in the ceiling of the kitchen. Joanna likes the windows in the living room.
2 beer stairs near	6 There isn't a TV in the living room. 7 There are three bedrooms upstairs. 8 Bradley forgets about the hole in the bathroom ceiling.
3 where wear we're	USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES
4 here hair hear	Learn these words and phrases. advertisement /ad/vartismant/ barman //burman/
Checker Listen and repeat the words. Underline the stressed syllable. 1 carpet 2 mirror	dishwasher /difwofa/ lovely /lavli/ rent /rent/ a bottle of champagne /a bottl ov fæm'pem/ a long time ago /a lon tann agao/

(local) pub/pab/

Wow! /wao/ How horrible! /hao 'horobl/

- - 2 mirror
 - 3 culpboard
 - 4 ballcolny

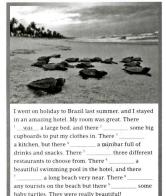
 - 5 cooker
 - 6 solfa
 - 7 arm chair 8 garage

 - 9 ceiling
- iChecker Listen and check. Then listen and repeat the words.

A night in a haunted hotel

1 GRAMMAR there was / there were

a Complete the text. Use was, were, wasn't, or weren't.



- b Complete the dialogue with a form of there was | there were.
 - A Did you have a good holiday?
 - B Not really. 1 There was a problem with my hotel.
 - A Oh dear. What happened?
 - B Well, we couldn't swim because 2 a swimming pool. And 3 any restaurants near the hotel.
 - a minibar in your room?
 - a television. The only thing in my room was the bed!
 - A Oh. 7 _____ a bathroom?

 B Yes, but 8 _____ any clean towels. Everything was very dirty.
 - A 9 _____ any nice people in the hotel?
 B Yes, 10 _____ some great people, but they
 - all felt the same as me very angry!

2 VOCABULARY prepositions: place and movement

Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

behind	from.	to	in	in front of	next to	opposite
out of	over	une	der	up		



2 The boy is sitting the girl. the man. 3 The woman is 4 There's a ghost standing the woman. the table. 5 There's a bag 6 A waiter is coming the kitchen. the waiter. 7 There's a ghost ___ 8 The waiter is carrying the plates _ the kitchen____ the kitchen door. 9 There's a clock the stairs.

10 A ghost is going __

3 PRONUNCIATION silent letters

- Cross out the silent letters.
 - 3 white 5 autumn 7 builder 1 ghost 4 know 6 walk 8 wrong 2 cupboard
- iChecker Listen and repeat. Copy the rhythm.
- iChecker Listen and underline the stressed words.
 - 1 There was a lamp on the table.
 - 2 There wasn't a bath in the bathroom. 3 Was there a mirror in the bedroom?
 - 4 There were some books on the shelf.
 - 5 There weren't any cupboards in the kitchen.
- 6 Were there any plants in the study?
- iChecker Listen again and repeat the sentences.

4 READING

Read the text. Write T (true) or F (false).

- 1 Maesmawr Hall is more than 500 years old. 2 People have seen ghosts inside and outside the hotel.
- 3 The ghosts are all of people who lived in the house in the past.

F

- 4 Robin Drwg's ghost sometimes appears as a bull.
- 5 Paranormal investigators didn't think that Maesmawr Hall
- was haunted.

5 LISTENING

- iChecker Listen to four people talking about hotel rooms. Which countries did they visit?
- iChecker Listen again. Match the speakers to the rooms.
 - Speaker 2 Speaker 3 Speaker 4 Speaker 4 Speaker 1
 - A The room was under the water.
 - B The room had mirrors on the walls and the ceiling.
 - C The room wasn't very comfortable.
 - D The room was up a tree.

USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

Learn these words and phrases.

ghosts /gousts/

haunted /ho:ntid/ strange /streind3/ guest /gest/

owner /'ouna/ In the middle of the night /in do midl by do 'nait/ priest /pri:st/

remote control /rimant kan'traul/ brave /breiv/

frightened /'fraitnd/





Maesmawr Hall: A Haunted House in Wales

aesmawr Hall is a manor house in Powys, Wales, It was built in 1535 and today is a 20-bedroom hotel and venue for weddings. It is famous because people say it is haunted.

Many quests say that they have seen ghosts. A businessman who stayed at the hotel said that when he looked out of the window he saw hundreds of Roman soldiers marching. In fact, in Roman times there was a road which passed through the grounds of Maesmawr Hall. Other quests said they saw the ghosts of the Davies sisters who owned the hotel in the 1900s, and the ghost of an old housekeeper walking through a wall in the hall. But perhaps most frightening is the story that the ghost of an evil man called Robin Drwg haunts the woods around the hotel. Some people say that they have seen this ghost suddenly change into the shape of a bull.

Maesmawr was on a TV programme about houses with ghosts called Most Haunted. The TV show presenters and investigators from the Mid Wales Paranormal (MWP) reported lots of strange activity in the hall seeing balls of light, feeling movements, and hearing unusual sounds. During the investigation, the floor in one of the upstairs rooms moved. The hotel's current owner. Nigel Humphryson, says he often hears voices and banging noises that he cannot explain.

So if you're interested in ghosts, why not stay here? But don't go outside at night unless you're feeling really brave!

What I ate yesterday

- 1 GRAMMAR countable / uncountable nouns: a / an, some / any
- a What did Sarah and Martin buy when they went shopping vesterday? Write a, an, or some in the gaps.

some	sausages	6	orange
2	lettuce	7	pineapple
3	eggs	8	crisps
·	carrots	9	biscuits
5	jam	10	milk
		-	

- b Write the sentences in the positive + or negative form.
 - 1 There's some ham in the fridge.
 - There isn't any ham in the fridge
 - 2 There are some strawberries in our garden. - There
 - 3 I didn't have an egg for breakfast.
 - 4 There isn't any sugar in my tea.
 - + There

 - 5 I didn't eat any snacks yesterday.
 - 6 There weren't any sandwiches in the kitchen. + There
 - 7 I bought a pineapple at the supermarket.
 - 8 There was some bread in the cupboard. - There
- c Complete the dialogue with a, an, some, or any.
 - A What do we need to buy for our dinner party? Let's make a list.
 - B Well, I want to make 1 a lasagne, so we need 2 pasta and 3 meat
 - A Pasta...and meat. What about tomatoes? Are there tomatoes in the fridge?
 - B Let's have a look. There's 5 onion, but there aren't tomatoes. Put those on the list, too.
 - A Right...tomatoes. Is there 7___ cheese?
 - B Yes, there's mozzarella cheese, so that's perfect.
 - A Let's have 9 _____ salad with the lasagne.
 - B OK. Then we need to buy 10 _____ lettuce.
 - A What about dessert? Is there 11 fruit? B No, there isn't. Let's get 12 _____ strawberries.

2 VOCABULARY food

a Complete the crossword.



Write the words in the correct column.

apples bananas biscuits carrots chocolate crisps mushrooms onions oranges peas pineapple potatoes sandwiches strawberries sweets

3 PRONUNCIATION the letters ea

a (Circle) the word with a different sound.

11 tree	1 meat breakfast tea	
egg	2 bread healthy ice cream	
train	3 eat great steak	

b iChecker Listen and check. Then listen and repeat the words.

4 READING

a Read the article and match the headings to the paragraphs.

coconut water ice lollies roast camel

- **b** Read the article again. Write T (true) or F (false).
- The Bedouin people eat roast camel on special occasions.
 - camel on special occasions.

 There are seven ingredients in the Bedouin meal.
 - 3 Frank Epperson's drink froze
 - because the weather was cold.

 4 He sold his first ice lolly when
 - he was 29 years old.

 5 According to the article, you can find coconut water in all
 - can find coconut water in all coconuts.
 - 6 Coconut water has a lot of sugar.
- c Guess the meaning of the highlighted words. Check in your dictionary.



5 LISTENING

 a iChecker Listen to four speakers talking about their favourite meal. Complete the meals.

Speaker 1	roast	
Speaker 2	tikka 1	masala
Speaker 3	and ch	nips
Speaker 4	sweet and sour	*

b iChecker Listen again. Match the speakers to the sentences.

Speaker 1	A I often eat it outside.
Speaker 2	B I always order rice with it.
Speaker 3	C I have it at a local restaurant.
Speaker 4	D I eat it when I visit my parents.

USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

Learn these words and phrases.

cream /kritm/ dishes /dtftz/ ingredients /m'gridients/ popcorn /'popkom/ sauce /sass/ sweetcorn /'switkom/ takeaway (food) /'tetkower/ delicious /dr/fjss/ vegetarian /vedga/teorian/

Three interesting food facts

a glass (of wine) /a glass/

1

The Bedouin people, who live in the deserts of Africa, sometimes prepare a very big meal to celebrate weddings. The cook uses some eggs, some fish, some chickens, a sheep, and a camel to prepare it. He Stuffs the fish with the eggs, the chickens with the fish, the sheep with the chickens, and the camel with the sheep. Then he cooks all the ingredients together in an enormous owen in the ground.

2

It was an II-year-old American boy who invented these. In 1905, the boy, Frank Epperson, wanted to make a drink. He put some soda powder in a cup of water and used a stick to mix it. Then he forgot about the drink and left it outside. That night it was very cold, so the mixture froze. Eighteen years later, he made some more of the frozen mixture and sold his first one at an amusement park. Americans call them 'popsicles'.

You can find this liquid in young fruit that are still green, People drank it in South-East Asia, Africa, and the Caribbean before it became popular as a health drink. Today athletes drink it after doing sport. It is very good for you as it is low in fats and sugars. Doctors sometimes use it in an emergency because it is similar to human plasma.

9B White gold

- 1 GRAMMAR quantifiers: how much / how many, a lot of, etc.
- a Complete the questions. Then complete the sentences.







1 He doesn't have much salt with his meals.

2 He

5 He

3 Sile







 $\boldsymbol{b} \quad \text{Read the information and write questions}.$

FOOD FACTS

There is 23g of sugar in an orange.

There are about 125 calories in a banana.

There are about 18 oranges in a carton of orange juice.

There is 1.2g of salt in a bowl of cereal.

There are six eggs in a box.

There is 454g of jam in a jar.

- 1 How much sugar is there in an orange
 Answer: 23g.
- Answer: About 125.
- Answer: About 18.
- Answer: 1.2g.
- Answer: six.
 - Answer: 454g.

2 VOCABULARY food containers

a Unscramble the words to make food containers.

1	rja	jar
2	bxo	
3	rncoat	
4	nit	
5	cpeatk	
6	nca	(Calable)
7	tothle	

b Complete the sentences with a container from a.

1 She was thirsty, so she bought a <u>can</u> of fizzy drink.
2 Do you need the scissors to open the of juice?

3 He took the ______ of strawberry jam out of the cupboard.

4 There is a small of crisps in that big bag.
5 We always take a of water when we

go for a walk.

6 They made some sandwiches with a ____

of tuna.

7 I gave her a ______ of chocolates to say thank you.

3 PRONUNCIATION /ʃ/ and /s/

a Circle the word with a different sound.

S. ² snake	1 sugar salad cereal
shower	2 sure fresh salt
S. snake	3 rice shopping science
Shower	4 short information centre

- b iChecker Listen and check. Then listen and repeat the words.
- c iChecker Listen and repeat the sentences.
 - 1 She saw Susan standing outside the cinema.
 - 2 Shawn said sorry for singing in the shower.
 - 3 Steve puts six spoons of sugar on his cereal.
 - 4 Sylvia spends Saturdays in the shopping centre.

4 LISTENING

Gilbecker Listen to the radio show about food groups.
 Complete the examples of the groups.



	5 fats and	sugars: cakes,	, sweets, crisp
b	iChecker	Listen again. Comp	olete the gaps with

4 milk and dairy: _____, yoghurt

	one word.
1	Carbohydrates give us
2	Fruits and vegetables contain important

3 Protein helps our bodies to _____ and repair.
4 Milk and dairy are important for our bones

and ______.

5 You should eat fats and sugars ______ or

USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

Learn these words and phrases.

a week.

gold /goold/ spoon /spu:n/ vitamins /'vitaminz/

fresh /fres/

spoonful //spu:nfol/

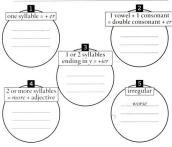
instead of /in sted av/

9C Quiz night

1 GRAMMAR comparative adjectives

 Write the comparative forms of these adjectives in the correct circle.

bad beautiful cheap dry sad difficult dirty cold far wet high hungry comfortable thin good



- b Write sentences using the opposite adjective.
 - 1 A bike is slower than a car.
 - A car is faster than a bike
 - 2 Lions are smaller than tigers.
 - Tigers _____
 - 3 Ireland is wetter than Italy.
 - 4 January is longer than February.
 - February ______

 5 A laptop is more expensive than an iPod.
 - An iPod____
 - Fridays are better than Mondays.
 Mondays
 - A cooker is hotter than a fridge.
 A fridge
 - 8 Italian is easier than Russian. Russian

2 VOCABULARY high numbers

- a Checker Listen and circle the correct numbers
 - 1 104 304 2 586 596
 - 3 2,670 2,660
 - 4 8.905 9.905
 - 5 11,750 12,750
 - 6 543,830 553,830 7 1,315,000 1,350,000
 - 8 25,460,000 35,460,000
- b Checker Listen and write the numbers in words.
- b stellegger Listen and write the numbers in words
- 1 125
 - 2 895
 - 3 4,500
 - 4 12,470
 - 5 33,930
- 6 575,600
- 7 6,250,000
- 8 34,800,265

3 PRONUNCIATION /a/; sentence stress

a Write the words in the chart.

better cheaper colder dirtier drier easier healthier higher shorter slower taller worse

\bigcirc	/re	3	e	90	a
tree	horse	bird	egg	phone	bike
			better		L.
					dr.

b fichecker Listen and repeat.

- iChecker Listen and underline the stressed words.
- 1 A pencil is cheaper than a pen.
 - 2 June is shorter than July.
- 3 The kitchen is dirtier than the living room.
- 4 An apple is healthier than a biscuit.
- 5 Switzerland is colder than France.
- 6 Everest is higher than Kilimanjaro.
- d iChecker Listen again and repeat the sentences.

 Copy the rhythm.

4 READING

- a Read the sentences. Do you think they are T (true) or F (false)? Then read the article and check.
 - 1 Cycling is safer than driving.
 - 2 Dogs are more intelligent than cats.
 - 3 South America is bigger than
 - North America.

 4 Margarine is healthier than butter.
- b Guess the meaning of the highlighted words. Check the meaning and pronunciation in your dictionary.

5 LISTENING

General Listen to a conversation between a couple talking about two cities with the same name. Write T (true) or F (false).

- More people live in Birmingham UK than Birmingham USA. I.
- 2 Birmingham UK is bigger than Birmingham USA.
- Birmingham USA is greener than Birmingham UK.
 Birmingham USA is older than Birmingham UK.
- 5 Birmingham USA is wetter than Birmingham UK.
- 6 Birmingham UK is colder than Birmingham USA.

USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

Learn these words and phrases.

contestants /kənˈtestənts/ population /popjuˈleɪʃn/

prize /praiz/

approximately /əˈprɒksɪmətli/ win a competition /wɪn ə kompəˈtɪʃn/

iChecker TESTS FILE 9



1 Scientists at Oxford University did some research into the brains of different groups of imammals. They looked at the changes in the size of the brains over the last 60 million years and they discovered that there were bigger changes in dogs' brains than there were in cats' brains. They think that dogs are cleverer than cats because they are more social.

2 There are 12 countries in South America including Argentina and Brazil. It has an area of 17,840,000 square kilometres and its population is over 371,090,000. North America includes Canada and the USA but it also contains the countries of Central America. It covers an area of about 24,709,000 square kilometres and its population is nearly 529 million. This makes it bigger than South America.

3 When the British Medical Journal studied the number of people injured in traffic accidents in the UK, they got a surprise. They discovered that for every 100 car passengers who went to hospital, there were 66 cyclists. However, a lot of people travel by car, and only a few go by bike, so the results show that cycling is actually more dangerous than driving.

4 Experts have different opinions about margarine and butter, and there is a big argument about which one is better for you. The truth is that margarine today is better than it was in the past because producers use a different type of vegetable oil. Butter still contains a lot of animal fat. Margarine today contains less fat which makes it healthier than butter.

Practical English At a restaurant

1 VOCABULARY AND READING

- a Look at the menu and answer the questions.
 - 1 Which is the best starter for somebody on a diet?
 - 2 What main course can a vegetarian have?
 - 3 Can you have fruit for dessert?
 - 4 How many types of coffee are there?
 - 5 Do children pay the same as adults?

Taste of Heaven Restaurant MENU

	with the business of the busin		1000
Starte	rs		
Chicken so	oup		£3.50
Prawn coo	ktail		£4.25
Grilled veg	getables with low-fat chee	ese (V)	£4.75
Salads			
Mixed sala	ad (V)	2	£5.50
Seafood sa	alad		£7.25
Main o	courses		
Roast bee	f served with roast potatoe	es and vegetables	£12.25
Mushroom	risotto with Parmesan ch	eese (V)	£9.50
Fried salm	on served with chips and	peas	£10.75
Dessei	rts		
Fresh fruit	salad		£3.95
Chocolate	brownie with cream		£4.50
New York	cheesecake		£4.25
Bevera	ages		
Glass of w	rine (red or white)		£2.95
Bottle of v	vine (red or white)		£10.50
Beer			£3.50
Soft drink	s		£2.75
Coffee (es	presso or latte)		£2.25
Set me	enu		
£14.95 (se	e the board for today's che	oice)	

25% discount on children's portions (V) Suitable for vegetarians

b Underline the words or phrases you don't know. Use your dictionary to look up their meaning and pronunciation.

2 ORDERING A MEAL

Complete the dialogue with one word in each gan.

A	Good evening. Do you	u have a 1reservation ?
В	Yes, a 2	for two. My name's
	Miriam Kieslowski.	
A	Come this 3	, please.
A	Are you ready to 4_	?
В	Yes. The grilled vege	tables and the mushroom
	risotto, please.	
C	5	like the prawn cocktail an
	then the roast beef,	please.
A	What would you 6	to drink?
C	7	water for me.
В	A bottle of mineral w	ater, please.
A	8	or sparkling?
В	Is sparkling OK?	
C	Yes, sparkling.	
A	Thank you, madam.	
В	Thank you.	

3 SOCIAL ENGLISH

Match the sentences 1-6 to the correct

re	esponses a-t.	
1	What do you do on your birthday?	C
2	Would you like a dessert?	
3	A decaf espresso.	
4	Can I use your phone?	
5	Good news?	
6	Could we have the bill, please?	

- a Not for me, thanks.
- b Yes. I got the job!
- c Nothing special:
- d Yes, of course, sir.
- e The same for me, please.
- f Yes, go ahead.

10A The most dangerous road...

1 GRAMMAR superlative adjectives

Complete the chart.

Adjective	Comparative	Superlative
1 cold	colder	the coldest
2 high		
3 expensive		
4 dry		
5 dangerous		
6 hot		
7 beautiful		
8 interesting	Service .	
9 good		
10 bad		

- b Write the questions.
 - 1 What / small continent / world
 - What's the smallest continent in the world
 - 2 What / big ocean / world
 - 3 What / large country / world
 - 4 What / populated city / world
 - 5 What / wet place / world
 - 6 What / dry desert / world
 - 7 What / common native language / world
- c (Circle) the correct answer to the questions in b.
 - 1 a (Australia)
 - b Europe
 - c South America

8 What / cold place / world

- 2 a The Atlantic
 - b The Pacific
 - c The Indian Ocean

- 3 a Canada
 - b China
 - Russia
- 4 a Mumbai
- b Shanghai
- c Buenos Aires
- 5 a India
- b Ireland
- c Brazil
- 6 a The Sahara Desert (Africa)
- b The Arizona Desert (The USA)
 - b The Arizona Desert (The USA)
- c The Atacama Desert (South America)
- 7 a Mandarin Chinese
- b English
- c Hindi
- 8 a The Arctic
 - b Alaska
 - c The Antarctic

2 VOCABULARY places and buildings

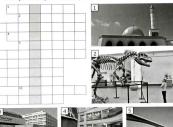
Complete the sentences with a word from each box.

art car department police post railway shopping town centre gallery hall office park station station store

- 1 Where can you visit different shops?
- At a <u>shopping centre</u>.

 Where can you see paintings?
- 3 Where can you get a train from?
- 4 Where can you buy a stamp?
- 5 Where can you talk to a policeman?
- 6 Where can you buy clothes for all the family?
- 7 Where can you leave your car?
- 8 Where can you speak to a local politician?
 In the

b Complete the puzzle. Can you find the hidden word?











3 PRONUNCIATION consonant groups

iChecker Listen and repeat the sentences.

- It's the cheapest place to live.
- 2 It's the highest mountain in the world.
- 3 He's the healthiest person in the family.
- 4 It's the prettiest village in the country.
- 5 It's the most difficult language to learn.
- 6 It's the most polluted city in the area.
- 7 They're the most attractive couple I know.
- 8 She's the most intelligent person in the class.

4 LISTENING

a GChecker Listen to a radio interview with a travel writer. What is his book called?

I Uluru is the rock in the world.

2 It's kilometres long.

The world's highest waterfall is in _____.

The tallest building in the world is _____ metres high.

5 The world's oldest city began in ______BC.

6 The world's longest railway goes from ______ to Vladivostok.

7 The shortest runway in the world is ______ metres long.

5 READING

- a Read the text and write T (true) or F (false).
 - 1 Ulm Münster is the world's biggest church.
 - 2 You can sometimes see the mountains from the top of the church.
 - 3 Ulm Münster was the city's first church.
 - 4 Construction of the church took over 500 years.
 - 5 The church opens every day at 8 o'clock.
 - 6 It's very expensive to visit Ulm Münster.
- b Guess the meaning of the highlighted words. Check in your dictionary.

LIMIT

THE

SKY'S

Ulm Münster in Germany is the tallest church in the world. The tallest part of the church is the steeple, which is 161.5 metres high and contains 768 steps. From the top of the church there is a view of the city, and on a clear day you can see the Alps.

Before the Münster was built, Ulm already had a church outside the city walls. However, the inhabitants of the city decided that they wanted a new church in the town centre and they agreed to pay for the building.

Construction of the church began in 1377 but the building wasn't completed until 31st May, 1890. At first the work was difficult because the heaviest parts fell down and the builders had to repair them. Then construction stopped from 1543 to 1817 for political reasons.

Today, tourists can visit the church every day of the year. Winter opening hours are from 9 a.m. to 4.45 p.m. and the church is open in the summer months from 8 a.m. to 7.45 p.m. Admission to the church is free, but the price of climbing the steeple is 6.3 for adults and 62 for children.

USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

Learn these words and phrases.

accidents /'æksidənts/

fun /fʌn/ region /ˈriːdʒən/

nearly /ˈnɪəli/ popular /ˈpopjələ/

wide (opposite narrow) /waid/

below (opposite above) /bi'lou/

10B CouchSurf round the world!

1 GRAMMAR be going to (plans), future time expressions

a Order the words to make sentences.

1	are / there / you / get / to / How / going
	How are you going to get there
2	to / isn't / He / a / going / stay / in / hotel

- 3 show / to / They're / city / going / the / me
- 4 good / going / time / have / We're / to / a
- 5 is /home / to / she / going / When / go
- 6 not / sights / going / I'm / see / the / to

b Complete the sentences. Use the correct form of going to. 1 __Are they going to leave__ by train? (they / leave)

- 2 We _____ our friends the city. (show)
 3 They _____ nice meals in expensive
- restaurants. (have)
 4 _____ with a friend? (you / stay)
- 5 They _____ the museum. (not visit)
 6 _____ the sights? (they / see)
- 7 He ______ a lot of people. (meet)
- 8 She _____ on holiday this year. (not go)

 c Complete the dialogue. Use the correct form of going to.
- A So, where ¹ _are you going to go_ (go) on holiday?

 B 1² _____ (travel) round Europe for a few weeks.
 - A Really? Where 3 (stay)?

 B Well, this year I 4 (not/sleep) in hotels.
 - Instead, I'm going to CouchSurf.

 A CouchSurf? What a great ideal 5 (travel)
 - B Yes, I am. My girlfriend ⁶ (drive) to Marbella with some friends. They ⁷ (spend) all day on the beach and they ⁸ (dance) all night.
 - Idon't like that kind of holiday. I 9 (meet)
 lots of new people and see lots of new places.

 A Which countries 10 ? (visit)
 - B Italy first, and then Croatia, Greece, and Turkey. My
 CouchSurfing hosts 11 (show) me the
 sights. 112 (have) a great time!

2 VOCABULARY holidays

a Write the expressions in the correct column.

the sights	in a hotel nice meals
somebody	around your town with a friend
	1 11
GO	back home
LIANE	

00	Duck nome	
HAVE		
SEE		
SHOW		
STAY		

 $b \quad \text{Complete the text with the verbs from } a. \\$



Maria is really happy because	
holiday tomorrow. She's going	
with her cousins in London. 7	
3 her	around the city and she's
going to 4	all the sights. They're
going to 5	lots of nice meals
together. She's going to 6	by plane,
and she's going to 7	in London for
a week. The second week, Ma	iria and her cousins are going
to travel to the coast. They're	going to "
in a hotel, and they're going	to 9
a great time. Maria's going to	
back to London before she go	

3 PRONUNCIATION sentence stress

- iChecker Listen and underline the stressed words.
 - 1 How are you going to get there?
 - 2 Where are you going to stay?
 - 3 We're going to stay for a week.
 - 4 I'm going to see the sights.
 - 5 We aren't going to go by car. 6 I'm not going to stay in a hotel.
- iChecker Listen again and repeat the sentences. Copy the rhythm.

4 LISTENING

- iChecker Listen to four speakers talking about their first experience of CouchSurfing. How many people did not enjoy the experience?
- (Checker Listen again and match the speakers to the sentences A-D.

Speaker 1	Speaker 3
Speaker 2	Speaker 4

- A CouchSurfing gave me the chance to make friends.
- B CouchSurfing helped me with my work.
- C My host was also my tourist guide to the city.
- D My second experience of CouchSurfing was better than the first.

5 READING

Read the text. Answer the questions with H (Hannah), A (Arno), V (Virginie), or R (Rory).

- 1 Which person made new friends while travelling?
- 2 Who spent very little on accommodation? 3 Who used their InterRail pass on another form
- of transport? 4 Who was travelling abroad for the first time?
- 5 Which person found it easy to make new plans
- while travelling?

USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

Learn these words and phrases.

couch /kaotf/

flatmate /flatmeit/ a host /o 'houst/

tap /tæp/

create a profile /krient a 'proofail/

recommend (things to do) /reko'mend/ Have a good trip! /əv ə god 'trɪp/

It's free. /its 'fri:/

Travelling by InterRail

Since 1972, backpackers have enjoyed the freedom to explore 30 European countries, thanks to the InterRail pass. Here, InterRail travellers say why they love InterRail so much.

Hannah Kopper (23, England)

Route

Amsterdam - Hamburg - Berlin - Warsaw - Krakow - Prague - Vienna - Budapest - Zagreb - Split - Mostar - Sarajevo Belgrade

I love InterRail because you can go where you want, when you want! When we started our journey, we had an idea of where we wanted to go, but as we travelled we got new ideas. Changing our plans was easy - you can stay an extra night or two if you like a place, and if you don't like it you can go somewhere else. The InterRail pass gives you real freedom.

Arno Valentjin (29, The Netherlands)

Amsterdam - Bonn - Stuttgart - Salzburg - Ljubljana - Split -Pescara - Bari - Corfu - Igoumenitsa - Patras - Athens

One of the best things about InterRail is that you get cheaper, or even free travel on ferries as well as trains. I travelled to Split in Croatia and then took the ferry to Pescara in Italy. Then I travelled by InterRail to the south of Italy, and then took the ferry to the Greek island of Corfu. It was fantastic! You also get discounts on hotels, tourist attractions, and lots more.

Virginie Gauguet (26, France)

Paris - Versailles - Épernay - Blois - Angers - Lyons -Chamonix - Nice - Monaco - Ventimiglia - Pisa - Florence -Perugia - Assisi - Rome - Naples

In six weeks I met so many new interesting people and made friends from all over the world. It's a cheap way to travel too, especially if you take the night trains - I saved a lot of money on accommodation this way. I really want to go InterRailing again!

Rory Mitchell (21, Scotland)

Innsbruck - Venice - Sienna - Lucca - Pisa - Florence -Cannes - Monaco - Nice - Figueras - Rosas - Barcelona -Paris - Antwerp

This was the first time I'd left the UK, and I loved it. InterRail is safe and easy for first-time travellers. I got an InterRail Global Pass so I could take as many trains as I wanted. I saw many amazing places, and learnt a lot about Europe's culture and history. I visited over 15 cities in less than a month. I'm definitely going to do it again next year!

10C What's going to happen?

1 GRAMMAR be going to (predictions)

a Look at the pictures. Write sentences using these verbs and be going to.

buy change eat have listen lose read take



1 .	They're going to eat	_ a pizza.
2 .		_ some money
3 .		_ a newspaper
4		_ a coffee.
5		to music.
6		_ a book.
7		_ a photo.
8		his passport

b Write a letter in the box: A = plan, B = prediction.

1	I'm going to buy some stamps.	A
2	It's going to be cold tomorrow.	
3	Jim's going to study tonight.	
4	Our team is going to lose this match.	
5	There's going to be a storm later.	

6 I think that restaurant's going to close.7 They're going to buy a new TV.8 I'm going to book a flight online.

2 VOCABULARY	verb phrases
--------------	--------------

Complete the phrases with the verbs in the box.

be	become	fall	get (x3)	have	meet	move	trave
1 _	be_luck	y					
2 _			somet	ody no	ew		
3			to a di	fferen	count	ry	
4			marri	ed			
5	have		_ a lot o	fmone	ey.		
5 _			in love	2			
7			famou	18			
8			a new	job			
9			a surp	rise			
0			house				

3 PRONUNCIATION the letters oo

a Look at the pairs of words. Tick ✓ the pairs with the same sound and cross ✗ the pairs that are different.

1 cl	hoose	school	/
2 b	ook	soon	×
3 fc	ood	moon	
4 g	ood	cook	
5 to	ook	spoon	
6 lo	ook	too	

b iChecker Listen and check. Then listen and repeat.

4 READING

- a Read the text. Match the headings to the paragraphs.
 - 1 Give me your hand 3 How do you like your tea?
 - 2 Let's play cards 4 What's inside the ball?
- b Read the text again and write T (true) or F (false).
 1 The easiest way to read Tarot cards is to use
 - four cards. _____

 2 An image of a nurse means bad health. _____
 - 3 A strong Heart line means you're going to find love. ___
 - 4 A shape of a bird means bad luck.
- c Guess the meaning of the highlighted words. Check in your dictionary.

5 LISTENING

a ichesier Listen to Pete and Amy's conversation about the psychic Uri Geller. Was his trick with the spoons real?



b	ichecker	Listen again a	and write	(true) or	F (false)
	1 A lot of i	eople watched	Uri Geller	in the pas	t

- 2 Pete and Amy see a video of the trick.
- 3 Amy doesn't believe the trick at first.
- 4 Uri doesn't use a normal spoon.
- 5 Uri doesn't speak during the trick.
- 6 Today, Uri doesn't appear in public.

The name behind the method

In tasseography, the fortune-teller uses tea leaves to predict the future. You drink a cup of tea and leave a small amount in the bottom of the cup. Then you move the tea round the cup three times, cover it with a saucer, and turn it upside down. The fortune-teller looks at the shape the tea leaves make. For example, a bird means that you're going to have good news.

In crystallomancy, the fortune-teller uses a glass and ball. She places the ball on the table between you and her, and looks into it for a long period of time. At first, the ball looks ault and cloudy, but then it clears and images start to appear. The fortune-teller uses these pictures to predict your future. For example, a nurse means that you're going to be ill.

In Tarot reading, the fortune-teller uses a special pack of Tarot cards to predict the future. There are 78 cards in the pack, and there are different ways of using them. The quickest is to lay three cards on the table from left to right. The cards represent the past, the present, and the future. The fortune-teller turns over the cards and says what they mean. For example, the Sun means that you're going to become famous.

Chiromancy is also called palmistry and it's when the fortune-teller studies the lines on the palm of your hand to predict your future. There are four major lines on the hand: the Life line, the Head line, the Heart line, and the Health line. For example, a strong Heart line means that you're going to find the right partner and be happy in your life.

USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

Learn these words and phrases.

soon /su:n/ be lucky /bi ˈlʌki/

Come in! /kam m/

get married /get 'mærid/ move to another country /mu:v tu ənʌðə 'kʌntri/

4 ACTION 11 N. P. P.

iChecker TESTS FILE 10

First impressions

1 GRAMMAR adverbs (manners and modifiers)

- a Complete the sentences with an adverb.
 - 1 The French cook perfect meals. They cook perfectly ..
 - 2 The Germans are careful drivers. They drive ___
 - 3 The British are very polite.
 - They speak very _ 4 The Brazilians are good at football.
 - They play football 5 The Japanese are very hard workers.
 - They work very _
 - 6 The Canadians eat healthy food. They eat
 - 7 The Swedish speak beautiful English. They speak English
- b (Circle) the correct word.
 - - 1 My brother dresses casual / (casually).
 - 2 Frank cooks real / really well.
 - 3 It's easy / easily to ride a bike. 4 They walked quick | quickly to the
 - railway station. 5 He's very quiet / quietly. He never says
 - anything! 6 Elena's pizzas are incredible incredibly.

 - 7 My French is very bad / badly. 8 Can you speak more slow / slowly?
 - 9 Mark speaks English good / well.
 - 10 She eats unhealthily / unhealthy.

 - 11 They have real / really stressful jobs.



2 VOCABULARY common adverbs

Make adverbs from the adjectives and complete the sentences.

eareful good easy hard healthy	incredible	perfect	quiet
the ideal city			
car drivers drivecarefully			
workers work			
families eat			
people speak foreign languages			
you can travel around			
people talk			
everybody treats tourists			
everything is			
, ,			

3 PRONUNCIATION word stress

a Underline the stressed syllable in the adverbs. Which three adverbs are not stressed on the first syllable?

1	beautifully	Ь	increalply
2	care fu lly	7	per fect ly
3	calsually	8	politely
4	danigelrously	Q	unhealthill

5 fashionably

iChecker Listen and check. Then listen and repeat the adverbs.

4 READING

- a Read the text. Match the headings A-D to the paragraphs.
 - A The Polish way of life
 - B Feeling at home abroad
 - C. My first impressions
 - D Not what I expected

First impressions of Warsaw

Danny MacIntyre, from Scotland, came to Poland for the first time seven years ago. He now lives in Warsaw where he runs a small media company.

You always remember your first impressions of a new country. When I first came to Warsaw, I didn't know much about Poland at all. I didn't know anything about the culture. I didn't think the food was going to be very exciting, and I expected the weather to be similar to Scotland - maybe even a bit colder! But when I got there, I discovered how wrong I was.

It was summer, and it was hot! In fact, the temperature was over 30 degrees! My first impression was that Warsaw was more beautiful than I expected. I spent a lot of time just walking around looking at the incredible architecture. I felt that the city had wonderful atmosphere and lots of energy.

Polish people are very friendly. Most people can speak a bit of English and many speak it very well. I am trying to learn Polish, but it is very difficult. Fortunately, people don't mind when I make mistakes! Polish people are very hospitable, and they love to socialize - get together, eat, drink, and talk. Parties often don't finish until early the next morning. I am now married to a Polish woman. At our wedding, our guests didn't leave until 5.00 a.m. the next morning!

Poland is a great place to live. It has everything friendly people; cheap travel; delicious food; the summers are hot; and there's great skiing in the winter. There are mountains, lakes, and beaches; beautiful cities and fascinating culture. I still love Scotland, but Poland feels like home now.

b Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

impressions architecture expect 1 Danny's first of Warsaw are very memorable. 2 Before he got to Poland, Danny didn't know much about Polish 3 He didn't the city to be so beautiful. 4 He was very impressed by the in Warsaw. 5 He also liked the energy and _ of the city.

atmosphere culture socializing fascinating hospitality

with their family and friends. 7 Polish people like_ 8 Danny finds the Polish culture

of the Polish people is well known.

5 LISTENING

iChecker Listen to two people talking about where they live. Answer the questions.

Speaker 1 Brno, Czech Republic 1 Why is the city so quiet and

- empty at the weekend?
- 2 Where are there lots of shops? 3 How are they different from the
- ones in the main shopping areas?



Speaker 2 Reykjavik, Iceland 4 When do people go to swimming pools and hot tubs?

- 5 What are there very few of in the Icelandic countryside?
- 6 How many people are there ...? a in Reykjavik b in the second-biggest city
- 7 What kind of things do
- Icelandic people make?



USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

Learn these words and phrases.

a foreigner /o 'forono/ myth /mi0/ subtitles /'sabtaitlz/ incredible /m'kredabl/ incredibly /m'kredobli/ dress (well) /'dres/ a strong accent /o stron 'æksent/ first impressions /fa:st tm'prefnz/ get dark /get 'dg:k/ in general /in 'dʒenrəl/ lock (your) doors /lpk 'do:z/

11B What do you want to do?

3

1 GRAMMAR verbs + to + infinitive a Complete the sentences with to and a verb in

	ecome cook download go top visit	ride spend
1	I'd like to go on a safari.	
2	My brother's learning a motorbike.	
3	Do you needyour computer?	less time on
4	She wants	biting her nails.
	Would you like	
	We know all their songs, so the lyric	S.
	I'm leaving home next mont a meal.	
8	a meal.	a singer?
8	a meal. Do you want /rite sentences or questions (se contractions. he / have very long hair	a singer? s with would like.
8	Do you want a meal. /rite sentences or questions/se contractions.	a singer? s with would like.
8	a meal. Do you want /rite sentences or questions se contractions. he / have very long hair He wouldn't like to have ve	a singer? s with would like.
1 2	a meal. Do you want /rite sentences or questions se contractions. he / have very long hair He wouldn't like to have ve	a singer? s with would like.

5 she / make a short film -

6 they | get married ?

2 VOCABULARY verbs that take the infinitive

۰	OOADOLAIL! VOIDO CITAL CATA
M	latch the sentences 1-8 to the sentences a-h.
2 3 4 5 6 7	I'm having some lessons. Our washing machine is broken. I have a lot of dresses. I'm playing tennis tomorrow. That girl is Brazilian so I can't speak to her. We are looking at hotels in the South of France. I don't have time to do my homework now. I'm in love with my boy friend.
d e f g h	I'd like to learn Portuguese. I promise to do it later. I hope to win the match. We want to get married. We're planning to go there on holiday. Finitearning to drive: We need to buy a new one. I decided to wear the red one. PRONUNCIATION sentence stress inderline the stressed words.
	A Would you like to drive a sports car? B Yes, I'd love to. A Why? B Because I love cars and I love driving.
	A Would you like to ride a horse? B No, I wouldn't. A Why not? B Because I don't like horses.
(1)	A Do you want to learn to cook? B Yes, I need to. A Why? B Because I want to live on my own.

iChecker Listen and check. Then listen and repeat

the dialogues.

LISTENING

iChecker Listen to a TV presenter interviewing three people about things they want to do with their lives. What are their ambitions?



1 Dave



2 Sandy



3 Eddie

- iChecker Listen again and write T (true) or F (false).
 - 1 Dave had a Triumph motorbike when he was younger.
 - 2 Dave has a girlfriend.
 - 3 Sandy is planning to visit Canada with her boyfriend.
 - 4 Sandy enjoys flying.
 - 5 Eddie has tickets to see his favourite band in concert.
 - 6 Kings of Leon aren't touring this year.

USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

Learn these words and phrases. ambitions /æm'bifnz/ recipes /'resopiz/ preferably /'prefrabli/ serious //siprips/ translate /tranz'leit/ be yourself /bi jo:'self/ bite your nails /bait jo: 'neilz/ (see a band) live /lary/ stav awake /ster o'werk/

5 READING

a Read the text. Answer the questions with J (Jacques), K (Kimberley), Y (Yusuke), or G (Giulio).

Things I want to do

Jacques, 25, France

I'd love to be in Times Square in New York at midnight on New Year's Eve! And I'd like it to be snowing too - that's more romantic. People say that the atmosphere there is amazing. I think it would be a great experience.

Kimberley, 31, Canada

I want to visit the Amazon rainforest, It's such a unique and fascinating place and I'm really interested in the wildlife that lives there. I'd like to do a trek and go camping there for three weeks or so. I've seen a lot of films about explorers and now I'd like to do something really exciting myself.

Yusuke, 26, Japan

What I want to do is go on a road trip across Europe with my two best friends. I've been to the US and Canada, but I've never been to Europe. I want to see all the famous tourist sites like the Eiffel Tower. Big Ben, and the Leaning Tower of Pisa, I read about them in books when I was a child - it would be a dream come true for me to see them in real life.

Giulio, 34, Italy

It's not very original, but I'd like to drive a really expensive, classic sports car through the Alps with my girlfriend next to me in the passenger seat. However, at the moment I own a Fiat Punto, so I may have to wait a few years before I can achieve my dream!

- 1 Which person became interested in their dream when they were very young?
- 2 Who wants to be part of a traditional celebration? 3 Who needs to buy something before they can
- achieve their dream?
- 4 Which person would like a bit of adventure?
- b Guess the meaning of the highlighted words. Check the meaning and pronunciation in your dictionary.

Men, women, and the internet

1 GRAMMAR articles

- a Correct the mistake in each answer (B).
 - 1 A Where are the children?
 - 2 A What do you do?
 - 3 A Where's the juice?
 - 4 A What's that?

 - 5 A How often do you go? 6 A What animals do you like? B I like the dogs.
 - 7 A How did you travel? 8 A Where did you book?
- B They're at the school. B I'm engineer.
- B In a fridge.
- B A identity card. B Twice the week.
- B By a train. B On internet.
- b Complete the text with the, a | an, or -.

	llp://www
informat emails. A can use i	ost people think that 'thc internet is a good thing. At ' work, employees can use it to search for ' ion and to send and receive ' At ' people to rentraliment. You can watch music videos, listen to ' music
or, play ⁹ It is also don't had there are problem can brea	latest computer games online. useful for ** shopping, and you use to go to ** bank if you have online banking service. However, e some dangers because there is ** computer virus ky our computer and ** computer can steal your identity.

2 VOCABULARY the internet

make a phone call.

Unscramble the words to complete the sentences.

- All our hotel rooms have <u>Wi-fi</u> (IW-IF) access. (PKSEY) than to 2 It's cheaper to
- (NONELI)? 3 Do you ever shop_ 4 You only need your username and your password to
- (GOL NI).
- 5 Do you want to (DLWODNAO) this file?
- 6 I sometimes forget to include the (TATHCANEMT) in my emails.
- (RASHEC ROF) some information before I write my report.
- (OGLEGO) the name of the restaurant to find out the address.
- (POLUDA) their 9 They're going to holiday photos tonight.

3 PRONUNCIATION word stress

- a Underline the stressed syllable in these words.
 - 1 email network website 2 address online results 3. document internet username 4 attachment computer directions
- iChecker Listen and check. Then listen and repeat the words.

READING

Read the article. When did the World Wide Web begin:	•
Read the article again and number the events in the order they happened.	
Tim Berners-Lee developed a new computer language.	1
☐ The Americans opened an agency to develop new technology.	1
They put the new language on the internet.	
The Russians sent a satellite into space.	
The World Wide Web made the internet available to all computer users.	1
The network changed its name to the internet.	
The agency developed a network to connect computers.	
Berners-Lee and a colleague used the new language to write	t
	Read the article again and number the events in the order they happened. Tim Berners-Lee developed a new computer language. The Americans opened an agency to develop new technology. They put the new language on the internet. The World Wide Web made the internet available to all computer users. The network changed its name to the internet. The agency developed a network to connect computers.

LISTENING

General Listen to four speakers talking about how they use the internet. Match speakers 1–4 to the thing they	origins of the internet go back to the Space of the 1950s. After the Russians sent the sat
do most often.	Sputnik into space, the Americans wanted to
Speaker uses a social network.	develop their own technology further, so the set up ARPA – the Advanced Research Project
Speaker plays games.	Agency. This agency found a way of connect

Speaker ___ does a job.

Speaker ____ talks to family and friends.

filliegen Listen again and match the speakers to the sentences A-D.

Speaker 3 Speaker 1 Speaker 4 Speaker 2

A This person often puts photos on the internet.

B This person likes his / her job.

C This person uses the internet to relax.

D This person saves money because of the internet.

USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

Learn these words and phrases.

advice /ad'vais/

both /bao0/ password /'pa:swa:d/

username /'iu:zəneim/ book (tickets / hotels) /bok/

lose weight /lu:z 'weit/

make transfers /meik 'trænsfa:z/ online shopping /onlain 'fopin' pay bills /per 'bilz/

(Checker (TESTS) FILE 11



ne World Wide Web o find out when the World Wide Web began, we first need to look at the internet. The ellite

computers, which they called ARPANET. In 1974, they changed its name to 'the internetwork' or 'internet' for short.

In 1980, a scientist at CERN, the European Organization for Nuclear Research, wrote a computer program so that he and his colleagues could share their research. The scientist's name was Tim Berners-Lee, and his software was called ENOUIRE. At first, only scientists at CERN could use the program, which contained a new computer language called hypertext. Then, in 1991, he and a colleague wrote a more advanced version of the program which made hypertext available over the internet. This was the beginning of the World Wide Web, as we know it. The first website and web server was info,cern.ch. Today, there are more than 227 million websites containing over 65 billion web pages.

Over two billion people now use the internet, which is nearly a third of the world's population.



Practical English Going home

1 VOCABULARY public transport

Complete the paragraphs.

1	You can get a taxi or a 1 cab at a taxi		
	2 r	People usually give	
	the driver a 3 t_		
2	Dafore you got a	plane you have to	

- Before you get a plane, you have to in online or at the airport. Then you go through security to the lounge, Finally you
- go to your 6 g 3 You get a train at a railway 7 st_ First you get a 8 t_ and then
- you find the right 9 pl_ 4 You get a bus or a 10 c bus station. You can also get a bus at a bus . You can buy a ticket in advance or sometimes you can pay the

2 GETTING TO THE AIRPORT

12 dr

Complete the conversations with a sentence in the box.

Can I pay by credit card? Could you call me a taxi, please? Could I have a ticket to Luton Airport, please? How much is it? And could I have a receipt? Now, please. Single, please. Standard, please. To St Pancras station.

- A 1 Could you call me a taxi, please?
 - B Yes, of course. Where to?
 - B And when would you like it for?
- C That's £18.50, please. A Make it £20.5
- C Thank you very much, sir. 3 A 6
- D Single or return?
- D Standard or first class?
- D That's £18.50.
- D Yes, of course.

3 SOCIAL ENGLISH

Match the words to make phrases.

1	I can't	e	a	to accept.
2	Thank you		b	good journ
3	I'd love		C	in London
4	I'm so		d	so much.
5	Have a		e	believe it!

6 See you 4 READING

Read the text about Gatwick Airport.

Gatwick Airport

Gatwick Airport is London's second-largest international airport and 31.3 million passengers pass through it every year. Below you can find different ways of getting to the airport.

f happy.

If you're planning to drive to Gatwick Airport, you need to take the M23 motorway and turn off at Junction 9. The airport is 45 km from London and five minutes from the nearest town, Crawley.

The National Cycle Network Route will take you to the airport, where you can leave your bike in a special cycle parking area. Take National Route 21 to the South Terminal, and then take the lift into the terminal building.

The Gatwick Express runs every fifteen minutes and takes only half an hour from Victoria Station in Central London. A single ticket bought on the day costs £17.95. but tickets are cheaper if you buy them online.

BY BUS OR COACH

EasyBus operates a service to the airport from Earl's Court in the centre of London which runs all day and all night. The buses run every 15 minutes, and drop you off in front of the terminal buildings. The price for a single ticket can be as low as £2, but you need to book early.

BY TAXI

Phone Airport Cars 24 hours a day for a taxi to take you to Gatwick Airport. The cost of a taxi from Central London to the airport is £95, and the journey takes about an hour.

- b How did the following people get to Gatwick Airport?
 - By taxi . 1 Chris made a phone call. 2 Emma paid £2. 3 Debbie went from Victoria Station. 4 Pete went on the motorway.
 - 5 Harry did some exercise.
- c Underline five words or phrases you don't know. Use your dictionary to look up their meaning and pronunciation.

(see) it. He

B No, but my boyfriend 6

12A Books and films

1 GRAMMAR present perfect

a	Write the sentences with contractions.		A 7 B Yes, and we	(he / read) 7	inker, Tailor, Soldier, Spy?
	1 Thave not read The Pillars of the Earth. Thaven't read The Pillars of the Earth.				_ (see) the film.
	2 James has not seen this film before.	2	VOCABUL	ARY irregula	ar past participles
	3 They have gone to the cinema tonight.	a		simple forms and	past participles of
	4 She has cried in a lot of films.			-	
	5 I have bought all the Harry Potter films.		Infinitive 1 be	Past simple was were	Past participle been
	6 They have not taken any photos.		2 break		
	7 He has interviewed a famous actor.		3 do 4 eat	111111111111111	
	2. The has interviewed a famous across		5 fall		
	8 We have not appeared in a film.		6 forget		
ь	Write sentences with the present perfect.		7 go	312.3163	
	1 she / read / Jane Eyre		8 leave		
	She's read Jane Eyre		9 speak		
	2 we not see this programme We haven't seen this programme		10 sing		
	3 my parents / fall asleep		11 take 12 wear		
	4 Adam / appear / in a film	b Use past participles from the chart in a to con			art in a to complete the
	5 1/ not speak to an actor			er <u>sung</u> karaok	
	6 you / break / the camera		end of a film	n.	the cinema before the
	7 Dawn / not cry / in a film		 My girlfriend before. 	d has never	octopus
	8 we / not forget / the tickets .		birthday?	yfriend ever	
c	Complete the dialogue.			ern	
	A 1 Have you heard (you / hear) of John le Carré? B Yes, 12 (read) some of his books. A Really? Which books 1 (you / read)			asn't	

(read) The Constant Gardener

(you / see) the film?

recently. It was great!

3 PRONUNCIATION sentence stress

- a iChecker Listen and underline the stressed words.
 - A Have you read The Millennium Trilogy?
 - B No. I haven't.
 - A Have you seen the films?
 - B Yes, I have. I've seen all of them.
- b iChecker Listen again and repeat the sentences.

 Copy the rhythm.

4 READING

a Read the article about a film adaptation of a book. Did fans prefer the ending in the book or the film?



My Sister's Keeper

Fans of American author Jodi Picoult who have read her novel My Sister's Keeper get a big surprise when they see the film. This is because the film has a completely different ending from the book.

The novel tells the story of 13-year-old Anna Fitzgerald who was born to save the life of her older sister, Kate, who

is very ill. Kate has cancer and Anna goes to hospital many times to give her sister blood and other things to keep Kate alive. However, when Anna is 13, she finds out that Kate needs one of her kidneys and she decides that she doesn't want to give it to her. Anna goes to find a lawyer to help her fight her case in court.

At the end of the book, Anna wins her case so that in the future she can make her own decisions about her body. Unfortunately, the same day as she wins the case, she is in her lawyer's car when they have a serious accident. Anna is brain-dead after the crash, and the lawyer gives the doctors permission to use Anna's kidney. So in the end, Anna dies and Kate lives.

At the end of the film, before they know the result of the court case, Kate and Anna's brother, Jesse, tells the family that Kate doesn't want to have any more operations. Kate dies and then Anna's lawyer visits the house to tell Anna she has won the case. So, in the film Kate dies and Anna lives.

aly Juster's Keeps

A website asked the people who have read the book and seen the film to vote on the two different endings. 77% said that they hated the new ending while 13% said they preferred it to the ending in the book. Ten percent said that they enjoyed both the book and the film and that the ending made no difference to them.



- 1 Jodi Picoult is...
- a a lawyer.
 - b a writer.
- c a doctor.
- 2 Anna's parents had Anna because...
 - a they wanted another child.
 - b they wanted to save their daughter.
 - c they wanted another girl.
- 3 ...dies at the end of the book.
 - a The healthy sister b The sister who was ill
 - b The sister w
- 4 ... dies at the end of the film.
 - a The healthy sister
 - b The sister who was ill
- c The brother
- 5 ... of the people who voted didn't think the ending was important.
- a 77%
- b 13% с 10%
- c 10°

5 LISTENING

a	iChecker	Listen to a radio programme.	Who wrote the
	two book	s?	

b	iChecker	Listen again.	Write T	(true) or	F (false)	
---	----------	---------------	---------	-----------	-----------	--

- 1 Great Expectations was made in 1956.
- 2 The film critic is going to talk about two films.
- 3 Great Expectations is a black and white film.
- 4 The main character in Great Expectations is a girl.
- 5 The film is more frightening than the book.
- $\begin{tabular}{ll} 6 & The presenter has read the book \it{The English Patient}. \end{tabular}$
- 7 The author of *The English Patient* isn't British. 8 The main character in *The English Patient* had a car crash.
- 9 The critic says that the best thing about the film is the
- 10 Both the book and the film have won important prizes.

USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

Learn these words and phrases.

blood /blad/

appear /ɔˈpɪə/
a bit (tired) /ɔ bɪt/

at least /at 'list/

fall asleep /fo:l ə'sli:p/

How about...? //hao abaot/ order pizza //aida 'piitsa/ F

12B I've never been there!

1 GRAMMAR present perfect or past simple?

- a Complete the dialogues with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.
 - A <u>Have you been</u> (you / be) on holiday recently?
 B Yes, we have. We (go) to the beach in July.
 - 2 A When _____ (your brother / buy) his motorbike?
 - B Last week. My parents ______ (pay) for it.
 - 3 A _____(you / meet) your sister's new boyfriend?
 B Yes, I _____(meet) him at a party last month.
 - 4 A (you / be) to New York?
 - B Yes, I (go) there last year.
 - 5 A _____ (your parents / ever / give) you an expensive present?

 B Yes, I _____ (have) a car for my last birthday.
 - 6 A Why ______ (he / send) his wife some flowers yesterday?
 - B Because he ______ (forget) their anniversary.
- b Complete the sentences with gone or been.
 - 1 Has Clare __gone__ home? She isn't at her desk.
 - 2 Have you ever ______ to Disneyland?
 - 3 My sister isn't here because she's _____ for a walk.
 - 4 My neighbours are away because they've on holiday.
 - 5 You look brown. Have you to the beach?
 - 6 It's late so the children have to bed.
 - o it state so the children have _____ to bed.
 - 7 The cupboards are full because we've _____ shopping.
 - 8 Have you ever ______ to an Indian restaurant?
 - 9 My girlfriend has never _____abroad.
 - 10 Jane's parents are out. They've ______ to the supermarket.

2 PRONUNCIATION irregular past participles

a Circle) the word with a different vowel sound.

1 I fish	DI horse	³ egg	4 A	5 eI	6 phone
given	found	left	come	taken	broken
written	thought	heard	done	made	known
seen	caught	said	drunk	read	lost
driven	worn	sent	got	paid	spoken

b (Checker) Listen and check. Then listen and repeat the words.

3 VOCABULARY more irregular past participles

a Write the past simple forms and past participles of these irregular verbs in the chart.

Infi	nitive	Past simple	Past participle
1	buy	bought	bought
2	drink		
3	find		
4	give		
5	have		
6	hear	THE WAR	
7	know		
8	lose		
9	make		
10	meet		
11	pay		
12	send	-7-11	
13	spend	7-1-16	
14	think		THE PROPERTY.
15	win		

 Complete the sentences with past participles from the chart in a.

1	I'm going to be late. I've _	lost	_ the car
	keys.		

- 2 Have you ever _____long hair?
- 3 Debbie and Fernando have ______ a new house.
- 4 Jamie can't go out because he's _____ all his money.
- 5 My parents have never _____ of U2.
- 6 You've _____ a lot of mistakes.
- 7 She's ______some money in the street.
- 8 He's _____ a lot of water today

4 READING

a Read the email. What is the relationship between Becky and Joanne?



Schönbrunn Palace, Vienna

From:	Joanne
To:	Becky
Subject:	Hi from Europe!

Dear Becky,

Thanks for your email telling me all the news from home. I'm glad everyone is well and that you're not missing me too much!

We're about half way through our trip around Europe and we're having a great time. We've stayed in four countries so far and now we're in Croatia. We've been to Germany, the Czech Republic, Austria, and Hungary. We spent three days in Berlin where we went on the free New Berlin walking tour which took us to the Brandenburg Gate. From Berlin we went to Prague where we spent another three days seeing the sights. We even watched a ballet one evening in one of Prague's many theatres. Our next stop was Vienna which we found quite expensive. The best part of our visit was the Schönbrunn Palace. From Vienna we went to Budapest, where we decided to relax and enjoy a spa. The weather was beautiful in Budapest, and there is a lot to see. We wanted to stay longer, but it was time for us to go to Croatia. And here we are now in Split. Split is a lovely place with lots of historic buildings. We've been to the beach today, but unfortunately it rained - just our luck! We have one more day in Croatia and then we're going to get the train to Venice. We haven't been to Italy or Greece yet, so we're looking forward to the last part of our trip. I'll write again when we get to Athens. Until then, take care and give my love to Mum and Dad.

Lots of love

.loanne

b Read the email again and complete the sentences with the words in the box.

a ballet the beach the Brandenburg Gate

Italy or Greece the Schönbrunn Palace a spa

	nne has seen					
2 She	's watched			in	Prag	ue.
3 She	's visited		*	in V	ienna	1.
4 She	's been to			in l	Budap	est.
5 She	's been to			in :	Split.	
6 She	hasn't been t	00				
LIS	TENING					
		they have	beente	. WILL	ic die	
	go? When?				re and	
the	go? When? Where	e?	Whe	n?	re die	
Speal	y go? When? Where ser 1	e?	Whe	n?		
Speak Speak	w go? When? Where ser 1	e?	Whe	n?		
Speak Speak Speak	w go? When? Where ter 1 ter 2 ter 3	e?	Whe	n?		
Speak Speak Speak	w go? When? Where ser 1	e?	Whe	n?		
Speak Speak Speak Speak	w go? When? Where ter 1 ter 2 ter 3	e?	Whe	n?		
Speak Speak Speak Speak	where where the ser 1 ser 2 ser 3 ser 4 ser 4	e? again. W	Whe	n?		
Speal Speal Speal Speal Speal	where where ter 1 ter 2 ter 3 ter 4 ter 4 ter Listen	e? again. W	Whe	n? Spea	ker	
Speal Speal Speal Speal Speal ICh 1 dic 2 wa	where ter 1 ter 2 ter 3 ter 4 ter 4 ter 4 ter ker Listen lan extreme s	again. W	Whe	n? Spea Spea	ker	

USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

Learn these words and phrases.

recently /'ri:sntli/ romantic /roo'mæntik/ Let's forget it. /lets fo'get it/ TV series /ti: 'vi: siəri:z/ win (a cup or medal) /win/

The English File questionnaire

A A I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I		

1.	GRAMMAR revision	9 _ 10 I	ast night	you ever my husband		_ a famou	us person? (meet) nner. (cook)
a	Correct the mistakes in the second sentence.	11 I	think it	tor	nigh	t. (rain)	
	Those are her children. They is very young. They are very young Im lives in the city centre. Your flat is very big.	13 N	at the weeke My boyfrier	end? (go) nd	_foc	otball at th	e moment. (play)
	3 I went shopping yesterday. I bought a shirt new.	15 V	What	to work y	augh	nter	t walk) today? (do) lok, but I'd like to.
	4 That's Sophie. She's the girlfriend of Ryan.		(read)				
	5 We love the summer. We go on holiday on August.	2 V	OCABU	LARY re	visi	on: word	d groups
	Tanya is going to lose her job. She always is late.			ord that is dif	fere	nt. Turkey	China
	7 I don't like karaoke. I can't to sing.	2 1	Egypt	Japanese Switzerland	i	Asia	Mexico
	8 My boyfriend is late. I'm waiting for he.		builder	expensive hairdresser		dark cooker	
	9 We're doing the housework. We don't mind clean.		aunt spring	daughter cloudy		niece snowy	brother windy
1	0 Our garden is small. There aren't some plants.		fireplace mushroom	cupboard strawberrie	es	sofa onion	kitchen peas
1	The hotel was full. There was a lot of guests.	9 (chemist's	department	store	bridge	shopping mall
1	2 They're quite healthy. They don't eat many sugar.		ontinue the	series. iree, <i>four</i>			
1	3 I'm 21. I'm more older than you.			iesday,			
1	4 I don't like crocodiles. They're the more dangerous animals.	4	first, secon	d,			
1	5 Hannah likes languages. She speaks German good.	6	once, twice	fternoon,		_	1000
	6 My sister has a good job. She's engineer.	8	June, July, _	itumn,			
b	Look at the time expressions and complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs. Use the present simple, present continuous, past simple, present perfect, or	10	day, week,	nute,			
	be going to.	1	listent	o music	6	t	_ photos
	1 We never <u>have</u> pizza for dinner. (have)		d			m	
	2 Caitlin the dog for a walk twice a day. (take)	3	s	hello	8	g	_dressed
	3youyour friends last weekend? (see)	4	h	a shower	9	h	_two children
	4 They tomorrow because Jack is ill. (not come) 5 you ever to South America? (be) 6 your son to drive next year? (learn)		g		10	u	_ a computer
	6your sonto drive next year? (learn) 7 Wemeat every day. (not eat)			1			

8 We

a film next Saturday. (see)

3 PRONUNCIATION revision:

sounds

Circle) the word with a different sound.

fish	1 rich dirty big
Ti tree.	2 bread peas meat
æ	3 safe black fat
QT car	4 dark day far
D clock	5 money model doctor
horse	6 found short bought
bull	7 cook food good
u: boot	8 who do go
3. bird	9 tired thirsty nurse
egg	10 eat healthy breakfast
eI	11 paid steak said
aI bike	12 buy nice ring

b iChecker Listen and check.

3 malgazine

- c Underline the stressed syllable.
 - 1 hospital 7 Italian
 - 2 expensive 8 August
 - 4 head phones 10 musician
 - 5 administrator 11 garage 6 engineer 12 bananas

9 difficult

6 engineer 12 bans (Checker Listen and check

4 READING

Read the article and answer the questions.



HE FILMS in The Lord of the Rings trilogy have had a big impact on New Zealand. The country has become 'Middle Earth' to many of the people who have seen the films. This comes as no surprise to the film director Peter Jackson, who is in fact a New Zealander. He chose his home country because he knew that the variety of different landscapes made New Zealand the best place to shoot the films.

Jackson and his team looked over the whole country for the most beautiful and most appropriate areas. The rolling hills of Matamata became Hobbiton, the village where Bilbo Baggins lives, and the volcanic region of Mount Ruapehu transformed into the fiery Mount Doom, where Sauron first made the Ring. In total, the team used 150 different locations all over New Zealand and they spent 274 days filming.

Thirty of the locations Jackson used are National Parks or conservation sites so he needed to get special permission to film here. In some cases, a special team dug up the protected plants, and took them to special nurseries, where they lived until filming finished. Then the team took them back to the park and replanted them again. In Queenstown, Jackson used enormous red carpets to protect the plants in the battle scenes because there were up to 1,100 people on set every day.

The Lord of the Rings films have been so popular that the tourist industry in New Zealand has grown dramatically Today, tour companies offer

a wide range of tours to different locations of the film, including Hobbiton, Mount Doom, and Edoras.

- 1 Who directed The Lord of the Rings films?
- 2 Where is the director from?3 Why did he choose New Zealand?
- 4 Which area did they use to create Mount Doom?
- 5 How many different locations did they use in total?
- 6 What was the problem with some of the locations?
- 7 How did they solve the problem?
- 8 Which locations from the films can tourists visit today?

5 LISTENING

iChecker Listen to an advert for a day trip and complete the notes.

Departure time:	Christchurch '_	9 a.m.	Lunch	luxury 5
Return time:	Christchurch 1		Price	
Transport:	by *		Adults:	45
Destination	Mount 4	(Edoras)	Children	7\$

Listening

(1 A)))

Nick Hello. Sophie Hi Nick.

Nick Hi Sophie.

Sophie Nick, what's Sarah's phone number? Nick Erm...It's 161 496 542.

Sophie Thank you!

Receptionist OK ... your class on Tuesday is with Paul, and it's in room two. Your class on Thursday is with Kate, and it's in room five. Student OK, so Thursday is in room three,

and Tuesday in room five? Receptionist No-it's Tuesday in room two.

and Thursday in room five.

Liz A ham sandwich and a coffee, please. Barista That's five dollars twenty, please. Thank

Liz Thank you. Barista Have a nice day!

(1 B))

- 1 A Are you Russian?
- B No, I'm Polish. I'm from Kraków.
- A Where are you from?
 - B We're American. We're from California. We're on holiday in Europe
- 3 A Where's he from? Is he Spanish? B No, he isn't. He's from Mexico. He's from
- 4 A Mmmm, delicious. Is it French? B No it isn't It's Italian

1 (C))

- R = Receptionist, E = Erik
- R Good morning. Can I help you?
- E Oh, yes. Hello. I have a reservation.
- R OK. What's your name? E Erik
- R Is that Eric with a C?
- E No, it's with a K. E-R-I-K.
- R Right. And how do you spell your surname?
- E T-A-Y-L-O-R
- R Can you repeat that please?
- E Yes, of course. Sorry. T-A-Y-L-O-R
- R Thanks. Now just a few questions, Mr Taylor. Where are you from?
- E. I'm from Australia
- R Where in Australia?
- E Perth
- R Perth. OK. And what's your address?
- E It's 15 Atkinson Road.
- R What's your postcode? E Sorry?
- R The postcode. You know, a number?
- E. Ahves, Ir's WA 6008
- R 6008. Great. What's your email address?
- E It's eriktaylor@mail.com.
- R And what's your phone number?
- My phone number in Perth is 61 that's the
- code for Australia 08 7010 5692
- R 61 08 7010 5692

- E Yes, that's right. And my mobile number is 61 491 570 156.
- R 61 491 570 156. Right, thanks, Mr Taylor, Here's your keycard. You're in room 305 on the third floor. Enjoy your stay.
- E Thank you very much.

Speaker 1 My bag is very important to me because I have my laptop in it! I also have some files and a pen. Um, I have my mobile, my wallet, and my keys in my pocket, but I sometimes have a newspaper in my bag.

Speaker 2 Well, in my bag I have, er, my books for the day, um, some pens and pencils to write with, and a file with lots of paper. Oh, and I have my iPod and my headphones too, so I can listen to music

Speaker 3 What's in my bag? Well, yeah, I have my sunglasses and my camera. And I have a guidebook with a map. Oh, and I have a Spanish-English dictionary, too, to help me understand the people.

Speaker 4 Thave a different bag every day, sometimes it's red, sometimes it's white, it depends. But I always have the same things: some tissues, um, the keys to my desk, er, my purse of course, and, er, sometimes a magazine to read.

2 B))

- 1 He's a Hollywood star but he isn't American. He's very tall and slim. He's about 54 or 551 think, but he's still very attractive. He has short
- brown hair and brown eyes. He's an actor. 2 She's quite young and she isn't very tall. She's usually quite slim but it depends. Her hair is really brown, but it's blonde in her music
- videos. She's American and she's a singer. 3 This actor isn't very tall, but he's very strong.
- He has short dark hair and dark eyes. He's American and I think he's nearly 70 years old.
- 4 She's about 54 or 55 now and she's quite tall and slim. She has blonde hair, sometimes long and sometimes short, and green eyes. She's a British actress and she's in some of the Harry Potter films
- 5 He's a British singer and musician. He's about 62 or 63 now, I think. He's quite slim. He has short blonde hair, and blue eyes. He is also an actor.

2 (C))

- 1 A I'm bored.
- B Me, too.
- A I know! Let's watch a DVD. R Good idea
- A We can watch the new Batman film.
- A Turn on the TV, then, Now., where's the film?
- 2 A I'm hungry. B Are you?
 - A Yes, I am. Is the restaurant open?
 - B No, it isn't. It's only five o'clock.
 - B Let's call reception. We can ask for some
 - sandwiches. A Great idea! Give me the phone.

- 3 A I'm hot.
- B Turn on the air conditioning, then.
- A It's already on.
- B Is it? OK, then let's open the windows
- A Are we nearly there?
- B Yes, we are. Don't worry. It's only another 20 kilometres.
- 4 B I'm not hungry.
- A Why not?
- B I'm stressed. I have a lot of problems at work. A Relax! It's the weekend. Let's go for a long
- walk and you can tell me all about it.
- A Finish your salad and we can go.
- B OK. Let's pay the bill.
- 5 A I'm tired.

wake us up.

- B I know. It's quite late. A What time is our plane?
- B At 23.15. That's another hour to wait.
- A An hour! B Yes. Come on. Let's have a coffee. It might

Hannah I like the parks in Britain, especially Hyde Park in London. The parks are clean and some are really big, and it's great to go for a walk and see so many trees and plants in the middle of a city. There is always something interesting to see or do, too. Sometimes there are festivals where you can hear music or watch a film. But I can also relax, and read a

newspaper on a Sunday morning. But. I don't like the food here - it's very expensive, and I can't find good Korean food!

Anna In Britain, I think that people are very friendly and polite, more than in Poland where I am from. At work, it's quite relaxed, and my colleagues always help me when I have a question or a problem. I also really like the buildings in Britain; the old buildings are very beautiful.

What don't I like about Britain? There are a lot of people and a lot of traffic, especially in London. It's difficult to relax.

Roberta What I really like about Britain is that it's really easy to meet people from all over the world. It's very international, and I think that most people are friendly to people from other countries. I also really like eating food from different parts of the world - in Britain you can try food from every country!

I think it's difficult to make friends in Britain. People like to help and are very polite, but it can take a long time to become friends with British people.

(3 B))

- P = Presenter, J = James, H = Helen, F= Frank Good evening and welcome to What's your job? And our team tonight are Helen, who's a lawyer...
- H Good evening
- ...and Frank, who's an actor.
- F Good evening. P And our first guest tonight is ...
- I lames.

P Hello James. OK team, you have one minute to ask James questions about his job, starting now. Let's have your first question.

H James, do you make things?

No. No. I don't.

James, do you have special qualifications? Yes, I do. Qualifications from university.

H Do you speak any foreign languages? No. I don't need any foreign languages. Do you wear a uniform?

Well it's not really a uniform, but I wear a white coat, yes, H Do you travel?

J Er, I don't go to different countries, but I drive to people's houses sometimes.

Do you earn a lot of money? J Do I earn a lot of money? Well, I think the

money is quite good, yes. P You only have time for one more question, team. H Do you work with other people?

I Well, I work with one other person, but my job isn't really about people... P That's time, OK, team, So, what's James's job?

I = Jessica, M = Max Hi. Are you Max? M Yes. Are you Jessica?

I Yes, Iam.

M Nice to meet you. Well, let's go in and sit down. Do you like sushi? Yes. I love Japanese food. It's my favourite.

M Good. So, Jessica, what do you do? I'm a flight attendant

M Really? That's incredible? I Why? M Because I'm a pilot!

Oh! You're right. That is incredible! Which airline do you work for? M KLM. And you?

British Airways. Hove my job.

M Me too. What do you do at the weekend, Jessica? I I meet my friends. We go to the cinema or to a restaurant. How about you?

M Hike the cinema, too. What kind of films do I like comedies more than anything. M Me too. Who's your favourite actor?

J Johnny Depp. I love him! M Yes, he's good, isn't he? Do you live near the cinema

Yes, there's a cinema near my house. M When do you go there? Igo on Saturday evenings.

M Let's go together next Saturday. J OK. What do you want to see?

4 A)))

A = Angie, I = lessie A Who's that?

I That's my nephew. A Is that your sister's son or your brother's son?

J My brother's. A How old is your nephew? He looks quite young.

I He's 13. The photo is from his birthday last week. A Let's see the next one. Is that your family, too?

I Yes, it is. That's my sister. A Wow! She's really tall.

J Yes, she plays basketball. She's quite good. A That's a beautiful beach. Where is it?

I It's a beach in Menorca - I can't remember the name. Hove it there!

A Is this Menorca, too? I No. it isn't. It's a music festival in Germany. A Are those girls in your family? No, they aren't. They're friends from university.

A Who's the blonde one? I That's Rosie. We live in the same flat.

A Who's the boy? I He's Rosie's boyfriend. I don't like him very much, but she doesn't often see him.

A Are there any more?

I Yes. Have a look at this one. A You look great! And who's that sitting next to you? I He's my boyfriend, Pete. It's the office party

from last year. A He's attractive. Does he work with you? J Well, sort of ... He's the manager!

4 B))

I - Interviewer M = Mark I What do you do, Mark? M I'm a taxi driver.

I Do you work at night or during the day? M I work at night.

What time do you start work? M At about seven o'clock in the evening. I stop for a break at about two o'clock and I have

something to eat. What do you have? M A hamburger or a pizza and a coke. I'm very hungry at that time

What time do you finish work, Mark? M I go home at about six o'clock in the morning

and I go to bed immediately. I sleep for about eight hours and then I get up and have breakfast. What do you do in the afternoon? M I go to the gym for an hour or so, and then I

have a shower. After that, I watch TV or check my emails until I have dinner. What time is that?

M At six o'clock. Then I get into my car and start work again.

Do you like your job? M Yes, Hove it.

Thank you for your time, Mark. M You're welcome.

4 (C))

P = Presenter, M = Marge, R = Robbie, D = Dr Atkins

P Hello and welcome to Who's healthy? Today we have Marge Wilson and her son, Robbie, with us. Marge, do you think you're healthy?

M Um, yes. I think so. P And what about you, Robbie? Are you healthy?

R Of course!

P Well, I'm going to ask you some questions and we're going to find out who's healthy. First of all, Marge. How old are you, Marge?

M I'm 48 P Right. So, how often do you eat fast food, Marge?

M Never. I don't like it P Right. And how often do you have breakfast?

M Talways have breakfast. Thave a cup of tea and

some cereal. P Good. And how often do you do exercise?

M I go to the gym three times a week

OK, and how many hours do you usually sleep? M Well, I get up early, but I always go to bed early. too. I usually sleep for about eight hours.

That's great, Marge. And now it's Robbie's turn. Robbie, how old are you?

R Twenty.

P And how often do you eat fast food? R Well. Hove pizza and hamburgers, and I sometimes have chips, so yeah, I eat fast food about five times a week.

P What about breakfast? How often do you have breakfast?

R I don't have time because I always get up late, so ... I hardly ever have breakfast.

OK, and how often do you do exercise? R Oh, I do a lot of exercise. I play football four times a week

P Good. That's better. And how many hours do you usually sleep?

R I'm not sure. I go to bed quite late because I'm on my computer, so I guess I sleep for about six hours.

P Right, Thank you, Robbie. And now it's time to see what the doctor thinks. Dr Atkins, Who's healthy? Marge? Robbie? Or both of them?

D Well, Marge always has breakfast and she never eats fast food. She often does exercise and she gets a lot of sleep. So, Marge, you're right. You're very healthy! P And what about Robbie?

D Well, Robbie does exercise four times a week.

but he often eats fast food and he never has breakfast. He doesn't sleep enough either. So Robbie, you're wrong. You aren't very healthy P So, there you have it everyone. A healthy mum

and an unhealthy son! And that's all we have time for today. Join us again tomorrow at the same time for Who's healthy?

(5 A))

1 A Let's go to the swimming pool at the weekend. B OK. Can we go on Saturday? I'm busy on Sunday.

A Yes, but I always play tennis in the morning. Let's go in the afternoon.

B OK. See you there. 2 A I want to have lunch in this restaurant. Can I park here?

B No. sir, you can't.

A What about outside the cinema? B No parking spaces there. A lot of people leave their cars outside the hospital. You can

park there. A Thanks 3 A Can you help me with my homework?

B Not now, sorry.

A Can you help me after lunch? B No. I'm busy

A When can you help me?

B After dinner. I don't have any plans tonight.

4 A Let's write a postcard to Chris. Do you have a pen?

B Yes. Here you are. A What about a stamp?

B We can buy a stamp in the shop.

A Right. Do you know her address?

B No. And you?

A No. I don't! 5 A Right Let's go in.

B Sorry. We can't.

A Why not? Are your parents home? B No. I can't hear them. But it isn't that. It's the

A Oh, now Lunderstand. You can't open it B No! I don't know where my keys are!

Speaker 1 They both work, so it starts when they leave home in the morning. I don't know how many they have - three, four, five - but they make a terrible noise. They take them out for a walk in the evening, so it's nice and quiet then, but they sometimes go out at night and the noise starts again. I don't know why people have animals when they're never at home

Speaker 2 It's really bad. They do it every Friday and Saturday night. The music starts at about eight o'clock and then we hear the cars. They park outside my house and soon the street is full of cars. The problem is that they don't stay in the house - they go out in the garden to dance, too. They don't leave until about six in the morning, so we don't sleep all night.

Speaker 3 They're really nice people, actually. He's a lawyer and she's a doctor. The problem is what they do in their free time. They both finish work early, so they're home by five o'clock We can't watch TV or listen to our own music because we can't hear it. They play the piano and violin all evening. It's so noisy!

Speaker 4 I'm so tired at the moment. Every time I go to sleep, he starts... I know my neighbours love their son, and he's only three months old, but I wish he wouldn't wake up all the time. I thought babies sleep and eat all the time. He's changed my neighbours' lives, and he's changed mine too!

(5 C))

Stop 1: Trinity College Dublin

The university and library were built in 1592. Famous students include writers and politicians. The most important book in the library is over a thousand years old

Stop 2: The National Gallery

The gallery has more than 7,000 paintings and drawings by Irish and European artists. Some of the most famous works are by painters like Picasso, Gova, and Velázquez

Stop 3: St Stephen's Green The square is the biggest in Europe. It's a very quiet place with no cars. It has a lake where visitors can walk, and a place where you can listen to bands play many different types of music.

Stop 4: Dublin Castle

The castle you see now is not the original from 1204, but it is very important in the history of Ireland. The castle has some beautiful gardens. Stop 5: Guinness Storehouse

The building is the home of the famous Irish beer, and the museum is part of the original factory. The exhibition shows how the workers make beer. Stop 6: Kilmainham Gaol

This is a very famous prison from the past, but it has

no prisoners now. The tour teaches visitors about the life of a prisoner in this cold, dark building. Stop 7: Dublin Zoo

The zoo is in a very big park in the centre of the

city. It's the third oldest zoo in the world, and the park is the largest park in any city in Europe The most popular things to see at the zoo are the gorillas and chimpanzees

Stop 8: Writer's museum

Dublin is the home of very famous writers like Oscar Wilde and James Joyce. The exhibition shows their books and letters in a beautiful big house that is 300 years old.

6 A))

H = Holly, B = Beth, E = Emily H Hello, Emily, It's Holly

B It isn't Emily. It's Beth. I'm Emily's sister. H Oh. Hello. Úm, is Emily there?

B No. I'm sorry. She's taking the dog for a walk. H Oh. Well. Can you give her a message?

B Yes of course H Can you tell her my bag is in her car and I need it?

B Oh. Your bag. Right. Does she have your number, Holly?

H I don't know.

B OK. Wait a minute. I need a pen. Right. What's your number?

H It's 60674 923.

B That's 60674 923. H Yes, that's right.

B Wait a minute Holly. Don't go, I think Emily is opening the door. Emily? It's for you.

E What? Oh, the phone. Hello? H Hi, Emily. It's Holly.

E Oh, hi, Holly. How are you?

H I'm fine. Listen. My bag's in your car. E Isit?

H Yes. And my keys are in the bag, and I can't open the door of my flat. My mobile's in my bag too, so I'm calling from the flat next door. Can

you give me my bag? E Oh right. Yes. Yes, of course.

H Let's meet in the café near my house. E Right, OK.

H Thanks, Emily,

E No problem. See you in a minute. H Bye.

6 B))

Speaker 1 My favourite day of the year is New Year's Day. I always feel positive when I wake up and I love staying in bed for an hour or so, thinking about my plans for the next year. I like knowing that I can forget the disasters of the year before and just start again.

Speaker 2 Hove waking up on the first day of my summer holiday. It's wonderful going somewhere new and you don't know anything about it. I don't like packing, though, so I always get my bags ready the night before. Then I can enjoy every second of my trip.

Speaker 3 My birthday is in autumn, which is probably why I love this season. I try to go out in the country at least once a week in autumn to see the beautiful colours of the trees. But I hate it when it rains and the leaves get wet and slippery!

Speaker 4 I hate being inside in the winter, especially when it gets dark at four o'clock, so I'm always waiting for spring to come. I love seeing the new spring flowers on one of those typical spring days, when it's cold but sunny. I love photography, and I often go out and take pictures of trees and flowers.

6 (C))

1 A What kind of music do you like, Oliver? B I don't know. I like all kinds, really.

A Well, do you like heavy metal?

B Oh no! That's a bit loud for me.

A What about reggae? B No. Reggae's a bit slow.

A Well, what do you like?

B I usually listen to rock, so that's probably my favourite. 2 A Do you have a favourite CD?

B Yes, Yes, I do. I always listen to it in the car.

A Which group is it by?

B Well, it's not really by a group. It's sung by

A Oh. Is it from a film? B Yes, It's the soundtrack from Mamma Mia! I

A Isn't that about ABBA?

B Yes and no...It's a musical, with the songs of ABBA, but the actors in the film sing them. 3 A How do you usually listen to music, Wendy? B Well, I don't listen to the radio, that's one thing for sure. I want to hear music, not the voices of the presenters.

A What about CDs? B Well. I have quite a lot of those, but they're

in a box in the garage somewhere. I usually listen to music on my laptop. I have a good internet connection at home and at work, and I can listen to what I want. 4 A Do you want to come to a concert next month?

B OK. Who's playing? I hope it isn't Justin Bieber. You know I don't like him A No, don't worry. This singer is nothing like

him. Anyway, it's a woman B Rihanna! Great! I'd love to come A No, sorry, it isn't Rihanna. It's Beyoncé.

They're quite similar, really. B Oh. Right. Beyoncé. OK. How much are the

5 A What do you think of this song, John? B I don't know. It's very different from her

other songs. A I love it! It's really new and original. B Yes, but it's quite slow, and it isn't easy to

A So you don't like it? B No, it's OK. But I prefer her other songs.

P = Presenter, M = Mike

P Hello and welcome to what is a very special show, because we're going to find out the results of our poll. Mike Sandhurst from the BBC is here to tell us who is the greatest Briton of all time. Hello Mike.

M Hi there. P So, let's look at the top five, Mike.

M All right. Well, number five on the list is, in fact, William Shakespeare.

P Really? I'm surprised.

M Me, too. Did you know that nobody knows his date of birth? Or that none of his plays were ever published when he was alive?

P No. I didn't know that! Very interesting and

surprising! But who is number four? M Well, number four is the scientist, Charles Darwin.

P Ah yes...Darwin, Tell us something about him. M Well, he was born in Shrewsbury on 12th February, 1809. He was very interested in nature and animals and was responsible for the theory of evolution. He died in 1882 at the age of 73.

P OK. Who's next? M Number three on the list is Diana, Princess

P Yes, she was popular with a lot of people

M That's right. So let me tell you about her. She was born on 1st July, 1961 in a village called

Sandringham. She was famous because she was married to Prince Charles, but they weren't happy together and so they divorced. She died in a car crash in Paris in 1997. She was only 36 years old.

P Yes, that was a tragic accident. So, number two? M Number two is the engineer Isambard

Kingdom Brunel. P Really? Tell us about him.

M Well, he was born on the 9th April, 1806 in Portsmouth. He was responsible for the first British railway, some big ships, and many important bridges and tunnels in Britain. He

wasn't very old when he died, only 53 P OK ... and now for the moment we've been waiting for. Who is the greatest Briton of all time? Who is at the top of the list?

- M Well, I'll give you a clue. It's a man...he was born on the 30th November, 1874, and died in 1965, He was a politician ... and he was Prime Minister - not once, but twice.
- P 1 knew it! It's Winston Churchill! M That's right. Winston Churchill is the greatest Briton of all time.
- P Mike Sandhurst, thank you so much for joining us.
- M My pleasure.

7 B))

Speaker 1 I had a bad journey one Christmas when I wanted to visit my family back home in the UK. About twenty minutes after leaving the airport, there was a problem with our plane. We returned to the airport again and waited five hours for another plane. Finally, I arrived in the

UK eight hours later than I planned. Speaker 2 We tried to go on holiday to Portugal one year, but it was a disaster. We started our journey a bit late and stopped for lunch in a village on the way. When we were on the motorway after lunch, our car started making a strange noise and finally, it stopped altogether. The car ended up in a garage and we called a

taxi to take us home again. Speaker 3 My bad journey happened when I was at university. I wanted to go home for the weekend so I was on a train. The journey was very long - about seven hours - and I was nearly home. We stopped at the last station before mine, but then we didn't start again. The train was broken. In the end, my dad picked me up in his car.

Speaker 4 I had a bad experience with a bus company once. I booked a ticket from Victoria Bus Station to Stansted Airport but there were a lot of people at the bus station when I arrived, and it was impossible to get on the bus. In the end, I travelled to the airport with a businessman in a taxi. He didn't ask me for any money, which was nice.

7 (C))

- I = Interviewer, H = Helen
- I Can you tell us about a memorable night, Helen? H Well, let me see. There are quite a lot of them, actually. But yes, there was one particular night this year that was memorable. When was it?
- H It was the 14th February.
- I Valentine's Day?
- H Yes. That's why I remember the date. It was Valentine's Day, but I didn't have a boyfriend at the time. In fact, I was with two friends. Where were you?
- H I was in Manchester. There was a concert that night by my favourite band, Vampire Weekend,
- so I travelled to Manchester to see it. When did you arrive in Manchester?
- H The night before the concert.
- I So, what did you do before the concert?
- H We had a drink in a very old pub in the city centre. Then we tried to find the concert. We didn't know exactly where the club was, so we walked around for a very long time. In the end, we got there five
- minutes before the concert started. Was the concert good? H Yes, it was fantastic. The band played all our favourite songs, and we danced and sang for
- about two hours. I Did you go home after the concert? H No, we didn't go home straight away. We didn't have dinner before it started so we were hungry. We went to Manchester's Curry Mile

- and we had a curry. It was delicious! After that, we got a taxi home.
- I What time did you get home? H We didn't get home that late. It was two o'clock in the morning, more or less. But we had a great time. That was the important thing.

- P = Presenter, D = Detective P Hello and welcome to What Next?, the programme that looks at today's career opportunities. In the studio with us is Chief Inspector Jeremy Downs from the Metropolitan Police. He's here to tell us a bit about his job and how he got it. Hello, Jeremy.
- D Good morning, Peter.
- P So, tell us, why did you decide to join the police? D Well, it runs in my family, really. My dad was a detective, and so was his father. I always knew that this was what I wanted to do.
- P What special qualifications did you need to become a detective?
- D First, I had to get experience as a normal policeman. So I worked as a policeman for two years, and then I took a test called the National Investigators Exam. After that I did a course which was six weeks long, and then I began to work as a trainee investigator.
- P Jeremy, what do you like most about your job? D Well, you feel great when you solve a mystery and find a murderer. That's the best thing about ir. And also, I'm usually outside or talking to people, so I don't spend much time in an office. I'm never bored when I'm working
- P And what don't you like about it D It's a very stressful job. I'm usually working on more than one case at a time, and sometimes it's difficult to know what to do first. And going to the scene of a murder can be terrible. But apart from that, I love my job and I recommend
- it to anyone who likes finding answers and solving problems. P Chief Inspector Downs, thank you for joining us.

- M = Mrs Goodings, I = Joanna, B = Bradley M Hello, Good morning, I'm Mrs Goodings.
- J Hi. I'm Joanna, and this is Bradley.
- R Hi M Hello. Please come in. So...let's start, shall we?
- This is the kitchen, as you can see. B It's very big. M Yes. There isn't a dining room, so we eat in here.
- J Oh look! The walls are big windows! You can see the garden - it's beautiful!
 - B Can I ask you a question, Mrs Goodings? Why did we come in the back door? M We always use the back door. There isn't
 - a carpet in the kitchen so there aren't any problems with dirty shoes.
- B Oh. Right.
- I Where's the washing machine? M It's in the corner over there
- J Oh, yes. I see it. Why is there a hole in the ceiling? M Well, upstairs is the bathroom. The hole is for
- when you have a shower. You take off your clothes and put them down the hole. They land on the floor next to the washing machine. I Oh. That's interesting!
- M Yes...It was my idea...Now...this way please...I want to show you the living room. There. What do you think?
- Oh! There are big windows here, too. I love it! B Mrs Goodings, is there a television?

- M No, there isn't. My husband and I don't watch TV. We prefer listening to music. Now...let's go upstairs.
 - There are four bedrooms upstairs, is that right?
- M Yes. Four bedrooms and a bathroom.
- B Is this the bathroom?
- M Yes, it is. Be careful with the ...
- B Aargh!!! 1 Bradley? Bradley? Where is he?
- M Don't worry. He's in the kitchen. I What?
- M Do you remember the hole in the ceiling? I Oh no! Bradley? Bradley? Are you all right?

8 C))

Speaker 1 When I was in Costa Rica, I stayed in a bed and breakfast hotel with a difference. It was in the middle of the jungle and we could see monkeys and birds from our window. As well as an air-conditioned bedroom, there was a full bathroom with a warm-water shower. We had a fridge and a coffee-maker, too.

Speaker 2 I spent the night in an ice hotel when I was in the North of Sweden. The temperature in the room was minus five degrees and the only furniture was a bed made of ice and snow. I slept in a special sleeping bag with all my clothes on - I even wore a hat! It wasn't very comfortable. really, because there wasn't even a bathroom! Speaker 3 I once stayed in a very arty hotel when

I was in Berlin. All of the rooms in the hotel were completely different. In the middle of my room there was a diamond-shaped bed and when I lay down, I could see hundreds of people who looked just like me. There weren't any cupboards, so I put my bags under the bed.

Speaker 4 I went to Fiji with my husband after we got married and we stayed in a really special hotel. A special lift took us down to our room. which was surrounded by fish and other sea animals. There was a large, comfortable bed in the bedroom and a library and a personal office in the living room. We loved it there!

Speaker 1 My favourite meal is roast beef. It sounds quite boring really - just a piece of meat, but you need to cook it for the right amount of time. My mum cooks it perfectly and she always serves it with roast potatoes and lots of other vegetables - peas, carrots, broccoli, and beans. Then she pours a sauce called gravy all over it. Delicious!

Speaker 2 Indian food is really popular in Britain these days, and I absolutely love it! We're lucky because we have a great Indian restaurant down the road. My favourite dish is chicken tikka masala, which is chicken in a sauce made with tomatoes, cream, and spices. I always order special Indian bread to eat with it

Speaker 3 You probably think I'm mad, but one of my favourite meals is fish and chips. Yes, I know it's not very healthy, but I only have it about twice a month. I always buy it from the same shop and if the weather's nice. I sit outside in the park to eat it I put lots of salt and vinegar on the chips. Yum!!! Speaker 4 My favourite food is Chinese food

and I always order the same dish - sweet and sour pork. This is bits of meat in a sauce made of sugar, tomatoes, white vinegar, and soy sauce. The sauce also has pineapple, green peppers, and onion in it. I always eat it with fried rice. I have it at the restaurant, and sometimes I get a takeaway and eat it at home

- P = Presenter, M = Miriam
- P Hello and welcome to the programme. Our first guest today is nutritionist Miriam Shepherd. She's here to give us some advice about healthy eating. Miriam, what do we need to eat to be healthy?
- M Well, basically, we all need a balanced diet.
- P And what exactly is a balanced diet? M It's when you eat the right amount of food from
- each of the five different food groups. P Can you tell us more about those groups. Miriam?
- M Yes, of course. Let's start with carbohydrates. These are things like bread, pasta, rice, and potatoes. We need to eat a lot of carbohydrates because they give us energy.
- P Right. What's next?
- M The next group is fruit and vegetables. Things like apples and oranges, and peas and carrots. These contain important vitamins so you need to eat something from this group at every meal. P OK. What's the third group?
- M The third group is protein, which is in food like meat and eggs. We need it to grow and to repair the body. You need to eat quite a lot of foods from
- this group, but not necessarily with every meal. P Right. What's the next group, Miriam? M Milk and dairy. Dairy foods are things like
- cheese and voghurt. This group contains calcium which is important for our bones and teeth. But you have to be a little careful because they sometimes contain a lot of fat. You need to eat something from this group every day, but not necessarily every meal.
- And which is the last group, Miriam? M The last group is fats and sugars. These are
- found in snacks, like cakes, biscuits, sweets, and crisps. Fats and sugars aren't very good for. you, so only eat a little food from this group maybe once or twice a week.
- P Thank you, Miriam. That was very helpful.
- M My pleasure.

(9 (C)))

- M = Michael, R = Rachel
- M Rachel, did you know that there are two cities
- called Birmingham? R Really? I know the one in the UK, but where's the other one?
- M It's in the USA, in the state of Alabama.
- R OK. Are the cities very small?
- M Not really. One big difference is the population. There are only 243,000 people living in Birmingham USA, whereas there are over a million in Birmingham UK.
- R So, Birmingham UK is bigger then?
- M Well, no. The area of Birmingham UK is 165 square kilometres while Birmingham USA covers 243 square kilometres.
- R Oh, that's quite big.
- M Yes, but there aren't as many people. Birmingham USA is also very green. R And our Birmingham isn't very green.
- M Yes. And of course there's also a big difference in age. Birmingham, UK was already a small village as early as the seventh century while Birmingham USA didn't exist until 1871.
- R Right. What about the weather? It's always raining over here so the weather is probably better in Birmingham USA.
- M No, you're wrong. There are 1,371 millimetres of rain in Birmingham USA and only half of that in Birmingham UK - 662 millimetres.

- R Wow! That's a surprise!
- M Yes, but it's hotter over there. The average temperature in Birmingham UK is only 13 degrees whereas in Birmingham USA it's
- 23 degrees. That's ten degrees warmer. R So, why are you telling me all this anyway? M I'm reading an article in the newspaper. It's
- about a mistake that they made in Birmingham. That's our Birmingham, not theirs.
- R What happened? M They made an advert for Birmingham UK, but
 - they used the wrong photo. They put a photo of Birmingham USA on the advert instead of Birmingham UK.
- R No! How funny! M Yes, I thought so, too!

((AOI

- P = Presenter, H = Harry
- P Hello and welcome to the travel section of the programme. Our guest today is travel writer Harry Miller, whose book Superlative Sights came out yesterday. Harry, welcome to the programme
- H Thank you, Gloria.
- P So what exactly is your book about?
- H Well, it's basically about the biggest, the best and the most beautiful places in the world. Can you give us some examples?
- H Yes, of course. Let's start with Avers Rock in Australia. Its other name is Uluru and it's the world's largest rock. It's 3.6 kilometres long, 2 kilometres wide and 348 metres high -
- P Yes, I see what you mean. What else?
- H How about the world's highest waterfall? The Angel Falls in Venezuela are 979 metres high. A lot of the water evaporates before it hits the ground.
- P Wow! Are there only natural places in your book, or do you have any man-made structures?
- H Yes, we include man-made structures too. For example, do you know what the tallest building is right now?
- P No...tell us more H Well, it's Buri Khalifa in Dubai in the United

enormous

- Arab Emirates. It stands 828 metres high. P Incredible!
- H What about the oldest city in the world?
 - P I'm not sure. Um...somewhere in Egypt? H Nearly, but not quite. It's Aleppo, in Syria. The city dates back to 600 BC and it's the oldest continuously inhabited city in the world.
- P Really? I didn't know that
- H There are also some interesting facts about transport. For instance, do you know anything
- about the longest railway journey? P Well, I suppose it's in Russia. H That's right. The Trans-Siberian Railway from
- Moscow to Vladivostok is 9,297 kilometres long and crosses seven different time zones. P That's one long train ride!
- H That's right. And how about plane journeys? What's the shortest runway in the world?
- P Runway? You mean where the planes land at the airport?
- H That's right

read your book!

- P I have no idea H Well, it's on the beautiful island of Saba in the
- Dutch Caribbean. The runway is only 400 metres long and it ends in a 60-metre drop into the sea. P This is fascinating stuff Harry. I can't wait to

10B))

- Speaker 1 I had my first experience of CouchSurfing in China. I wanted to spend a few days in a city called Guilin so I made contact with a Chinese guy called Leo. Leo was the perfect host: he gave me a bed, he organized a dinner that other CouchSurfers came to, and he showed me around the city. I loved it, and I'd recommend it to anyone!
- Speaker 2 My first CouchSurfing experience did not go well. I was in Bucharest, Romania, and I found an American guy who agreed to host me. First he was late and then he didn't stop talking about himself all night. In the end, I said I was tired and went to bed. The next morning. Heft Bucharest and took the train to Transvlvania, where my host was Romanian and I had a much better time
- Speaker 3 I'm American and my first Couch Surfing experience was in England. I wanted to do some research for a novel I'm writing, so I needed to meet as many people as
- possible. My sister told me about the website so I decided to try it out. In the end, I staved with someone different every night and I got a lot of ideas for my book! Speaker 4 I was in Australia working when I
- found out about the CouchSurfing website. I wanted to travel around the country at weekends, but I didn't know anyone. A friend suggested looking at the CouchSurfing website and I'm very happy that I did. I now have friends all over Australia and some of them are going to visit me in the USA when I go back next month.

10C))

- P = Pete. A = Amy P Amy, do you remember Uri Geller?
- A No. I don't. Who was he?
- P He was a kind of psychic. He was on TV a lot in
- the past and he became quite famous.
- A What kind of tricks did he do? Well, his most famous trick was bending spoons.
- There's a photo here come and have a look. A Oh, there's a video here too on YouTube, Let's
- watch it P You see? At first, the spoon looks normal.
- Here, he's touching it with his finger...and now, it's bent. A That's amazino!
- P Actually...it isn't.
- A What? P It's a trick
- So how does he do it?
- The spoon is bent before he shows it to us. He's hiding the bent part in his hand, so that you think it's a normal spoon. You don't have much time to look at the spoon at all because he's talking so much. What he's doing is distracting you while he's pulling the bent spoon slowly out of his hand.
- You think he's bending it but, in fact, he isn't. A So, the guy is a cheat! P Yes, but he's a very famous cheat.
- A Does he still do his trick in public?
- P Yes, he does. And the most incredible thing is that people still believe it.

Speaker 1: Brno, Czech Republic At the weekend, the city is really quiet, which is a surprise because there are many university students. A lot of people go to the country, to spend time with their families in their country cottages. I think family is very important to Czech people,

which is really nice but it also means that the cities are almost empty at the weekends.

People dress very casually here, especially at work. In big companies, it's quite normal to wear jeans and T-shirts, even for managers and directors. The only time I've seen Czech people wear suits or smart clothes is to go to the theatre. An interesting thing is that there are lots of shops under the street. You can buy all sorts of things here: food, clothes, books, everything really. They're little shops, and often cheaper than the bigger international shops in the main shopping areas. I think they're under the street because it's so cold in winter.

Speaker 2: Reykjavik, Iceland

In Iceland, a very important part of life is swimming and going to a hot tub, which is like a small swimming pool with hot water. People go before work or at the weekend to meet with their friends, or sometimes even to have business meetings!

The countryside in Iceland is incredible. There are almost no trees, and there are volcanoes and fields of lava, which are the incredibly hot stones which come out of the volcanoes. You can walk for days and not see another person, because there aren't many people in Iceland. In Reykjavik, there are fewer than 250,000, and the second-biggest city has only 15,000 people.

Icelandic people are very creative. It's normal for many people to make music, paint or draw, and even write books. Also, many people make their own clothes, and they look really fashionable!

(11B))

- P = Presenter, D = Dave, S = Sandy, E = Eddie P Hello. I'm Jenny Richards and I'm out on the streets of Birmingham asking people what they want to do with their lives. Let's start with this man over here. Hello.
- D Hi
- P I'm Jenny Richards from Central TV. What's your name?
- D I'm Dave. P Right, Dave, we'd like to ask you about your
 - ambitions for the future. What do you want to do with your life?
- D Well, er, what I'd really like, um, is...
- P Yes? D I'd really like to buy a motorbike. I had a little Vespa when I was younger but I stopped riding
- it when I got married and had kids. Now, I'd like to start again P Well, good luck with your ambition, Dave. Let's
- talk to someone else now. Hello. What's your S Sandy
- P So, what do you want to do with your life, Sandy?
- S Well, I'd love to go travelling to different places. P Oh really? Any particular place?
- Yes. I'd really like to go to Australia with my boyfriend. I have family there and it's a very exciting country.
- P Why don't you, then?
- S Ican't. P Why not?
- S My boyfriend hates flying, and it's a 22-hour
- P Well, maybe one day you can go there on your own. Good luck with your ambition, Sandy. Now, what about you? What's your name? E I'm Eddie.
- P Do you have any ambitions Eddie?
- E I'd like to see Kings of Leon live. P Why Kings of Leon?
- E They're my favourite band.

- P Why don't you get a ticket for their next concert?
- E Yeah, I want to but they aren't touring this year. They're making a new album.
- P Well maybe next year. Now let's talk to this woman over here...

11(C)))

Speaker 1 I really couldn't live without the internet. Every evening after dinner, I spend a few hours on my laptop playing games online. My job is very stressful, so it helps me relax. I forget about my problems and focus on something different. I think it's really good for me.

- Speaker 2 The internet is really important for me because I live abroad. All of my family and friends live in the UK and I'm living in New York. Phone calls are really expensive, but with the internet I can Skype them whenever I want to. With Skype I can even see their faces, so it's much better than a phone call.
- Speaker 3 Well, um, I'm a webmaster, so the internet is very important for my job. I work with different websites, first of all creating them and then making sure that everyone can use them. I also try to make existing websites work faster. I enjoy my job because I love computers and solving problems.
- Speaker 4 Yeah, I spend quite a lot of time on the internet every day. It's a great way to keep in touch with friends, and also to meet new people. There's one site I use a lot to chat with my friends, upload photos and post videos that I find funny. I also like looking at my friends' profiles to see what they're doing.

12A))

- P = Presenter, C = Christopher
- P Hello and welcome to Focus on Film. In the studio with us today is film critic Christopher Phillips. We've asked him to choose his two favourite film adaptations of books.
- Christopher, where are you going to start? C. Well, it's been a difficult choice but I'm going to start with a very early film, the 1946 adaptation of Great Expectations by Charles Dickens.
- P 1946? That is early. C Yes, and as you can imagine, the film is in black
- and white. It tells the story of a poor young boy called Pip who, with the help of a mysterious person, becomes a gentleman. The story doesn't change much in the film, but the photography makes the atmosphere darker and more frightening. It's an excellent adaptation.
- P. Great Expectations, Right, I haven't seen the film, but I've read the book, of course. What's your other film. Christopher?
- C. Well, my other choice is a bit more recent. It's The English Patient
- Yes, I've seen that one a few times. But I don't know anything about the book. Tell us more. C Well, the author is a Sri Lankan-Canadian
- writer called Michael Ondaatje and his novel won an important prize - the Booker Prize The film came out in 1996 and it's a wonderful adaptation of the book. It tells the story of a man in a military hospital who has been in a plane crash. We also learn something about the life and loves of his nurse. Again there are few
 - changes to the story, but the best thing about the film is the choice of actors, who are perfect for their parts. The film won a total of nine Oscars, which shows just how good it is. Christopher Phillips, thank you for joining us.
- C Thank you for having me. I've enjoyed it.

12B))

- Speaker 1 I = Interviewer, S = Speaker 1 I Have you ever been to Africa?
- S Yes, I have. I've been to Kenya.
- I When did you go?
- S I went in 2010. We stayed with some friends who are living in Nairobi. While we were there, we went on a trip to Tsavo East, which is an enormous national park. It's as big as Wales. Unfortunately, our car broke down in the park and the guards took six hours to rescue us. It was quite frightening! Speaker 2 I = Interviewer, S = Speaker 2
- I Have you ever been to South America?
- S Yes, I have. I've been to Brazil.
- I When did you go?
- S I went there in 2006 on a business trip. In fact, we were at a conference so it wasn't very hard work. We staved in a five-star hotel and the company paid for everything. Speaker 3 I = Interviewer, S = Speaker 3
- Have you ever been to Australia?
- S Well. I haven't been to Australia, but I've been to New Zealand.
- I When did you go? S I went with my wife when we got married in 2011.
- We stayed in a luxury apartment on the banks of Lake Wakatipu and we had a great time doing lots of different water sports. The best moment for me, though, was when we did a bungee jump from the Kawarau Bridge. It was really exciting! Speaker 4 I = Interviewer, S = Speaker 4
- I Have you ever been to Asia?
- S Yes, I have. I've been to Thailand
- When did you go?
- S I went with my family in Easter, 2006. We stayed in a special hotel in the jungle and we slept in a treehouse. But the most amazing part of our trip happened when we visited Bangkok. We were lucky enough to be there for Songkran, the Thai New Year, so we saw the water festival. You know, the one where everybody throws water at each other in the street!

12C))

New Zealand. Home of Middle Earth. And the best way to experience it is on our Lord of the Rings Edoras tour. The tour leaves Christchurch at nine a.m. and returns at six p.m. but we can pick you up at other central city locations, too. The groups are small, and the guides are friendly and informative. You don't need to be a Lord of the Rings fan to enjoy the tour as the scenery is fantastic. Transport is in a Land Royer, and we take you through the spectacular mountains of the Southern Alps where you can see clear lakes and blue rivers and you can breathe fresh mountain air. Our destination is Mount Sunday, the real-life mountain which in the film is Edoras, the capital city of the Rohan people. While you're there, you can use some of the most famous items from the film: Aragorn's sword, Gimli's axe and the flag of Rohan. For lunch there is a luxury picnic, which we eat outside in the open air. Visit our shop at the end or your trip and buy exclusive Lord of the Rings souvenirs for your family and friends back home

The tour runs daily throughout the year and you can buy tickets online. The price includes your pick up and drop off, your journey in the Land Rover, your guided walk to the very top of Edoras, and your delicious lunch. Tickets cost \$135 for adults, per person, and \$94 for children aged 14 and under.

So, what are you waiting for? Book your tickets now before you miss your chance to see one of the most beautiful Lord of the Rings locations. It's an experience you'll never forget.

Answer key



1 GRAMMAR

- a 2 are 3 you're 4 is 5 he's 6 she 7 she's 8 is 9 it's 10 are 11 we're 12 are 13 you're 14 they 15 they're
- b 2 They're 3 You're 4 It's 5 She's 6 They're 7 We're 8 You're

2 VOCABULARY

- a 2 Sunday 3 Thursday 4 Monday 5 Friday 6 Wednesday 7 Tuesday
- b 2 twelve, fourteen, sixteen 3 eighteen, seventeen, sixteen
- 4 eleven, thirteen, fifteen
- c 1 Nice, meet 2 What, name, Pardon 3 How. you 4 number
- d 2 See you on Friday.
 - 3 No. not Friday, Saturday!
 - 4 Sorry. See you on Saturday.
 - 5 Bye
 - 6 Goodbye.

3 PRONUNCIATION

- a six, in it meet, three a man, thanks e ten, well, twelve, very /c/ eight, day __ at fine, nice
- c 1 sandwich 2 tennis 3 eighteen 4 thirteen 5 basketball 6 goodbye 7 email 8 internet 9 computer 10 hotel

4 LISTENING

lc 2c 3a



1 GRAMMAR

- a 2 She isn't British. She's
- 3 He isn't German. He's
 - 4 They aren't in Greece. They're in
- 5 We aren't in room 219. We're in
- 6 It isn't from France. It's from
- 7 I'm not Brazilian, I'm
- 8 He isn't American He's
- h 2 Where's she from?
- 3 Are they from South America?
 - 4 Are we in room five?
 - 5 Are you on holiday?
 - 6 Is he from Poland?
- c a6 b5 c2 d4 e3

2 VOCABULARY

a 3 Japanese 4 Hungary 5 Mexican 6 Italy 7 Spanish 8 Egypt 9 American 10 Brazil b 1 Europe 2 Asia 3 South America 4 North America 5 Africa



d 2 thirty-three 3 forty 4 forty-eight 5 fifty-six 6 sixty-two 7 seventy-four 8 eighty-five 9 ninety-nine 10 one hundred

3 PRONUNCIATION

- a 1 Africa 2 China 3 Germany 4 Ireland 5 Europe 6 Poland 7 Italy 8 Japan c 1 Swiss 2 English 3 Chinese 4 Spanish
- **4 READING**

2F 3T 4F 5T 6F 7F 8F

5 LISTENING

1 Russian 2 American, California 3 Spanish, from Mexico 4 French, Italian



1 GRAMMAR

- a Subject pronouns: 2 you 4 she 5 it 8 they Possessive adjectives: 1 my 3 his 6 our 7 your
- b 2His 3Our 4My 5Its 6your 7Their
- c Where's your teacher from? Is he a student? How old are you? How do you spell your surname?

2 INSTRUCTIONS IN YOUR BOOK b2 c1 d4 e10 f8 g7 h6 i9 i5

3 VOCABULARY

- a 2 Listen 3 Open 4 Work 5 Answer 6Turn 7Look 8Go
- b 2 How do you spell it? 31 don't understand.
- 4 Sorry, can you repeat that please? 5 Excuse me, what's' vacaciones' in English? 61 can't remember.

4 PRONUNCIATION

- a /an/ North /m:/ South /m:/ Asia /an/ do
- c /ei/G /ii/S /ui/O /e/A /ai/E

5 LISTENING

2 Taylor 3 Australia 5 15 6 WA 6008 7 eriktaylor@mail.com 8 08 7010 5692 9 491 570 156



1 VOCABULARY

2 single 3 double 4 bar 5 reception 6 ground floor

2 CHECKING IN

2 That's right 3 Just a second... 4 Can you sign here, please? 5 Thank you

3 SOCIAL ENGLISH

2 about 3 problem 4 that 5 business 6 perfect 7 time

4 READING

Sheraton Skyline Hotel 2. The Grove 1. At-Home Bed and Breakfast 3



1 VOCABULARY

Across: 3 laptop 7 newspaper 9 photo 10 scissors 11 glasses Down: I magazine 4 ticket 5 pen 6 headphones 8 coin

2 GRAMMAR

- a 3 It's a 4 It's an 5 They're 6 They're 7 It's an 8 It's a b -c pencils, tickets, windows
 - -es: classes, watches, sandwiches ies: diaries, countries, dictionaries
- c 2 This 3 Those 4 That 5 These d Singular: woman, child
 - Plural: men, people
- e 2 man 3 children, child 4 people 5 women men

3 PRONUNCIATION a 2 classes 3 addresses 4 watches

5 sandwiches 6 glasses c 1 thanks 2 these 3 three 4 those

4 READING

1 pens 3 receipt 4 tissues 5 keys

5 LISTENING

1 Speaker 3 2 Speaker 2 3 Speaker 4 4 Speaker 1

1 GRAMMAR

- 1 blue jeans 2 nice day 3 very tall 4 fast car 5 good photos 6 quite cheap 7 hig house 8 very old
- b 2 That's an expensive watch. 3 My hair is quite long.
 - 4 That woman is very rich.
 - 5 Your boots are really dirty. 6 This is a dangerous city.
 - That isn't a very good book. 8 His house is quite near.

2 VOCABULARY

- a 2 grey 3 orange 4 pink 5 brown
- b Across: 4 expensive 8 poor 11 good 12 hot 13 strong 14 dirty Down: 1 safe 3 difficult 5 near 6 empty 7 big 9 old 10 wrong 13 short
- c 2D 3A 4C 5F 6E
- d 2 old 3 very old 4 is very tall 5 is quite short 6 is quite tall 7 is very fat 8 is quite fat 9 is very thin

3 PRONUNCIATION

2 clean jeans 3 a fat man 4 a dark car 5 a long song 6 a small door 7 a good book 8 blue shoes

4 READING

1F 2F 3T 4F 5T 6F

5 LISTENING

A2 B3 C1 D5 E4



1 GRAMMAR

- a 2 close 3 don't worry 4 don't speak 5 slow 6 Come 7 don't park 8 Don't drink 9 turn
- b 2E 3F 4D 5C 6A

2 VOCABULARY

2 I'm cold. 3 I'm happy. 4 I'm worried. 51'm hungry. 61'm bored. 71'm hot. 81'm tired. 91'm sad. 101'm thirsty. 11 I'm stressed.

3 PRONUNCIATION

c /æ/ fat, happy, have, matter, sad /A/ hungry, Monday, one, ugly, worried, young

4 READING

a B Is your car ready? C Make sure everything is in the car. D Keep awake! E Have fun!

5 LISTENING

1b 2a 3c 4a 5b

1 VOCABULARY

2 economics 3 German 4 a newspaper 5 sorry 6 glasses 7 exercise 8 animals 9 a new car 10 an umbrella

2 GRAMMAR

- a 2 doesn't rain 3 live 4 changes 5 doesn't cook 6 doesn't wear 7 don't have
- 8 need 9 makes 10 don't do b 2 doesn't wear 3 drink 4 doesn't do
- 5 don't play 6 doesn't eat 7 wears 8 does
- c 2 don't go 3 has 4 doesn't work 5 rains 6 live 7 doesn't speak 8 study 9 don't do

3 PRONUNCIATION

- a 3S 4D 5D 6S 7S 8D 9D 10S c 2 watches 3 finishes 4 uses 5 kisses
- 6 changes

4 READING

a 1D 2A 3B 4C

5 LISTENING

1H 2R 3A 4H 5A 6R



1 VOCABULARY

- a Across: 4 architect 6 vet 8 shop assistant 10 dentist Down: 1 flight attendant 3 factory worker
- 5 chef 7 model 9 soldier b 2 drive 3 earn 4 wear 5 speak
- 6 travel 7 work 8 have 9 earn 10 work a journalist 2 a nurse 3 a policeman 1
- c 2-er 3-or 4-er 5-or 6-er
- d 2 an 3 for 4 unemployed 5 a 6 retired 7 in
- e 2 shirt 3 tie 4 skirt 5 top 6 trousers

2 GRAMMAR

- a 2Do 3Does 4Do 5Does 6Does 7 Does 8 Do 9 Does 10 Do
- b 2do 3ls 4do 5Are 6does 7ls 8does
- c 2g 3f 4e 5d 6b 7h 8a

3 PRONUNCIATION

- a Ladministrator 2 architect 3 dentist 4 footballer 5 hairdresser 6 model 7 mu<u>si</u>cian 8 <u>pi</u>lot 9 po<u>lice</u>man 10 <u>sol</u>dier c nurse, journalist, service, thirsty, worker

4 LISTENING

- a vet
- b 2 Do you have 3 Do you speak
- 4 Do you wear 5 Do you travel
- 6 Do you earn
- 7 Do you work



1 GRAMMAR

- a 2 What do you do at the weekend?
- 3 What kind of books do you read? 4 Do you want another drink?
- Are you a flight attendant?
- 6 Where do you live in Bristol? 7 Who is your favourite writer?
- 8 How old are you?
- 9 Do you have an iPad? 10 Is your salad nice?
- b 2 Do you live 3 Do you have 4 Is she 5 Where do you 6 Do you like

2 VOCABULARY

2 What 3 Where 4 When 5 Which 6Whatkind 7Howmany 8Who 9Why

3 PRONUNCIATION

- a 1d 2f 3a 4b 5g 6e 7c c B I'm a doctor.
- A Where do you work? B I work in a hospital.

4 READING a no

- b 2D 3A 4B

5 LISTENING

b 2F 3F 4T 5T 6F



Practical English Coffee to take away

1 VOCABULARY

- 2 It's five past ten. 3 It's five o'clock.
- 4 It's twenty to three.
- 5 It's quarter past six.
- 6 It's twenty to twelve. 7 It's twenty-five past eight.
- 8 It's ten to one.

2 BUYING A COFFEE

- 3 A Regular or large? 4 B Large, please
- 5 A To have here or take away? 6 B To take away.
- A Anything else?
- 8 B No thanks. How much is that?
- 9 A That's £3.65, please.
- 10 B Sorry, how much?
- 11 A £3.65. Thank you. And your change. 12 B Thanks.

3 SOCIAL ENGLISH

2 first time 3 to drink 4 to you 5 a seat

4 READING

a 1D 2B 3E/A 4A 5C

1 VOCABULARY

- a 2 father 3 aunt 4 husband 5 sister 6 son 7 niece 8 cousin
- 2 niece 3 aunt 4 grandmother 5 cousin 6 nephew

2 GRAMMAR

- a 2 My boyfriend's car is German.
 - 3 His girlfriend's mum is Polish.
- 4 Do you know Sandra's brother?
- 5 We live with my wife's parents. 6 Their son's friend earns a lot of money.
- 7 Is Adam's job dangerous? 8 Susan's uniform is very ugly.
- b 2 That is my parents' car.
- 3 I think this is that woman's pen.
- 4 They drink tea in the Teachers' Room. 5 Do you know Barbara's sister?
- 6 My grandparents' house is in Ireland. 7 James' wife is Russian.
- c 3A 4B 5B 6A 7A 8B
- d 3 Whose 4 Who's 5 Who's 6 Whose 7 Who's 8 Whose

3 PRONUNCIATION

a 1b 2d 3a 4c

4 READING

- a son-in-law b 1 Rachel 2 Tony 3 Carlo 4 Natasha
- 5 Tim 6 Daniel 7 Daisy

5 LISTENING

She shows four photos. 2F 3T 4F 5F 6T 7F 8T



1 GRAMMAR

- a in: the winter, the afternoon, 1984 on: Monday, Saturday evening, 21st August at: night, the weekend, Christmas
- b 2 in 3 at 4 at 5 in 6 on 7 at 8 at 9 to 10 in
- c 1 in 2 at 3 to 4 on 5 in 6 at 7 at 8 In 9 on 10 in

2 VOCABULARY

- a 2 have a shower 3 have breakfast 4 go to work 5 go home 6 go shopping
- b 2 get 3 have 4 have 5 have 6 go 7 go 8 get 9 go 10 go 11 have 12 get 13 go 14 go 15 go 16 have 17 have 18 go
 - c le 2d 3b 4a 5c

3 PRONUNCIATION

- a 1 You get up late.
- 2 I have a shower. 3 We check emails.
 - 4 He does exercise.
 - 5 She goes home early.
- 6 They have lunch at work.
- c 1 I wake up at six. 2 I have a coffee.
 - 3 I go to work by bus. 4 I do the housework.
 - 5 I have a pizza for dinner. 6 I go to bed at midnight.

4 LISTENING

- a 1 He's a taxi driver. 2 Yes
- 3 From 7 p.m. to about 6 a.m.
- b 2 He has a hamburger or a pizza. 3 He finishes work.
 - 4 He goes home. 5 He goes to bed.
 - 6 He sleeps for eight hours.
 - He gets up. 8 He has breakfast.
- 9 He goes to the gym. 10 He has a shower.
- 11 He watches TV or check his emails.
 - 12 He has dinner.



1 GRAMMAR

- a 2 is always 3 sometimes does 4 often eats 5 is never 6 sometimes sleeps 7 is often 8 never does 9 hardly ever eats 10 is always
- b 3 Mike sometimes rides his motorbike
 - to work 4 My girlfriend is never late.
 - 5 I see my grandparents every weekend.
 - 6 Ellis drinks coffee three times a day.
 - 7 I'm always hungry. 8 We study English twice a week.

2 VOCABULARY

- a 160 212 37 460 54 624 730 852
- b 2 twice 3 once 4 never 5 three times 6 every 7 hardly ever 8 every

3 PRONUNCIATION

a 2c 3h 4b 5g 6a 7d 8f hour

4 READING

a She is a 94-year-old accountant. b 2F 3T 4F 5T 6F 7F 8T

5 LISTENING

a Marge

b 2F 3T 4T 5F 6F 7F 8T

1 GRAMMAR

- a 2 She can paint. 3 He can't swim. 4 He can cook. 5 She can't take photos.
- b 2 Can, paint 3 Can, swim 4 Can, cook 5 Can, take photos
- c 2b 3d 4e 5a 6f
- d 2 can't talk / speak 3 can see 4 can't turn right

2 VOCABULARY

- a Across: 4 remember 6 wait 8 paint 9 use 12 dance 14 take Down: 2 meet 3 see 5 swim 7 give 10 sing 11 tell 12 drive 13 draw
- b 2 play 3 help 4 buy 5 run 6 hear 7 talk 8 look for

3 PRONUNCIATION

b /æ/: can. fat. have. stamp /o:/: can't, class, dance, start

4 LISTENING

1b 2a 3c 4b 5c



1 VOCABULARY

2 barks 3 cries 4 have 5 talk 6 argue 7 play 8 have 9 play

2 GRAMMAR

- a 2 Sarah's friends are staying with her this week.
 - 3 We aren't having a party tonight.
 - 4 I'm drinking a cup of coffee in the kitchen. 5 Why is George looking for a job?
 - 6 They aren't jogging because it's too cold today. / They aren't jogging today because it's too cold.
 - 7 Are you using the computer?
- 8 Is Adam playing football in the park? b 21'm making 3 Are they arguing 4 they're not shouting 5 they're watching 6 He's not having 7 He's listening
- 8 I'm looking for c 2 are arguing 3 are playing football 4's listening to music 5's crying
- 6's barking 7's playing the guitar 8's singing

3 PRONUNCIATION

b 2 pink 3 long 4 uncle 5 drink 6 Hungary 7 young 8 think

4 LISTENING

Speaker 1 B, Speaker 2 C, Speaker 3 F, Speaker 4 E

1 GRAMMAR

- 2 I'm having dinner 3 do they usually go 4 He travels 5 does your girlfriend do 6 Are you working 7 It closes 8 Is it raining
- b 2 argue 3 'm learning, 's teaching 4 do, go 5 goes out 6 isn't shining 7 Are, using, want 8 loves, doesn't do

2 VOCABULARY

spring, summer, autumn b 2 windy 3 cloudy 4 raining 5 foggy 6 sunny 7 cold 8 snowing

3 PRONUNCIATION

- 1 Buckingham Palace
- 2 Westminster ∆bbey
- Oxford Street 4 St Paul's Cathedral
- Piccadilly Circus
- 6 Leicester Square
- Houses of Parliament
- 8 Trafalgar Square

4 READING

2T 3F 4F 5T 6T 7T 8F 9F

5 LISTENING

A2 B5 C8 E3 F4 G6 H7

Practical English In a clothes shop

1 VOCABULARY

2 a shirt 3 a skirt 4 shoes 5 a sweater 6 jeans 7 a T-shirt 8 trousers

2 BUYING CLOTHES

Thelp 2 size 3 large 4 are 5 changing 6 Thank 7 much

3 SOCIAL ENGLISH

2f 3c 4h 5g 6e 7b 8a

a B4 C2 D3

4 READING



1 GRAMMAR

- a Subject pronouns: 2 you, 5 it, 7 you Object pronouns: 3 him, 4 her, 6 us, 8 them
- b 2 me 3 it 4 her 5 you 6 them 7 us 8 it 9 them 10 him
- c 2 her 3 he 4 him 5 them 6 they 7 her 8 she

2 VOCABULARY

2 It's 3 answer 4 this 5 Press 6 wrong 7 message

3 PRONUNCIATION

b I nice 2 this 3 me 4 these 5 it 6 niece

4 READING

- Katherine is Paul's sister.
- 2 Louise suggests that Sally puts on her red skirt, goes to the party, and forgets Andrew.
- 3 Paul doesn't know his phone number because he never calls it.
- 4 His mum tells him what his number is.

5 LISTENING

1b 2b 3a 4a 5b 6b 7a 8b



1 GRAMMAR

- a verb + -ing: drawing, finding, waiting
- e + -ing: coming, having, giving, taking double consonant + -ing: getting, running, stopping, swimming
- b 1 loves dancing
 - doesn't mind doing, hates doing 3 likes driving, doesn't like driving
 - doesn't mind sitting, likes sitting
 - loves swimming, doesn't like swimming
 - 6 doesn't like watching, loves watching

2 VOCABULARY

- a 2 July, August 3 March, April 4 autumn, winter 5 third, fourth
 - 6 eighth, ninth 7 twentieth, twenty-first
- b Halloween: 31/10, the thirty-first of October New Year's Day: 1/1, the first of January US Independence Day: 4/7, the fourth of July Valentine's Day: 14/2, the fourteenth of February

3 PRONUNCIATION

a 2 February 4 April 7 July 8 August 9 September 10 October 11 November 12 December

4 READING

2D 3B 4A,D 5A 6B

5 LISTENING

- Speaker 1 winter, Speaker 2 summer, Speaker 3 autumn, Speaker 4 spring
- b Speaker 1 B, Speaker 2 D, Speaker 3 A, Speaker 4 C

1 GRAMMAR

- a 2 do 3 isn't 4 don't 5 're not / aren't 6 Does 7 is 8 doesn't 9 don't 10 Are
- b 2 Does Adam sing karaoke?
- 3 Is she singing in the shower?
- 4 Is that guitar expensive?

- 5 Do they go to a lot of musicals? 6 Am I waiting in the right place?
- 7 Does Kathy like reggae?
- 8 Do you go dancing at the weekend?
- Does he listen to classical music when he's stressed?
- 10 Are they in an orchestra?

2 VOCABULARY

- a 2 rock 3 hip hop 4 heavy metal 5 blues 6 classical music 7 Latin 8 reggae 9 jazz
- b 2 fan club 3 download 4 music channels 5 online 6 lyrics 7 karaoke 8 concert

3 PRONUNCIATION

a 1 umbrella 2 journalist 3 nurse 4 lunch 5 summer

4 LISTENING

1b 2c 3a 4a 5b



1 GRAMMAR

- a 2 was 3 Was 4 wasn't 5 was 6 was 7 was 8 wasn't
- b 3 Was Charles Dickens a novelist?
- Yes, he was. Were The Beatles from the USA?
 - No, they weren't.
 - 5 Was Lord Byron a politician? No. he wasn't
 - 6 Was Isaac Newton a composer? No. he wasn't.
 - 7 Was Bono born in Ireland? Yes, he was
 - 8 Was Amy Winehouse a singer? Yes, she was.
 - 9 Were JR R Tolkien and C S Lewis painters? No. they weren't.
 - 10 Was Michael Jackson born in Britain? No. he wasn't.
 - c 21s, isn't, was, 's 3 are, were 4 is, was, were 5 was, was

2 VOCABULARY

- a & b 2 a writer 3 a policeman / policewoman 4 a composer 5 a musician 6 a painter 7 a businessman / businesswoman 8 an actor / actress 9 a scientist 10 a sailor
- d 3 was an actor 4 was a scientist 5 was a musician 6 were inventors
- 7 was a writer 8 was a businessman 9 were artists

4 LISTENING

a Diana Princess of Wales 3 Charles Darwin 4 William Shakespeare 5 Isambard Kingdom Brunel 2 Winston Churchill 1

b 2F 3F 4T 5T 6F 7T 8F

1 GRAMMAR

- a 2 listened, didn't listen
 - 3 studied, didn't study 4 watched, didn't watch
 - 5 booked, didn't book
 - 6 downloaded, didn't download
- 7 worked, didn't work 8 played, didn't play
- b 2 What time did the match finish?
 3 Did you like your birthday presents?
 4 What did your brother study at university?
 - 5 Did your parents arrive late?
 - 6 Where did your friends live in Germany?
 7 Did you cry at the end of the film?
 8 What time did Sandra arrive at work
- yesterday? c 2 When did Michael Jackson die? 2009
 - 3 When did Facebook start? 2004
 - 4 When did Princess Diana die? 1997
 - 5 When did the first tourist travel into space? 2001
 6 When did iPhones first appear? 2007
 - When did iPhones first appear? 2007
 When did Tim Berners-Lee create the World Wide Web? 1991

2 VOCABULARY

- 1 I chatted to my friends for an hour last night.
- My girlfriend finished university two years ago.
- 3 They travelled abroad last month.
- 4 Did you call me yesterday morning?
- 5 It stopped raining two hours ago.
- My brother worked in Greece last July.
 We watched that film two weeks ago.
- David booked the tickets yesterday afternoon.
 Steve was born in 1990.
- 10 I played golf the day before vesterday.

3 PRONUNCIATION

a 1 wanted 2 painted 3 waited 4 chatted 5 started 6 decided

4 READING

a .

b 119 2 Carlsbad, California 3 by plane 4 Carlsbad, New Mexico 5 30 minutes before her match 6 Roberta Vinci 7 No

5 LISTENING

a 1 by plane 2 by car (and taxi) 3 by train and car 4 by bus and taxi

b 1C 2D 3B 4A



1 GRAMMAR

- a 2 Max saw his friends after work last night.
 3 Emily lost her keys yesterday.
 - Emily lost her keys yesterday.
 We didn't have dinner at home last night.
 - 5 They left work at 5.30 yesterday.

- Alex didn't get up early yesterday morning.
 My girlfriend felt ill yesterday.
- 8 Helen didn't go out during the week last week.
- 9 I didn't wear glasses yesterday.
 10 Lucy couldn't come to my party last year.
- b 2 Was it 3 did you go 4 did you wear 5 did you get 6 Did you get 7 you have 8 Was

2 VOCABULARY

- a 2 for a walk 3 a good time 4 a car 5 18 years 6 shopping
- b 2 got 3 had 4 went 5 got 6 had 7 went 8 had 9 went 10 had 11 went 12 had

3 PRONUNCIATION

a 2D 3S 4D 5S 6D 7D 8S

4 LISTENING

She went to a concert by her favourite band.
 1 14th February

- 2 two friends
- 3 Manchester
- 4 the night before
 5 In a very old pub in the city centre.
- 6 Yes. The band played all their favourite songs, and they danced and sang for about two hours.
- 7 a curry 8 2 o'clock in the morning



1 VOCABULARY

2 straight on 3 right 4 past 5 corner 6 opposite 7 bridge 8 traffic lights

2 ASKING FOR DIRECTIONS

2 Where's 3 Sorry 4 near 5 exactly 6 tell 7 way 8 say 9 miss

3 SOCIAL ENGLISH 2 would 3 there 4 could 5 meet

6 nice 7 Maybe 8 course

4 READING

b 2T 3F 4F 5T

c 1 scenic 2 confusing 3 economical 4 standard 5 flexible 6 frequent



1 GRAMMAR

a 2 parked 3 was 4 were 5 looked 6 saw 7 couldn't 8 opened 9 didn't run 10 went 11 found 12 didn't want 13 took

b 3 did you see 4 did you go 5 Did she like 6 did, finish 7 did you do 8 did you leave 9 Did you go 10 Did you get 11 did you go

2 VOCABULARY

- a 2 come, came 3 drink, drank 4 drive, drove 5 give, gave 6 know, knew 7 put, put 8 sit, sat 9 swim, swam 10 wake (up), woke (up) 11 win, won 12 write, wrote b 2 thought 3 found 4 met 5 bought
 - 2 thought 3 found 4 met 5 bought 6 lost 7 broke 8 took 9 could 10 made

3 PRONUNCIATION a 2 said 3 lost 4 had 5 bought 6 drove

7 could 8 learnt

4 LISTENING a Solving a murder

b 1a 2b 3c 4a 5b



a 2 there's a 3 Is there a 4 there isn't

- 5 there's a 6 are there 7 There are 8 Is there a 9 there is 10 Are there any 11 there are some
- b 2 Are there any carpets downstairs?
- 3 There are some CDs on the shelf.
 4 Are there any glasses in the cupboard?
- 5 There aren't any files in the study.
- c 2 it isn't 3 There are 4 they aren't 5 There's 6 There isn't 7 there's 8 there's 9 there's 10 They are

2 VOCABULARY

a Across: 4 mirror, 7 shelf, 9 fridge,

Down: 1 carpet, 2 cooker, 3 armchair, 5 bed, 6 fireplace, 7 shower, 8 light

b 2 bathroom 3 dining room 4 study 5 garage 6 kitchen 7 living room 8 bedroom 9 garden

3 PRONUNCIATION

a 1 dear 2 stairs 3 we're 4 hair

b <u>carpet, mirror, cupboard, balcony, coo</u>ker, <u>sofa, arm</u>chair, <u>garage, cei</u>ling

c 1 carpet 2 mirror 3 cupboard 4 balcony 5 cooker 6 sofa 7 armchair 8 garage 9 ceiling

4 LISTENING a 1.6.7

b 2F 3F 4T 5T 6T 7F 8T





GRAMMAR

a 2 were 3 wasn't 4 was 5 were 6 was 7 was 8 weren't 9 were b 2 there wasn't 3 there weren't 4 Was there

5 there wasn't 6 there wasn't 7 Was there 8 there weren't 9 Were there 10 there were

2 VOCABULARY

2 next to 3 opposite 4 behind 5 under 6 out of 7 in front of 8 from, to 9 over 10 up

3 PRONUNCIATION

- a 2 cupboard 3 white 4 know 5 autumn 6 wałk 7 builder 8 wrong c 1 There was a lamp on the table.
- ? There wasn't a bath in the bathroom.
- 3 Was there a mirror in the bedroom? 4 There were some books on the shelf.
- 5 There weren't any cupboards in the kitchen. 6 Were there any plants in the study?

4 READING

2T 3F 4T 5F

5 LISTENING a Costa Rica, Sweden, Germany, Fiji

b 1D 2C 3B 4A

- GRAMMAR a 2a 3 some 4 some 5 some 6 an
- 7 a 8 some 9 some 10 some b 2 aren't any strawberries in our garden
- 3 had an egg for breakfast.
- 4 's some sugar in my tea
- 5 ate some snacks vesterday
- 6 were some sandwiches in the kitchen
- 7 didn't buy a pineapple at the supermarket 8 wasn't any bread in the cupboard
- c 2 some 3 some 4 any 5 an 6 any 7 any 8 some 9 a 10 a 11 any 12 some

2 VOCABULARY

- a Across: 4 toast, 6 chicken, 8 cake, 9 jam,
 - 11 cereal Down: 1 butter, 3 rice, 5 chips, 7 coffee,
- 10 milk b Vegetables: carrots, mushrooms, onions,
 - peas, potatoes Snacks: biscuits, chocolate, crisps,
 - sandwiches, sweets Fruit: bananas, oranges, pineapple,
- strawberries

3 PRONUNCIATION

a 1 breakfast 2 ice cream 3 eat

4 READING

a 1 Roast camel 2 Ice lollies 3 Coconut water b 1T 2F 3T 4T 5F 6F

5 LISTENING

Speaker 1 beef Speaker 2 chicken Speaker 3 fish Speaker 4 pork

b 1D 2C 3A 4B



1 GRAMMAR

- 2 How much, puts a lot of sugar in his tea
 - How many, doesn't eat many biscuits 4 How many, buys quite a lot of sweets
 - 5 How much, doesn't do much exercise
- 6 How many, doesn't drink any (cups of)
- b 2 How many calories are there in a banana? 3 How many oranges are there in a carton of orange juice?
 - 4 How much salt is there in a bowl of cereal? 5 How many eggs are there in a box?
 - 6 How much jam is there in a jar?

2 VOCABULARY

- a 2 box 3 carton 4 tin 5 packet 6 can 7 bottle b 2 carton 3 jar 4 packet 5 bottle 6 tin
- 7 hov

3 PRONUNCIATION

a 1 sugar 2 salt 3 shopping 4 centre

4 LISTENING

a 1 rice 2 peas 3 eggs 4 cheese 5 biscuits b 1 energy 2 vitamins 3 grow 4 teeth 5 once, twice



1 GRAMMAR

- a 1 cheaper, colder, higher 2 sadder, wetter, thinner
 - 3 drier, dirtier, hungrier
 - 4 more beautiful, more difficult,
 - more comfortable
- 5 further, better
- b 2 are bigger than lions
- 3 is drier than Ireland
- 4 is shorter than lanuary
- 5 is cheaper than a laptop
- 6 are worse than Fridays
- is colder than a cooker
- 8 is harder than Italian

2 VOCABULARY

- a 1 104 2 596 3 2,660 4 8,905 5 12.750 6 543,830 7 1,315,000 8 35,460,000
- b 1 one hundred and twenty-five
- eight hundred and ninety-five
- four thousand, five hundred 4 twelve thousand, four hundred and seventy
 - 5 thirty-three thousand, nine hundred
- and thirty 6 five hundred and seventy-five thousand,
- six hundred 7 six million, two hundred and fifty thousand
- 8 thirty-four million, eight hundred
- thousand, two hundred and sixty-five

3 PRONUNCIATION

- a /i:/ cheaper, easier /o:/ shorter, taller a:/ dirtier, worse /e/ healthier an colder, slower an drier, higher
- c 1 A pencil is cheaper than a pen. 2 June is shorter than July.
 - 3 The kitchen is dirtier than the living room.
 - 4 An apple is healthier than a biscuit. 5 Switzerland is colder than France.
 - 6 Everest is higher than Kilimaniaro.

4 READING

a 1F 2T 3F 4T

5 LISTENING

2F 3T 4F 5T 6T



Practical English At a restaurant

- 1 VOCABULARY AND READING a 1 Grilled vegetables with low-fat cheese
 - 2 Mushroom risotto with Parmesan cheese
- 4 two
- 5 no

2 ORDERING A MEAL

2 table 3 way 4 order 51'd 6 like 7 Some 8 Still

3 SOCIAL ENGLISH

2a 3e 4f 5b 6d



1 GRAMMAR

- a Comparatives: higher, more expensive, drier, more dangerous, hotter, more beautiful, more interesting, better, worse Superlatives: the highest, the most
- expensive, the driest, the most dangerous, the hottest, the most beautiful, the most interesting, the best, the worst
- b 2 What's the biggest ocean in the world?
 - 3 What's the largest country in the world? 4 What's the most populated city in
 - the world?
 - 5 What's the wettest place in the world? 6 What's the driest desert in the world?
 - 7 What's the most common native language in the world? 8 What's the coldest place in the world?
- c 2b 3c 4b 5a 6c 7a 8c

2 VOCABULARY

- a 2 art gallery 3 railway station 4 post office 5 police station 6 department store 7 car park 8 town hall
- b 1 mosque 2 museum 3 hospital 4 theatre 5 bridge 6 chemist's 7 square 8 church 9 market 10 temple 11 castle The hidden word is supermarket.

4 LISTENING

- a Superlative Sights
- b 1 largest 2 3.6 3 Venezuela 4 828 5 600 6 Moscow 7 400

5 READING

a 1F 2T 3F 4T 5F 6F



1 GRAMMAR

- a 2 He isn't going to stay in a hotel.
- 3 They're going to show me the city.
- 4 We're going to have a good time.
- 5 When is she going to go home? 6 I'm not going to see the sights.
- b 2 're going to show
- 3 're going to have
- 4 Are you going to stay
- 5 're not going to visit
 - 6 Are they going to see 7 's going to meet
 - 8 's not going to go
- c 2 'm going to travel
- 3 are you going to stay
- 4 'm not going to sleep
 - 5 Are you going to travel
 - 6 's going to drive
 - 7 're going to spend
 - 8 're going to dance
 - 9 'm going to meet
- 10 are you going to visit 11 are going to show
- 12 'm going to have

2 VOCABULARY

- a GO: by train, on holiday HAVE: a good time, nice meals SEE: the sights SHOW: somebody around your town STAY: in a hotel, with a friend
- b 2 stay 3 show 4 see 5 have 6 go 7 stay 8 stay 9 have 10 go

3 PRONUNCIATION

1 How, going, get 2 where, going, stay 3 going, stay, week 4 going, sights 5 aren't, go, car 6 not, stay, hotel

4 LISTENING

- a one
- b Speaker 1 C, Speaker 2 D, Speaker 3 B, Speaker 4 A

5 READING

1V 2V 3A 4R 5H

1 GRAMMAR

- a 2 She's going to change 3 He's going to buy 4 She's going to have 5 He's going to listen 6 She's going to read 7 She's going to take 8 He's going to lose
- b 2B 3A 4B 5B 6B 7A 8A

2 VOCABULARY

2 meet 3 travel 4 get 5 have 6 fall 7 become 8 get 9 get 10 move

3 PRONUNCIATION

a 3/ 4/ 5x 6x

4 READING

a A3 B4 C2 D1 b 1F 2T 3T 4F

5 LISTENING

a no

b 1T 2T 3F 4T 5F 6F



1 GRAMMAR

- a 2 carefully 3 politely 4 well 5 hard 6 healthily 7 beautifully
 - b 2 really 3 easy 4 quickly 5 quiet
- 6 incredible 7 bad 8 slowly 9 well 10 unhealthily 11 really

2 VOCABULARY

2 hard 3 healthily 4 perfectly 5 easily 6 quietly 7 well 8 incredibly

3 PRONUNCIATION

a 1 beautifully 2 carefully 3 casually 4 dangerously 5 fashionably 6 incredibly 7 perfectly 8 politely 9 unhealthily Adverbs 6, 8, and 9 are not stressed on the first syllable.

4 READING

- a 1C 2D 3A 4B
- b 1 impressions 2 culture 3 expect
- 4 architecture 5 atmosphere 6 hospitality 7 socializing 8 fascinating

5 LISTENING

- 1 Because a lot of people go to the country to spend time with their families. Under the street.
- 3 They are little shops, and often cheaper.
- 4 Before work, at the weekend, or sometimes to have business meetings
- 5 trees 6 a) fewer than 250,000
- 6 b) 15,000
- 7 Music, paintings, drawings, books, and their own clothes.

1 GRAMMAR

- a 2 to ride 3 to spend 4 to stop 5 to visit 6 to download 7 to cook 8 to become
- b 2 Would you like to climb a mountain?
 - 3 We'd like to get up earlier. 4 I'd like to learn to fly a plane.
 - 5 She wouldn't like to make a short film.
 - 6 Would they like to get married?

2 VOCABULARY 2g 3h 4c 5a 6e 7b 8d

3 PRONUNCIATION

a 1 Would, like, drive, sports, Yes, love, why

- love, cars, love, driving 2 Would, like, ride, horse, No. wouldn't, not.
- don't, horses. 3 want, learn, cook Yes, need, why, want, live, own.

4 LISTENING

- a 1 buy a motorbike 2 go to Australia 3 go to a concert
- b 1F 2F 3F 4T 5F 6T

6 READING

1Y 2J 3G 4K

11C

1 GRAMMAR

a 21'm an engineer. 3 In the fridge. 4 An identity card. 5 Twice a week. 61like dogs. 7 By train. 8 On the internet. b 2- 3- 4- 5- 6- 7- 8- 9 the

10- 11 the 12 an 13 a 14 A 15-2 VOCABULARY

2 skype 3 online 4 log in 5 download

6 attachment 7 search for 8 google 9 upload

3 PRONUNCIATION 1 email, network, website

- address, online, results
- 3 document, internet, username
- 4 attachment, computer, directions
- 4 READING

a 1991

- b 2 The Americans opened an agency to develop new technology.
- 3 The agency developed a network to connect computers.
- 4 The network changed its name to the internet.
- 5 Tim Berners-Lee developed a new computer language.
- 6 Berners-Lee and a colleague used the new language to write a new programme.
 - They put the new language on the internet. 8 The World Wide Web made the internet
 - available to all computer users.

5 LISTENING

- a 4 uses a social network, 1 plays games, 3 does a job, 2 talks to family and friends
- b Speaker 1 C, Speaker 2 D, Speaker 3 B, Speaker 4 A



1 VOCABULARY

2 rank 3 tip 4 check 5 departure 6 gate 7 station 8 ticket 9 platform 10 coach 11 stop 12 driver

2 GETTING TO THE AIRPORT

- 2 To St Pancras station.
- 3 Now, please. 4 How much is it?
- 5 And could I have a receipt?
- 6 Could I have a ticket to Luton Airport,
- please?
- 7 Single, please.
- 8 Standard, please. 9 Can I pay by credit card?

3 SOCIAL ENGLISH

2d 3a 4f 5b 6c

4 READING

b 2 bus / coach 3 train 4 car 5 bike



1 GRAMMAR

- a 2 James hasn't seen this film before.
- 3 They've gone to the cinema tonight.
- 4 She's cried in a lot of films.
- 5 I've bought all the Harry Potter films. 6 They haven't taken any photos.
- 7 He's interviewed a famous actor.
- 8 We haven't appeared in a film.
- b 3 My parents have fallen asleep.
- 4 Adam's appeared in a film.
- 5 I haven't spoken to an actor.
- 6 You've broken the camera.
- Dawn hasn't cried in a film.
- 8 We haven't forgotten the tickets.
- c 2 've read 3 have you read 4 've read
 - 5 Have you seen 6's seen 7 Has he read 8 've seen

2 VOCABULARY

- a Past simple: broke, did, ate, fell, forgot, went, left, spoke, sang, took, wore Past participle: broken, done, eaten, fallen, forgotten, gone, left, spoken, sung, taken,
- b 2 left 3 eaten 4 forgotten 5 worn 6 broken 7 done

3 PRONUNCIATION

a read, Millennium, Trilogy, No. haven't, seen. films? Yes, have, all

4 READING

- a Fans preferred the ending in the book.
- b 1b 2b 3a 4b 5c

5 LISTENING

- a Charles Dickens, Michael Ondaatje
- b 2F 3T 4F 5T 6F 7T 8F 9F 10T

1 GRAMMAR

- a 1 went 2 did your brother buy, paid 3 Have you met, met 4 Have you been, went 5 Have your parents ever given, had 6 did he send, 'd forgotten
- b 2 been 3 gone 4 gone 5 been 6 gone 7 been 8 been 9 been 10 gone

2 PRONUNCIATION

a /1/ seen, /5:/ found, /e/ heard, /n/ got, /ei/ read, /an/lost

3 VOCABULARY

- a Past simple: 1 drank, 2 found, 3 gave, 4 had, 5 heard, 6 knew, 7 lost, 8 made, 9 met, 10 paid, 11 sent, 12 spent, 13 thought, 14 won Past participle: 1 drunk, 2 found, 3 given, 4 had, 5 heard, 6 known, 7 lost, 8 made, 9 met, 10 paid, 11 sent, 12 spent, 13 thought, 14 won
- b 2 had 3 bought 4 spent 5 heard 6 made 7 found 8 drunk

4 READING

- a Becky and Joanne are sisters.
- b 2 a ballet 3 the Schönbrunn Palace
- 4 a spa 5 the beach 6 Italy or Greece

5 LISTENING

- a Speaker 1: Kenya, 2010 Speaker 2: Brazil, 2006 Speaker 3: New Zealand, 2011 Speaker 4: Thailand, 2006
- b 1 Speaker 3 2 Speaker 1 3 Speaker 4 4 Speaker 2

1 GRAMMAR

- a 2 His flat is very big. 3 I bought a new shirt.
- 4 She's Ryan's girlfriend.
- 5 We go on holiday in August.
- 6 She's / She is always late.
- 7 I can't sing.
- 8 I'm waiting for him.

- 9 We don't mind cleaning.
- 10 There aren't many plants.
- 11 There were a lot of guests.
 - 12 They don't eat much sugar.

 - 13 I'm older than you.
- 14 They're the most dangerous animals.
- 15 She speaks German well.
- 16 She's an engineer.
- b 2 takes 3 Did. see 4're not coming 5 Have, been 6 Is, going to learn 7 don't eat 8're going to see 9 Have, met 10 cooked 11's going to rain 12 do, go 13 playing 14 didn't walk 15 is, doing 16 've, read

2 VOCABULARY

- a 2 Asia 3 expensive 4 cooker 5 brother 6 spring 7 kitchen 8 strawberries 9 bridge
- b 2 thirty 3 Wednesday 4 third 5 evening 6 three times 7 winter 8 August 9 hour 10 month
- c 2do 3sav 4have 5go 6take 7 make 8 get 9 have 10 use

3 PRONUNCIATION

- a 1 dirty 2 bread 3 safe 4 day 5 money 6 found 7 food 8 go 9 tired 10 eat 11 said 12 ring
- c 1 hospital 2 expensive 3 magazine 4 headphones 5 administrator 6 engineer 7 Italian 8 August 9 difficult 10 musician 11 garage 12 bananas

4 READING

- 1 Peter lackson
- 2 New Zealand
- 3 Because he knew that the variety of different landscapes made New Zealand the best place to shoot the films.
- 4 The volcanic region of Mount Ruapehu. 5 150
- 6 Some of the locations were National Parks or conservation sites, so Peter Jackson needed to get special permission to film there.
- 7 A special team dug up the protected plants. and took them to special nurseries, where they lived until filming finished. 8 A range of different locations, including
 - Hobbiton, Mount Doom, and Edoras.

5 LISTENING

2 6 p.m. 3 Land Rover 4 Sunday 5 picnic 6 135 7 94

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